

A Pension Trust Fund between the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority and Its Employees

# **2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 Boston, Massachusetts

> Issued by: John P. Barry, Interim-Executive Director

# **MBTA Retirement Fund**

A Pension Trust Fund administering benefits earned by employees of the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority

# **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

Prepared By The MBTA Retirement Fund Staff



The Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund is a private trust created in 1948 by the Metropolitan Transit Authority, the predecessor agency to the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority ("MBTA"), and The Boston Carmen's Union, Amalgamated Transit Union Local 589. Our mission then, as now, is to provide retirement benefits to the membership consisting of the transit workers and others employed by the MBTA. To ensure that the pensions earned by active and retired members, and their beneficiaries, remain secure, we are dedicated to managing a strong and diversified investment program.

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#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

(Unaudited)

**COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT** 



June 21, 2019

Board of Trustees Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund One Washington Mall, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor Boston, MA 02108

I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of this report, including all disclosures, rests with the Management. This report is intended to provide complete and reliable information of the Fund's investments, financial statements and performance returns.

The Financial Section of this CAFR was prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Fund's transactions are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. A sufficient set of internal control procedures exist to provide reasonable assurance that assets are properly safeguarded, transactions are properly executed, and financial statements are reliable. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Our independent external auditors, KPMG LLP have conducted an audit of the Basic Financial Statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States performing tests and procedures as they deem necessary to express opinions on the Basic Financial Statements in their report to the Board.

The Financial Section features a Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A). GASB requires the Fund to provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of an MD&A. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found in the Financial Section immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### Profile of the MBTA Retirement Fund

The Fund was established on January 1, 1948, under an agreement and declaration of trust (restated on October 28, 1980) by and among the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (the Authority), Local 589, Amalgamated Transit Union, Boston Carmen's Union and AFL CIO (collectively, the Union). The Fund is a single employer plan. It was established as a contributory defined benefit retirement plan in accordance with the Pension Agreement; effective July 1, 1970, (restated thereafter) adopted by the Authority and the Union for the purpose of receiving contributions and providing pension benefits for its members and qualified beneficiaries.

The MBTA Retirement Fund Board seeks to utilize its assets under management to the benefit of the membership by strategically and methodically allocating financial resources to a differentiated portfolio of investments while utilizing the knowledge and experience of a broad range of investment managers. An overview of the Investment Policy Statement is included in the Investment Section.

The Board determines investment objectives, strategies, and policies of the Fund. The Executive Director of the Fund is accountable for the Fund's general management and operations and reports to and advises the six-member Board of Trustees. The staff of the Fund work diligently to uphold the original mission of serving members and their families.

As of December 31, 2018, the Fund had approximately \$1,449.7 million in net position restricted for pension benefits compared to \$1,603.2 million for the prior calendar year, representing a decrease of \$153.5 million in net assets. The MBTA Retirement Fund Board utilizes the services of a third-party custodian institution to assist with the settlement and accounting for investment and cash transactions.

#### **Interim-Executive Director Discussion**

The year 2018 proved to be a challenge particularly the last three months of the year. The federal tax cuts provided a boost heading into 2018, however, economic growth decelerated in the fourth quarter resulting in a negative gross return of (3.08) % calculated on a time-weighted performance basis. It underperformed its benchmark by 51 basis points. The Board continues to monitor the investment environment and makes prudent decisions on behalf of the Members. The Fund's well-diversified portfolio is positioned to overcome volatility, challenges and risks.

#### **Objectives and Goals**

In an effort to focus on our sustainability for the future and protecting our member's assets, the Fund maintains a Strategic Plan that outlines many goals and objectives. The Retirement Board is always looking to continually improve financial reporting, accountability and transparency. In addition, the Fund works to cultivate a high-performing, professional and innovative organization, which encourages professional and continuing education for all Board, committee and staff members.

The Fund seeks to develop a technologically sophisticated infrastructure in order to better serve members and retirees. The first initiative to better serve our members is through the continual development and maintenance of the Fund's website which can be found at <u>www.mbtarf.com</u>. In addition to our website the Fund has contracted the firm, Pension Technology Group, to develop and update our pension benefit software program. The rollout was completed in the spring of 2019. The upgraded software offers enhanced capabilities and security permitting the Fund's data providers to interface with the system allowing data to load into the system via an automated process.

In 2018, the Fund convened its Investment Compliance Working Group to review the Investment Policy Statement (IPS), Investment Selection Process, Investment Management Compliance Policies and Financial Reporting. A more efficient and user friendly IPS was developed by reviewing best practices in the industry and the final version was approved by the Board in April 2019.

#### **Investment Overview**

The Fund's portfolio is broadly diversified holding investments ranging from publicly traded stocks and bonds to privately held partnerships. The Retirement Board of the Fund oversees these investments and routinely reviews the asset allocation policy. The Board voted in September 2016 to adopt a new asset allocation policy which took effect in January 2017. This study is conducted every three to five years to ensure the balance of risk and performance return. The Board's primary goal is to maintain a financially sound pension fund in order to provide financial security for its Members.

#### **MBTA Retirement Fund Performance**

While earnings for this past year have fallen short of the Fund's expected rate of return, the Board continues to focus on long-term performance. As of December 31, 2018, the total Fund returns gross of fees with the exception of hedge funds which are net of fees was (3.08) % and the annualized three and five-year returns were 6.25% and 4.95% respectively. For more detailed information regarding the Fund's investment policies, guidelines, and results please see the Investment Section of this report.

Year Ended December 31, 2018

- The Fund lost (3.08) % underperforming the total policy benchmark of (2.57) % by 51 basis points.
- The Fund's inception to date return is 9.09%.
- The return equates to an investment loss of \$52.1 million.
- Net total outflows to pay benefits for the calendar year were approximately \$218.4 million.
- The return underperformed the actuarial rate of return of 7.5%.







#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

The MD&A beginning on page 26 provides an overview and analysis of the Fund's basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### **Markets and Outlook**

Following two years of strong growth, 2018 proved to be a challenge for many investors, especially in the fourth quarter. Market volatility, trade wars and political elections negatively impacted the performance of most major indices. Domestic equity gains from the first nine months of the year were erased from rising concerns of increased tariffs and stock sell-offs. The Federal Reserve raised interest rates four times in 2018 causing the monetary policy to tighten and investors to speculate how company profits will be impacted. Although the economy remained strong at the end of 2018, investor confidence continued to decline over U.S. trade policy, weakness in China, and rising geopolitical concerns. These concerns included Brexit, newly divided Government in the U.S. and the ongoing trade conflict between the U.S. and China. On the positive side, government bonds, as a whole, lived up to their traditional role as a downside protector in a well-balanced portfolio. Coming off of the worst quarterly performance since 2011, the S&P 500 rebounded to its best quarterly performance in ten years in the first quarter of 2019. The financial markets responded favorably to the Fed's shift away from its monetary tightening bias. China has also displayed some initial signs of stabilizing. As one of the more important issues driving the global markets in 2018, rising trade tensions will likely continue into 2019.

#### **Asset Allocation/Investments**

The Fund is responsible for implementing an asset allocation with an appropriate balance of risk and return. It is a critical component for formulating investment strategies. An asset-liability study is conducted in three to five-year intervals. This approach allows for sufficient flexibility to capture investment opportunities as they may occur, yet provide parameters to ensure prudence and care while managing the Fund's assets. In addition, the Fund has investment policies that are designed to obtain optimal risk-adjusted returns and ensure that investments are made for the exclusive benefits of the Members of the Fund. In 2019, the Board of Trustees adopted updated policies that conform to best practices. The most recent asset allocation (below) is the result of an asset-liability study conducted by the Fund's actuary, Buck Global, LLC, and investment advisor, Segal Marco Advisors. At year end the Fund's actual asset allocations were within approved target ranges.

#### Introductory Section

Asset Class	Target (%)	Minimum Exposure (%)	Maximum Exposure (%)
Equities	43	38	48
Domestic Large Cap	18	13	23
Domestic Small Cap	7	4	10
International Equity (unhedged)	9	5	13
International Small Cap	2	0	4
Global / Emerging Markets	7	4	10
Fixed Income	25	22	32
Core Fixed Income	8	4	12
TIPS	3	0	5
Mortgages	3	0	5
Global & Multi Sector	8	4	12
Bank Loans	2	0	4
Real Estate Debt	1	0	2
Cash	2	0	3
Alternative Investments	30	18	37
Private Equity	10	6	14
Real Estate	9	5	12
Fund of Hedge Funds	4	1	7
Fund of Hedge Funds - Opportunistic	2	0	4
Risk Parity	5	2	8

#### **Administration**

The Board of Trustees of the Retirement Fund is the highest authority within the organizational structure. As of December 31, 2018, the date of the Fund's most recent actuarial valuation, the Fund's membership included 5,392 members in active status, 6,841, retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits and 4 terminated vested members who are not yet receiving benefits. The new pension management software that was implemented in Spring 2019. It enables the Fund to efficiently track demographics for both active and retired Members as well as facilitate benefit payments via an automated process.

#### **Membership**

Membership in the Fund is available to most MBTA employees although MBTA Police Officers are excluded. Employees who are or may become members of the Union are included in the membership of the Fund. Employees who are not members of the Union but who are on the regular payroll of the Authority and Members of the Fund on the date of the execution of the Fund's Pension Agreement are also included in the membership of the Fund. Members whose hire date is on or after December 6, 2012 will be required to complete at least twenty-five (25) years of creditable service and attain age 55 in order to be eligible for an early normal retirement allowance. For those members whose date of hire is prior to December 6, 2012, a completion of at least twenty-three (23) years of creditable service is required to receive compensation under an early normal allowance.

#### **Benefits**

The collectively bargained active wage agreement went into effect July 1, 2014. The current Pension Agreement expired on June 30, 2018; updates will be provided on our website when available. However, all terms remain in effect until a new agreement is negotiated.

#### **Contributions**

Benefits paid to Members are financed by employer contributions, employee contributions, and earnings on investments made by the Fund. Effective July 1, 2018, Members are required to contribute at a rate of 8.0089% of their pensionable salary while the Authority contribution rate is 22.6811%. Effective July 1, 2019, member contribution and Authority contribution rates will be 8.8239% and 25.1261% respectively.

#### Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Fund for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year that ended December 31, 2017. This was the second year the Fund has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Fund must publish a comprehendible and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### **Membership Communications**

The MBTA Retirement Fund continues its focus on member communication through Milestones and posting pertinent information to our website at www.mbtarf.com. We place a special emphasis on providing quality customer service and we encourage feedback and welcome new ideas.

#### **Funding**

In setting contribution rates, the Board's principal objectives are to set rates so the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) will be amortized over a reasonable period of time from the most recent valuation date and the set rates so they remain relatively level over time. An actuarial valuation is performed annually. The most recent actuarial valuation report, dated December 31, 2018, calculated the Fund's unfunded actuarial pension liability at \$1,357,348,064. As of December 31, 2018, the funded ratio is 53.46%. As a result of an experience study performed in 2019 the proposed assumptions were adopted by the Board in April 2019, assumptions for salary increases, mortality tables, termination rates, and retirement rates were revised. This study supported the 7.5% discount rate. However, the Board of Trustees are mindful of monitoring this rate to help facilitate financial solvency.

In addition, investment manager's performances are reviewed monthly and if needed, changes to the portfolio are made to help increase and limit decreases to the Fund's overall return.

The actuarial firm, Buck Global, LLC, completed the actuarial reviews and valuations. For more information on the actuarial assumptions of the Fund as part of the December 31, 2018 valuation please see the Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods found in the Actuarial Section of the CAFR.

#### Acknowledgements

The compilation of the CAFR reflects the combined efforts of the Fund's staff, Actuary, and Investment Advisor. Our goal is to present a thorough and accurate report that is easy for our members to read and understand. It is intended to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for making management decisions.

We would like to take this opportunity to express our appreciation to the Board of Trustees, Staff, Investment Advisor, Actuary, and to the many members who are working diligently to ensure the continued success of the Fund.

Yours respectfully,

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John P. Barry Interim - Executive Director / Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# MBTA Retirement Fund Massachusetts

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2017

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

#### **Introductory Section**

### MBTA Retirement Fund Board Trustees

James Evers, Interim Chairperson, Elected Member Financial Secretary – Treasurer of Local #589, A.T.U., the Boston Carmen's Union

> Steven Grossman, Appointed Member CEO of Initiative for a Competitive Inner City

#### Craig Hughes, Elected Member, Local #264

Special Representative, Eastern Territory/ International Association of Machinists & Aerospace Workers

#### Michael Abramo, Appointed Member

Chief Financial Officer, Village Fertility Pharmacy Former Chief Administrator, MBTA

#### James O'Brien, Elected Member, Local #589

President-Business Agent of Local #589, A.T.U., the Boston Carmen's Union

#### Betsy Taylor, Appointed Member

Retired Director of Finance, Massachusetts Port Authority Mass DOT Board Member Board Member of the Massport Employee Retirement System

# Pamela M. Holloman, Board Secretary

MBTA Retirement Fund

### Advisory Committees to the MBTA Retirement Fund Board

### **Audit and Actuary Committee**

James Evers Board Member

Michael Abramo Board Member

James O'Brien Board Member

Betsy Taylor Board Member

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#### **Introductory Section**



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 18

### **Historical MBTA Retirement Fund Board Members**

	Period oj <u>From</u>	f Service <u>To</u>	F	Period of <u>From</u>	Service <u>To</u>
<ul> <li>(A) Harold Ulrich **</li> <li>(E) Irving F. Murray</li> <li>(E) William A. Roche</li> <li>(A) Thomas A. Dunbar **</li> <li>(A) Charles A. McCarron **</li> <li>(E) Thomas P. Dillon</li> <li>(A) Ernest M. Flint</li> <li>(E) Bartholomew P. Saunders</li> <li>(A) Arthur V. Grimes</li> <li>(A) Augustine Airola</li> <li>(E) James J. Casey</li> <li>(A) Harold Ulrich</li> <li>(E) Michael J. Gormley</li> <li>(A) William V. Ward **</li> <li>(A) John J. Sullivan</li> <li>(A) Willis B. Downey **</li> <li>(A) William E. Ryan</li> <li>(E) Edward S. Russell</li> <li>(E) Matthew F. Ryan</li> <li>(A) Edward F. McLaughlin, Jr.</li> <li>(E) Walter H. Doyle</li> <li>(E) Thomas F. Holland, Jr.</li> <li>(A) Philip Kramer **</li> <li>(A) Richard D. Buck **</li> <li>(E) John J. Sugrue</li> <li>(E) Albert F. Kelley</li> <li>(A) Joseph C. Kelly</li> <li>(A) John R. Launie</li> </ul>	<b>From</b> 08/48 08/48 08/48 08/48 08/48 01/49 08/49 07/50 06/52 08/52 04/53 07/56 08/57 01/59 06/59 06/60 03/61 01/62 08/62 12/63 08/64 08/64 04/68 12/69 12/69 03/70 07/70	<b>To</b> 01/49 08/49 07/56 01/59 05/60 03/61 01/50 08/52 06/52 04/53 08/64 04/57 12/63 08/64 07/59 08/62 02/72 01/62 12/69 03/70 12/69 03/70 12/69 08/70 04/68 07/79 12/71 12/75 07/70 05/83	<ul> <li>(E) James T. Norton</li> <li>(E) Paul M. Connolly</li> <li>(A) Paul E. Means</li> <li>(A) William F. Irvin **</li> <li>(A) James E. Smith, Esq.</li> <li>(A) Melissa A. Tillman</li> <li>(E) Anthony B. Romano **</li> <li>(E) John J. Connolly **</li> <li>(A) Domenic M. Bozzotto</li> <li>(A) Toye L. Brown, Ph.D.</li> <li>(A) James A. Radley</li> <li>(E) James W. Duchaney</li> <li>(A) Michael P. Hogan</li> <li>(E) Richard M. Murphy</li> <li>(E) Edward F. Sheckleton **</li> <li>(A) Oliver C. Mitchell, Jr.</li> <li>(A) Albert Shaw</li> <li>(E) Paul V. Buckley</li> <li>(A) Boyce W. Slayman</li> <li>(E) James E. Lydon</li> <li>(A) Janice Loux**</li> <li>(E) William A. Irvin</li> <li>(A) Joseph M. Trolla</li> <li>(A) Hon. Baron H. Martin</li> <li>(E) Stephan G. MacDougall</li> <li>(E) John P. Barry</li> <li>(A) Jonathan R. Davis</li> </ul>	<i>From</i> 07/80 01/83 05/83 05/83 05/83 01/84 12/86 10/90 04/91 04/91 04/91 04/91 04/91 04/91 02/92 11/92 01/93 01/93 10/93 12/93 08/94 10/95 10/96 10/97 04/98 12/98 08/00 11/00 01/02 01/02 10/04	<b>To</b> 10/90 12/86 01/84 04/91 04/91 02/92 08/94 02/97 10/93 11/92 01/93 12/93 08/96 12/01 05/98 10/95 04/98 03/00 12/01 03/15 12/05 10/00 10/08 10/04 12/10 04/06 05/15
<ul> <li>(A) Joseph C. Kelly</li> <li>(A) John R. Launie</li> <li>(E) Albert J. Fitzpatrick</li> <li>(E) Patrick C. Quill</li> <li>(A) Joseph H. Elcock</li> <li>(E) John J. Sugrue</li> <li>(E) Redmond R. Condon</li> <li>(E) Joseph D. Fleming, Jr.</li> </ul>	03/70 07/70 08/70 12/71 02/72 01/76 01/76 07/76	07/70 05/83 07/80 12/75 07/79 07/76 02/78 12/77	<ul> <li>(E) John P. Barry</li> <li>(A) Jonathan R. Davis</li> <li>(E) James M. O'Connell</li> <li>(E) Michael F. Mastrocola</li> <li>(A) Darnell L. Williams</li> <li>(E) John J. Lee</li> <li>(E) James M. Evers **</li> <li>(E) James M. O'Brien</li> </ul>	01/02 10/04 09/07 07/06 01/09 01/11 04/12 01/14	04/06 05/15 06/15 01/12 05/15 12/13 Present Present
<ul> <li>(E) Donald R. Abbott</li> <li>(E) James J. Slattery</li> <li>(A) Walter J. Ryan **</li> <li>(A) Richard L. Taylor</li> <li>(E) George P. Adams</li> <li>(E) Richard J. Guiney</li> <li>(E) John J. Gallahue, Jr.</li> <li>(E) John J. O'Leary</li> </ul>	12/77 02/78 07/79 07/79 08/79 08/79 11/79 03/80	08/79 08/79 05/83 05/83 11/79 11/79 01/83 01/93	<ul> <li>(A) Steven Grossman</li> <li>(A) Betsy Taylor</li> <li>(A) Michael J. Heffernan</li> <li>(E) Craig S. Hughes</li> <li>(A) Steven Kadish</li> <li>(A) Michael Abramo</li> </ul>	06/15 06/15 06/15 07/15 10/17 03/19	Present Present 09/17 Present 09/18 Present

(E) Employee Representative (A) Authority Representative \*\* Chairperson

### Historical Executive Directors of the MBTA Retirement Fund

	Period of Service <u>From To</u>		Period of Service <u>From To</u>
John H. Moran	01/48 11/51	Karl E. White	04/02 06/06
Michael J. Powell	11/51 12/82	Michael H. Mulhern	07/06 08/16
John J. "Jack" Gallahue, Jr.	01/83 03/02	John P. Barry - Interim	08/16 Present

1 Prior to 1968 the Executive Director position was referred to as Treasurer

### Historical MBTA Retirement Fund Alternate Board Members

	Period of Service			Period of Service	
	<u>From</u>	<u> </u>		From	<u> </u>
/··· · · ·				10/70	7 /70
(A) Joseph Gannon	08/48	01/49	(A) Guido R. Perera, Jr.	10/78	7/79
(A) Richard A. Sullivan	08/48	01/49	(A) Paul E. Means	7/79	5/83
(A) Ernie B. Myott	08/48	08/64	(A) John J. McCarthy	7/79	5/83
(E) Philip E. Doyle	08/48	12/49	(A) Guy F. DeBenedetto	7/79	8/81
(E) John C. Carey	08/48	08/54	(E) Frederick W. Burt III	12/79	3/83
(E) Joseph P. Fahey	08/48	04/54	(E) Charles E. Smyth	7/80	10/90
(A) Edward Dana	01/49	02/51	(E) Donald J. Quinlan	3/83	7/85
(A) Edward R. Kelly	01/49	07/50	(E) Anthony B. Romano	1/84	12/86
(E) Thomas Freeman	12/49	08/52	(A) Melba F. Hamilton	5/84	4/91
(A) Ernest M. Flint	07/50	10/52	(A) Judith H. Robbins	6/84	4/91
(E) Thomas F. Holland, Jr.	08/52	08/64	(E) Stanley V. Stearns	7/85	1/87
(A) John J. Sullivan	10/52	01/59	(E) Albert Mastrocola	1/87	10/97
(A) Horace Schmerhorn	04/53	04/56	(E) Edward F. Sheckleton	1/87	1/93
(E) Edward S. Russell	04/54	03/61	(E) Paul V. Buckley	10/90	8/94
(E) Michael J. Gormley	04/54	07/56	(A) Michael P. Hogan	6/91	11/92
(A) Robert H. Ryan	05/56	08/57	(A) Gregory C. Flynn, Esq.	10/91	3/92
(E) Joseph P. Fahey	07/56	01/58	(A) Arthur D. Shea	11/91	2/92
(A) John J. Graham	08/57	08/64	(A) Wesley G. Wallace, Jr.	2/92	3/94
(E) Thomas J. Rush	01/58	12/69	(A) Esther R. Maletz, Esq.	3/92	3/94
(A) William J. Fitzsimons	01/59	07/70	(E) Robert F. Gosnell	1/93	3/96
(E) Richard R. Rodwell	03/61	01/62	(A) Carol A. Buckley	3/94	1/96
(E) Walter H. Doyle	01/62	12/63	(A) Francis X. McDonough	3/94	8/96
(E) Paul F. Halloran	12/63	12/69	(A) Clifford H. Straw	3/94	1/96
(E) Albert J. Fitzpatrick	08/64	08/70	(E) Robert H. Stearns	8/94	4/98
(A) Frederick J. Sheehan	08/64	03/67	(A) William A. Mitchell, Jr.	1/96	12/98
(A) George L. Anderson	08/64	04/68	(E) Daniel K. Burton	4/96	9/96
(A) Vincent M. Banks	03/67	01/74	(A) Sharna A. Small-Borselling	4/96	5/00
(A) Forrest I. Neal, Jr.	04/68	01/78	(E) Francis X. Madden	10/96	1/99
(E) Patrick C. Quill	12/69	12/71	(E) James M. O'Connell	4/98	12/05
(E) Dennis F. Guiney	12/69	12/73	(A) Philip Puccia	2/97	3/99
(A) Joseph A. Emerson	07/70	01/74	(E) James D. Wyllie	11/97	12/98
(E) Charles H. Ward	08/70	02/77	(E) Daniel K. Burton	1/99	1/00
(E) Paul F. Sullivan	12/71	12/73	(A) Willie J. Davis	12/98	7/00
(E) Charles F. Cole, Jr.	12/73	12/75	(A) Michael Mulhern	4/99	4/02
(E) Edward J. Doherty	12/73	12/75	(E) Torrie Austin	5/99	4/00
(A) Daniel F. Dullea	01/74	02/76	(E) James D. Wyllie	1/99	11/00
(A) Francis A. Sullivan	01/74	07/79	(E) James M. Evers	5/00	9/00
(E) Joseph A. Dineen	01/76	12/77	(A) Alice A. Fernandes	5/00	12/06
(E) Joseph D. Fleming, Jr.	01/76	07/76	(A) Jonathan R. Davis	8/00	10/04
(E) James T. Norton	03/77	07/80	(E) Stephan G. MacDougall	10/00	11/00
(E) Redmond R. Condon	02/78	01/84	(E) James M. Evers	11/00	12/01
(E) George P. Adams	02/78	08/79	(E) James Knox	8/01	12/01
(A) Troy Y. Murray	10/78	07/79		(Cor	ntinued)

### Introductory Section

(E) James Crowley	01/02	03/03
(E) Roy L. Chance	02/02	12/02
(A) Wesley G. Wallace, Jr.	05/02	10/06
(E) Robert L. Callahan	03/03	02/06
(E) M. John Burr	03/03	12/03
(E) John S. Murray	01/04	02/05
(A) Brian J. Donohue	10/04	05/09
(E) James M. O'Brien	03/05	12/10
(E) Michael F. Mastrocola	02/06	06/06
(E) Daniel K. Burton	07/06	09/07
(A) Jeanne M. Morrison	10/06	03/15
(E) John M. Burr	09/07	02/08
(A) William A. Mitchell, Jr.	03/07	01/12
(E) Brian P. Cummins	08/07	06/15

(E) Employee Representative (A) Authority Representative

<ul> <li>(E) Walter J. Novicki</li> <li>(E) Lawrence C. Kelly</li> <li>(E) Walter J. Novicki</li> <li>(E) James M. O'Brien</li> <li>(E) John A. Clancy</li> <li>(A) Gerald K. Kelley</li> <li>(E) Margaret C. LaPaglia</li> <li>(E) Lawrence C. Kelly</li> <li>(E) Timothy P. Long</li> <li>(E) John D. Hunt</li> <li>(E) Dehick Hargan</li> </ul>	02/08 02/10 01/11 05/11 01/12 06/12 01/14 01/14 07/15 01/17	01/10 04/11 12/11 12/13 12/13 Present 02/18 12/16 Present Present
	01/17 04/18 03/18	Present Present 05/19

## **MBTA Retirement Fund Professional Services**

**KPMG LLP** Audit services

# Segal Marco Advisors

Investment consulting services

Buck Global, LLC Actuarial services

Holland & Knight Legal Counsel

## State Street Bank & Trust Company Custodian

# **FINANCIAL SECTION**

#### **Financial Section**



крмс

KPMG LLP Two Financial Center 60 South Street Boston, MA 02111

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Retirement Board and Participants Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund (the Fund), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements for the years then ended as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 and the changes in fiduciary net position for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP is a Delaware limited liability partnership and the U.S. member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.

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#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information as listed in the accompanying table of contents (collectively referred to as RSI) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements. The Introductory, Other Supplementary Information, Investment, Actuarial, Statistical and the Frequently Asked Questions sections identified in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Other Supplementary Information section is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information section is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory, Investment, Actuarial, Statistical and the Frequently Asked Questions sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



Boston, Massachusetts June 21, 2019

**Financial Section** 

#### MBTA RETIREMENT FUND MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

**Required Supplementary Information** 

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

This section presents Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund's (the Fund or MBTARF) financial activity and performance as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017. The MD&A is unaudited and is intended to serve as an introduction to the Fund's basic financial statements, as well as to offer readers of the Fund's financial statements a narrative view and analysis of MBTARF's financial activities.

#### Financial Reporting Structure

The financial statements include the statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. They present the financial position of the Fund as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 and its financial activities for the years then ended. The notes to the financial statements provide further information that is essential to a full understanding of the financial statements. The notes describe the significant accounting policies of the Fund and provide detailed disclosures on certain account balances. The required supplementary information includes the schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, investment returns, contributions and related notes as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The Fund's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting. This method of accounting requires recognizing and recording financial transactions when they occur and not just in conjunction with the inflows and outflows of cash.

The total assets managed by the Fund are held in the trust for the payment of pension and related benefits to its members. The Fund's Board of Trustees, in its fiduciary capacity, with assistance from its consultants established the Fund's investment policies and oversees their implementation.

#### **Financial Highlights**

#### Year ended December 31, 2018

The net position of the Fund decreased \$153.5 million, or (9.57)%, from \$1,603.2 million as of December 31, 2017 to \$1,449.7 million as of December 31, 2018.

Net investment income decreased \$273.8 million, or (123.5)%, from \$221.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2017 to (\$52.1) million for the year ended December 31, 2018. The Fund had a (3.08)% rate of return for the year ended December 2018 compared to a 15.80% rate of return for the year ended December 31, 2017. The returns identified in the MD&A are gross of fees with the exception of hedge funds, which are net of fees.

The total contributions received during the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$124.6 million compared to total contributions received during the year ended December 31, 2017 of \$113.2 million.

Employer contributions during the year ended December 31, 2018 increased \$8.6 million or 10.3% to \$92 million from \$83.4 million during the year ended December 31, 2017.

Member contributions were \$32.6 million during the year ended December 2018, an increase of \$2.8 million or 9.4% over year ended December 31, 2017 member contributions of \$29.8 million.

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

**Required Supplementary Information** 

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

Benefits paid during the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$218.4 million an increase of \$9.4 million, or 4.5%, over the benefits paid during the year ended December 31, 2017 of \$209.0 million. This increase is primarily due to the increased number of retirees and lengthening life span.

#### Year ended December 31, 2017

The net position of the Fund increased \$117.6 million, or 7.92%, from \$1,485.6 million as of December 31, 2016 to \$1,603.2 million as of December 31, 2017.

Net investment income increased \$134.9 million, or 155%, from \$86.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 to \$221.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2017. The Fund had a 15.80% rate of return for the year ended December 2017 compared to a 6.88% rate of return for the year ended December 31, 2016. The returns identified in the MD&A are gross of fees with the exception of hedge funds, which are net of fees.

The total contributions received during the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$113.2 million compared to total contributions received during the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$105.0 million.

Employer contributions during the year ended December 31, 2017 increased \$6.2 million or 8.0% to \$83.4 million from \$77.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2016.

Member contributions were \$29.8 million during the year ended December 2017, an increase of \$2.0 million or 7.2% over year ended December 31, 2016 member contributions of \$27.8 million.

Benefits paid during the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$209.0 million an increase of \$13.3 million, or 6.8%, over the benefits paid during the year ended December 31, 2016 of \$195.7 million. This increase is primarily due to the increased number of retirees and lengthening life span as well as the voluntary separation incentive program offered by the MBTA.

#### Year ended December 31, 2016

The net position of the Fund decreased \$12.2 million, or (0.8)%, from \$1,497.8 million as of December 31, 2015 to \$1,485.6 million as of December 31, 2016.

Net investment income increased \$82.1 million, or 1746.8%, from \$4.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 to \$86.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2016. The Fund had a 6.88% rate of return for the year ended December 2016 compared to a 0.90% rate of return for the year ended December 31, 2015. The returns identified in the MD&A are gross of fees with the exception of hedge funds, which are net of fees.

The total contributions received during the year ended December 31, 2016 were \$105.0 million compared to total contributions received during the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$99.9 million.

Employer contributions during the year ended December 31, 2016 increased \$3.8 million or 5.2% to \$77.2 million from \$73.4 million during the year ended December 31, 2015. This increase is primarily due to the continued execution of the wage agreement that was applied retroactively going back to July 2010. (Continued)

#### **Financial Section**

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

Member contributions were \$27.8 million during the year ended December 2016, an increase of \$1.3 million or 4.9% over year ended December 31, 2015 member contributions of \$26.5 million. The change in member contributions is also due to the continued implementation of the 2010 wage agreement.

Benefits paid during the year ended December 31, 2016 were \$195.7 million an increase of \$8.6 million, or 4.6%, over the benefits paid during the year ended December 31, 2015 of \$187.1 million. This increase is primarily due to the increased number of retirees and lengthening life span as well as the continued application of the wage agreement for members who retired after July 1, 2010.

#### **Financial Analysis**

The following schedules report the condensed comparative fiduciary net position and activities for the Fund as of and for the years ended December 31.

#### **Condensed Comparative Fiduciary Net Position**

			December 31	
	_	2018	2017	2016
Cash	\$	4.2	4.2	4.1
Receivables		6.2	5.8	6.8
Investments		1,445.8	1,616.9	1,481.8
Cash collateral on securities lending		49.9	38.8	52.5
Total assets		1,506.1	1,665.7	1,545.2
Cash collateral on securities lending		49.9	38.8	52.5
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		5.2	5.2	5.6
Payable for investments purchased		1.3	18.5	1.5
Total liabilities		56.4	62.5	59.6
Net position – restricted for pension				
benefits	\$	1,449.7	1,603.2	1,485.6

(Dollar values expressed in millions)

Total assets at fair value were \$1,506.1 million as of December 31, 2018, a decrease of \$159.6 million, or (9.6)%, over the year ended December 31, 2017 and were \$1,665.7 million as of December 31, 2017, an increase of \$120.5 million, or 7.8%, over the year ended December 31, 2016. Investments at fair value were \$1,445.8 million, a decrease of \$171.1 million, or (10.6)%, over the year ended December 31, 2017, which were valued at \$1,616.9 million, an increase of \$135.1 million, or 9.1%, over the year ended December 31, 2016. This investment decrease in 2018 is primarily due to poor market performance in the fourth quarter. Trade wars created increased volatility and prompted sell-offs, sending both domestic and international stock prices lower. Fixed income ended the year flat, despite the Federal Reserve increasing interest rates four times. As of December 31, 2018, cash collateral on securities lending increased by \$11.1 million or 28.6%, over the year ended December 31, 2017. (Continued)

#### **Financial Section**

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

The cash collateral on securities lending decreased by \$13.7 million or (26.1)% between December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2017. Receivables increased by \$0.4 million, or 6.9%, over the prior calendar year. Between December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2017 receivables decreased by \$1.0 million, or (14.7)%.

Total liabilities as of December 31, 2018 decreased by \$6.1 million, or (9.8)%, over the prior year and increased by \$2.9 million, or 4.9% during calendar year 2017. The cash collateral on securities lending increased by \$11.1 million, or 28.6%, in calendar year 2018 and decreased by \$13.7 million, or 26.1% in calendar year 2017. Payable for investment purchased decreased by \$17.2 million, or (93.0)% over the year ended December 31, 2017. Payable for investment purchased increased by \$17.0 million or 1,133% during calendar year 2017.

#### Condensed Comparative Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

(Dollar values expressed in millions)

		December 31	
	 2018	2017	2016
Additions:			
Employer contributions	\$ 92.0	83.4	77.2
Member contributions	32.6	29.8	27.8
Income from investments	 (52.1)	221.7	86.8
Total additions	 72.5	334.9	191.8
Deductions:			
Retirement benefits	218.4	209.0	195.7
Refunds of contributions	3.3	3.8	1.8
Administrative expense	 4.3	4.5	6.5
Total deductions	 226.0	217.3	204.0
Total changes in fiduciary net			
position	\$ (153.5)	117.6	(12.2)

#### Additions to Plan Fiduciary Position

For the calendar year ended December 31, 2018, employer contributions increased by \$8.6 million and member contributions increased by \$2.8 million. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2017, employer contributions increased by \$6.2 million and member contributions increased by \$2.0 million. Effective July 1, 2018, the employer's contribution rate changed from 20.0111% to 22.6811% and the member contribution rate changed from 7.1189% to 8.0089%, resulting in a 13.3% and 12.5% increase, respectively. Effective July 1, 2017, the employer's contribution rate changed from 18.0386% to 20.0111% and the member contribution rate changed from 6.4614% to 7.1189%, resulting in a 10.9% and 10.2% increase, respectively.

#### Financial Section

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

Contributions are required to provide benefits and meet administrative expenses and are made jointly by the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (the Authority) and members. The member contribution percentage is negotiated periodically as part of the collective bargaining agreement. There was a net investment loss in 2018 of \$52.1 million compared to a \$221.7 million net investment gain in 2017 and \$86.8 million net investment gain in 2016. This is a result of a change in the fair value of the investment portfolio, market volatility and concerns on trade wars.

#### Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position

Benefits paid increased by \$9.4 million and \$13.3 million, or 4.5% and 6.8%, over the years ended 2018 and 2017, respectively. These increases are primarily due to the increased number of retirees and lengthening life span. Administrative expenses decreased from \$4.5 million to \$4.3 million, a decrease of \$0.2 million, or (4.4)% over year 2017 and decreased \$2.0 million or (30.8)% over year 2016.

#### Net Pension Liability (NPL)

The Fund retains an independent actuarial firm, Buck Global, LLC, to conduct annual actuarial valuations to monitor net pension liability.

As of December 31, 2018, and 2017, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability was 49.70% and 56.66%, respectively.

#### **Investment Performance 2018**

The Fund began the calendar year 2018 with a net position of \$1,603.2 million and ended the calendar year with a net position of \$1,449.7 million, representing a (9.6)% decrease. The Fund invests strategically to achieve the actuarial rate of return while controlling risk through diversification of asset class exposure. The primary determinant of long-term investment performance is the strategic asset allocation policy.

Domestic equity (31.6%), international equity (11.3%), fixed income investments (27.0%), and cash equivalents (2.8%) comprise approximately (72.7%) of invested assets as of December 31, 2018. The remaining (27.3%) of assets are invested in real estate (9.4%), and alternative investments (17.9%), which include private equity, absolute return, and diversified beta. These assets are expected to earn enhanced returns and manage risk through further diversification.

Investment performance results are measured by the relationship of the Fund's portfolio returns for equity and fixed income investment against widely accepted market indices. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2018, the MBTA Retirement Fund's total fund return was (3.08)% compared to 15.80% for the calendar year ended December 31, 2017. The 2018 decrease in return is attributed to poor performance in the fourth quarter amid concerns of slowing economic growth and trade tension.

The domestic large cap equity returned (6.19)% compared to the S&P 500 Index of (4.38)%. The domestic small cap equity returned (7.34)% compared to the Russell 2000 Growth Index of (9.31)% and the Russell 2000 Value Index of (12.86)%.

#### Financial Section

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

The global equity and emerging markets returned (1.88)% compared to MSCI All Country World Index of (9.41)%. The international equity returned (16.14)% compared to the MSCI EAFE Index of (13.79)%. Fixed Income returned (0.20)% compared to the BC Aggregate of 0.01%.

The total fund performance of (3.08)% for calendar year 2018 underperformed by 51 basis points, the total fund custom index (a blended composition of major market indices in proportion to the Fund's asset allocation), which returned (2.57)%.

Additionally, for the year ended December 31, 2018, the real estate portfolio returned 9.93% compared to the NCREIF Property Index of 6.72%. The hedge fund portfolio returned (12.60)% compared to the CSFB/Tremont Hedge Fund Index of (3.19)%. The opportunistic portfolio returned 7.87% compared to Bank of America/Merrill Lynch High Yield Benchmark return of (2.26)%. The private equity active portfolio returned 4.82% and the legacy private equity portfolio returned 3.21% compared to State Street's Customized Benchmark return of 8.70%. State Street Customized Benchmark consists of 36% buyout, 9% venture, 37% debt and 18% fund of funds. Diversified Beta returned (6.29)% compared to the 60% MSCI World Eq / 40% Barclays Aggregate Bond return of (5.07)%. The 91 Treasury Bill Plus 300 Basis Points returned 4.93% for the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### **Investment Performance 2017**

The Fund began the calendar year 2017 with a net position of \$1,485.6 million and ended the calendar year with a net position of \$1,603.2 million, representing a 7.9% increase. The Fund invests strategically to achieve the actuarial rate of return while controlling risk through diversification of asset class exposure. The primary determinant of long-term investment performance is the strategic asset allocation policy.

Domestic equity (32.9%), international equity (12.8%), fixed income investments (25.0%), and cash equivalents (4.2%) comprise approximately (74.9%) of invested assets as of December 31, 2017. The remaining (25.1%) of assets are invested in real estate (8.4%), and alternative investments (16.7%), which include private equity, absolute return, and diversified beta. These assets are expected to earn enhanced returns and manage risk through further diversification.

Investment performance results are measured by the relationship of the Fund's portfolio returns for equity and fixed income investment against widely accepted market indices. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2017, the MBTA Retirement Fund's total fund return was 15.80% compared to 6.88% for the calendar year ended December 31, 2016. The 2017 increase in return is due to a strong year for the domestic and global markets as well as steady economic growth.

The domestic large cap equity returned 22.04% compared to the S&P 500 Index of 21.83%. The domestic small cap equity returned 17.41% compared to the Russell 2000 Growth Index of 22.17% and the Russell 2000 Value Index of 7.84%. The global equity and emerging markets returned 39.87% compared to MSCI All Country World Index of 23.97%. The international equity returned 30.91% compared to the MSCI EAFE Index of 25.62%. Fixed Income returned 4.51% compared to the BC Aggregate of 3.54%.

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

**Required Supplementary Information** 

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

The total fund performance of 15.80% for calendar year 2017 outperformed by 3.20% the total fund custom index (a blended composition of major market indices in proportion to the Fund's asset allocation), which returned 12.60%.

Additionally, for the year ended December 31, 2017, the real estate portfolio returned 8.11% compared to the NCREIF Property Index of 6.96%. The hedge fund portfolio returned 6.62% compared to the CSFB/Tremont Hedge Fund Index of 7.12%. The partial year, opportunistic portfolio returned 3.46% compared to Bank of America/Merrill Lynch High Yield Benchmark return of 1.31%. The private equity active portfolio returned 12.66% and the legacy private equity portfolio returned (3.88) % compared to State Street's Customized Benchmark return of 17.59%. State Street Customized Benchmark consists of 36% buyout, 9% venture, 37% debt and 18% fund of funds. Diversified Beta returned 11.67% compared to the 60% MSCI World Eq / 40% Barclays Aggregate Bond return of 14.52%. The 91 Treasury Bill Plus 300 Basis Points returned 3.88% for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### Other Information

As part of a Plan of Reorganization approved on March 27, 2014 in *In re: Fletcher Int'l, Ltd.*, No. 12-12796 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y.) (the "Fletcher Bankruptcy"), the Fund agreed with the Bankruptcy Trustee, Richard Davis, to pool claims against Alphonse "Buddy" Fletcher, Fletcher related entities, current and former officers, directors and insiders, and various third party professionals for recovery of the Fund's investment in Fletcher Fixed Income Alpha Fund ("Alpha"). A Judgement was obtained against Buddy Fletcher personally, and collection efforts against him are ongoing. Confidential settlements were also reached by the Trustee with other Fletcher related defendants. *See, e.g., MBTARF, et al. v. Citco Fund Services (Cayman Islands), Ltd., et al.*, Case No. 651446/2015 (New York Supreme Court).

Following the Trustee's report that the bankruptcy estate had been wound down and distribution of substantially all estate funds and moneys recovered on behalf of the estate had occurred, the Court entered its *Final Decree Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. Section 350 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 2033 Closing the Chapter 11 Case*, and on March 21, 2019 the Fletcher Bankruptcy was officially closed. More complete reporting about the Fund's investment in Fletcher is found in prior Fund CAFR's. *See, e.g.,* Fund's 2013 CAFR at p. 19.

The Fund is also party to a Pooling and Cooperation Agreement with other investors in Weston Capital Partners Fund II (PII) and investors in Wimbledon Financing Master Fund Ltd ("WFF"). Both PII and WFF are funds previously managed by Weston Capital Asset Management LLC ("Weston"). Weston and certain of its principals were the subject of an SEC consensual civil judgement in Florida on June 23, 2014 for an investment unrelated to PII. Civil litigation involving Weston and various related parties including insiders and investors is ongoing. Criminal proceedings involving Weston insiders have resulted in guilty pleas and jury verdicts. *See, e.g., USA v. Bergstein, et.al,* No. 1:16-cr-746 (S.D.N.Y.).

For historical background on the Fund's investments in PII and White Oak Global Advisors, a PII investment assigned to the Fund, please see the Fund's 2013 CAFR at p. 19 and the Fund's 2015 CAFR at p. 31.

#### **Financial Section**

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

**Required Supplementary Information** 

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited)

The Fund's investments in Alpha and Weston (White Oak) were all written down in full in prior fiscal years. The Alpha and Weston (White Oak) funds are in liquidation in the Cayman Islands. The Fund is reporting on the pending litigation, liquidations and recovery efforts because of limited activity anticipated in those cases this coming fiscal year. Prospects for future recoveries are uncertain.

#### **Contacting the MBTA Retirement Fund**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Fund's investment results and financial condition of the Fund for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017. Please contact the MBTA Retirement Fund Office by emailing invest@mbtarf.com or by phone to 617-316-3800 for additional financial information or questions related to this report.

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

Statements of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2018 and 2017

	-	2018	2017
Acasta			
Assets:			
Investments, at fair value: Domestic:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	39,654,078	68,221,441
Fixed income	Ψ	388,707,273	398,441,314
Common stock and equity funds		457,339,468	531,572,278
Real estate funds		135,886,596	135,873,109
Alternative investments and hedge funds		259,214,511	269,244,226
5	-	<u> </u>	
	-	1,280,801,926	1,403,352,368
International:			
Cash and cash equivalents		132,231	457,684
Fixed income		1,555,488	5,721,763
Common stock and equity funds		163,274,105	207,358,130
	-	164,961,824	213,537,577
Total investments	-	1,445,763,750	1,616,889,945
Cash and cash equivalents		4,229,397	4,209,095
Contribution receivable from Massachusetts Bay Transportation			
Authority		3,789,915	2,413,732
Cash collateral on securities lending, invested		49,933,994	38,808,226
Receivable for investments sold	_	2,427,658	3,366,093
Total assets		1,506,144,714	1,665,687,091
Liabilities:			
Cash collateral on securities lending, due to borrowers		49,933,994	38,808,226
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		5,233,787	5,244,890
Payable for investments purchased	_	1,281,833	18,457,779
Total liabilities	_	56,449,614	62,510,895
Net position – restricted for pension benefits	\$	1,449,695,100	1,603,176,196
	_		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiscal years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	-	2018	2017
Additions:			
Contributions by Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Contributions by members	\$	92,013,124 32,606,337	83,382,882 29,775,344
Total contributions	_	124,619,461	113,158,226
Investment income: Income from investments Less investment expenses, other than from securities lending Net (depreciation) / appreciation in fair value of investments	-	45,240,909 (6,232,229) (91,225,005)	40,650,224 (6,343,751) 186,836,935
Net investment (loss) / gain	_	(52,216,325)	221,143,408
Securities lending activity: Securities lending income Less borrower rebates and fees		1,075,337 931,891	687,390 140,180
Net income from securities lending activities	_	143,446	547,210
Total net investment (loss) / income		(52,072,879)	221,690,618
Total additions	_	72,546,582	334,848,844
Deductions:	-		
Retirement benefits Refunds of members' contributions Administrative expenses		218,385,648 3,324,406 4,317,624	208,999,450 3,815,307 4,463,775
Total deductions	_	226,027,678	217,278,532
Change in fiduciary net position	-	(153,481,096)	117,570,312
Net position restricted for pension benefits:			
Beginning of year		1,603,176,196	1,485,605,884
End of year	\$	1,449,695,100	1,603,176,196

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### (1) **Description of the Fund**

#### (a) General

The following description of the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund (the Fund), a single employer defined benefit pension plan, provides only general information. Employees (members) should refer to the Pension Agreement for a more complete description of the Fund's provisions.

The Fund was established on January 1, 1948, under an agreement and declaration of trust (restated in October 28, 1980) by and among the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (the Authority), Local 589, Amalgamated Transit Union, Boston Carmen's Union, and AFL CIO (collectively, the Union). The Fund was established as a contributory defined benefit retirement plan in accordance with the Pension Agreement, effective July 1, 1970, adopted by the Authority and the Union for the purpose of receiving contributions and providing pension benefits for its members and qualified beneficiaries.

The general administration and responsibility for the operation of the Fund are vested in a seven-member Retirement Board. The Board consists of three members appointed by the Authority (at least one of whom must be a member of the Authority's Board of Directors), two members appointed by the Boston Carmen's Union, Local Union 589 of the Amalgamated Transit Union, AFL-CIO, one member elected by vote conducted by the Authority for a term of three years by members of the Fund who are not members of the Boston Carmen's Union, Local Union 589 of the Amalgamated Transit Union 589 of the Amalgamated Transit Union, AFL-CIO, and one member, who has no vote and is known as the honorary member, who is elected, for such period as the Retirement Board may determine, by the other six members of the Retirement Board.

#### (b) Membership

The Fund covers all employees of the Authority except the MBTA Police, who are covered separately, and certain executives who elect coverage under an alternate plan. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, Fund membership consisted of:

	2018		2017	_
Retired members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6,841	(1)	6,823	(2)
Active members	5,392		5,386	
Active members not presently earning service credit	355		314	_
Total membership	12,588		12,523	

- (1) Year 2018 includes 6,714 retirees and beneficiaries and 127 individuals receiving payments under Qualified Domestic Relation Orders (QDROs)
- (2) Year 2017 includes 6,699 retirees and beneficiaries and 124 individuals receiving payments under Qualified Domestic Relation Orders (QDROs)

(Continued)

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#### (c) Funding Policy

Contributions required to provide benefits and meet administrative expenses are made jointly by the Authority and members. The member contribution rate was increased from 7.1189% to 8.0089% effective July 1, 2018 of pretax compensation. The Authority contribution rate was increased from 20.0111% to 22.6811% effective July 1, 2018. As of July 1, 2019, member contribution and Authority contribution rates will be 8.8239% and 25.1261%, respectively. These contribution rates were calculated based on the most recent actuarial valuation of plan benefits and the Memorandum of Understanding with the Authority. The terms of the Fund's obligations are part of the Pension Agreement contained in the annual report of the Fund. Only parties to the Pension Agreement can amend the terms. The contributions by members and the Authority have been developed to provide normal contributions, interest on the unfunded accrued liability, and administrative expenses.

#### (d) Benefits

The Fund provides for retirement, disability and death benefits in accordance with the Pension Agreement, as amended.

A summary of benefits is as follows:

i. Normal Retirement Allowance

Condition for Allowance

Any member may retire at age 65. A member may remain in service after the stated retirement date.

#### Amount of Allowance

The normal retirement allowance equals 2.46% of 3-year average annual compensation multiplied by the years of service, such allowance not to exceed 75% of such average annual compensation.

ii. Early Normal Retirement Allowance

#### Condition for Allowance

Any member hired prior December 6, 2012 and has completed at least 23 years of service may retire on an early normal retirement allowance.

Any member hired on or after December 6, 2012, has attained age 55 and completed at least 25 years of service may retire on an early normal retirement allowance.

#### Amount of Allowance

The early normal retirement allowance is computed in the same manner as a normal retirement allowance on the basis of the compensation and service to the time of retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### iii. Early Reduced Retirement Allowance

#### Condition for Allowance

A member who has attained age 55 and has completed at least 20 years of service may be retired on an early reduced retirement allowance.

#### Amount of Allowance

The early reduced retirement allowance is an immediate allowance, commencing at the date of retirement, and is computed in the same manner as a normal retirement allowance on the basis of compensation and service to the time of early retirement, but reduced by 1/2 of 1% for each month of retirement prior to normal retirement date.

#### iv. Disability Retirement Allowance

#### Condition for Allowance

Any member who has completed 4 years of service in case of disablement due to an occupational accident or sickness, or who has completed 6 years of service in case of disablement due to any other cause, and who has become totally and permanently incapacitated, mentally or physically, for the further performance of duty may be retired.

#### Amount of Allowance

Upon disability retirement, a member receives an allowance commencing immediately, which is computed as a normal retirement allowance on the basis of the compensation and service to the time of disability retirement and is not less than 15% of the member's 3-year average annual compensation.

#### v. Vested Retirement Allowance

#### Condition for Allowance

Any member who has completed 10 years of service and who is not eligible for a retirement allowance is eligible for a vested retirement allowance, in lieu of a refund of his/her contributions with interest, in the event his/her employment terminates for reasons other than voluntary guit or discharge for cause.

#### Amount of Allowance

The vested retirement allowance is a deferred allowance commencing on the member's normal retirement date and equal to a percentage, not exceeding 100%, of the amount computed as a normal retirement allowance on the basis of the compensation and service to the time of termination; the applicable percentage is 5% multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, not in excess of 20, at the time of termination.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### vi. Survivor Benefit

#### Condition for Benefit

Upon the death of a member who has completed 10 years of service and who is survived by a spouse and/or dependent children designated to receive the deceased member's contributions with interest, a benefit may be elected by such survivor in lieu of the payment of the contributions with interest.

#### Amount of Benefit

If the deceased member had completed at least 10 but fewer than 23 years of service, the survivor's benefit, payable for life, is equal to the amount which would have become payable if the member had retired as of the date of his/her death and elected a 50% joint and survivor option in effect as of the date of death with the survivor as the designated person under the option. There is no reduction for early commencement.

If the deceased member had completed at least 23 years of service, the survivor's benefit, payable for life, is equal to the amount which would have become payable if the member had retired as of the date of his/her death and elected a 100% joint and survivor option in effect as of the date of death with the survivor as the designated person under the option. There is no reduction for early commencement.

#### vii. Accidental Death Benefit

#### Condition for Benefit

Upon the death of a member in service whose death results solely from an injury or injuries sustained in the performance of duty, and who is survived by a spouse designated to receive the deceased member's contribution with interest, an allowance shall be payable to said spouse.

#### Amount of Benefit

The accidental death benefit, payable for life, is equal to the amount which would have become payable to the member if the member had retired as of the date of his/her death on a disability retirement allowance. If there should be insufficient creditable service, the surviving spouse receives the minimum allowance available under the disability retirement provision.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### (e) Fund Termination

In the event of termination of the Fund, all of the assets of the Fund shall be used for the benefit of members and retired members or their beneficiaries, and for no other purpose. Each member, and each retired member or their designated beneficiary in receipt of a retirement allowance, shall be entitled to such proportionate part of the assets of the Fund as the reserve, required for their benefits, bears to the total reserves required under the Fund as determined by the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Board (the Retirement Board) on the basis of actuarial valuation. The Retirement Board may require all such members, and retired members or designated beneficiaries, to withdraw such amounts in cash or in the form of immediate or deferred annuities as it may determine.

#### (2) Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### (b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Fund's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include, but are not limited to, the assessment of fair values for real estate and alternative investment holdings in the absence of readily available market values, and these estimates may be materially different than values that would have been used had a ready market existed for these investments.

#### (c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents generally consist of cash on deposit with banks and financial institutions and highly liquid short-term investments, which have original maturities of three months or less. The Fund maintains its cash deposits with financial institutions, which management considers being of high credit quality and, by policy, limits the allocation of funds to any single major financial institution to minimize the Fund's amount of credit exposure.

#### (d) Revenue Recognition

Contributions are recognized pursuant to the contractual requirements of the Pension Agreement. Investment income is recognized as it is earned. Net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments is recorded as an increase (decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments as of the date of the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### (e) Retirement Benefits and Refunds

Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when they become due and payable.

#### (f) Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Securities traded on national security exchanges are valued on the basis of the closing price as of the last business day of the reporting period. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market are normally valued at the mean of the closing bid and ask prices. Securities listed or traded on certain foreign exchanges whose operations are similar to the U.S. over-the-counter market are valued at the price within the limits of the latest available current bid and ask prices deemed best to reflect current value. Gains and losses on sales of investments are determined on the basis of average cost.

Investments in real estate represent the Fund's percent ownership in private real estate funds. The Fund's investments are valued based on estimates by the Fund's management as a result of their review of financial information of the underlying real estate investment assets and standards established by the real estate industry, generally using the net asset value of the underlying investment as a practical expedient.

Investments in alternative investments and hedge funds include the Fund's percent ownership in venture capital, leveraged buyouts, private placements, hedge fund-of-funds, and other investments where the structure, risk profile, and return potential differ from traditional equity and fixed income investments. These investments are included in the statement of fiduciary net position at estimated values determined in good faith by the Fund's management, generally using the net asset value of the underlying investment as a practical expedient.

Purchase and sales of investments are selected on a trade-date basis.

#### (g) Derivatives

A derivative is an investment agreement or security with a value that depends on, or is derived from, the value of an underlying asset, reference rate, or financial index. The Fund has classified its investment in forward exchange contracts as investment derivative instruments. A forward exchange contract is a commitment to purchase or sell a foreign currency at a future date at a negotiated forward rate. The Fund utilizes forward foreign exchange contracts to minimize the effect of fluctuating foreign currencies. Risk associated with such contracts includes movement in the value of a foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar. Realized gain or loss on forward exchange contracts is the difference between the original contract and the closing value of such contract and is included in the statement of changes in fiduciary net position. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Fund held open forward exchange contracts of varying amounts and currencies. Unrealized gains and losses are not significant to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### (h) Currency Translation

As a result of having assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Fund is exposed to the effect of foreign exchange rate fluctuations. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and commitments under forward foreign exchange contracts and currency options are translated into U.S. dollars at the mean of the quoted bid and ask prices of such currencies against the U.S. dollar. Changes in foreign exchanges are reflected directly in income. Purchases and sales of portfolio securities are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing when such securities were acquired or sold. Income and expenses are translated at rates of exchange prevailing when accrued. It is not practical to isolate that portion of the results of operations arising as a result of changes in the foreign exchange rates from the fluctuations arising from changes in the market price of securities during the period. Net realized gains on foreign currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on security transactions, and the difference between the amounts of dividends, interest, and foreign taxes recorded on the Fund's books and the U.S. dollar equivalent amounts actually received or paid.

#### (i) Income Taxes

The Fund is considered a qualified governmental plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 414(d) and, is generally exempt from federal and state income tax under the Internal Revenue Code Section 115.

#### (3) Cash Deposits, Investments, and Securities Lending

The Fund, in accordance with the declaration of trust agreement, is authorized to make deposits into checking and savings accounts and to invest in any form or type of investment, financial instrument, or financial transaction deemed prudent in the informed opinion of the Retirement Board. State Street Bank & Trust Company serves as the master custodian for the Fund's assets.

For the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Fund's essential risk information about deposits and investments is presented on the following tables.

#### (a) Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of a depository financial institution, the Fund's deposits may not be returned. The Fund maintains its cash and cash equivalent deposits with various financial institutions, which management considers being of high quality. The Fund limits the allocation of its cash and cash equivalent deposits to any single financial institution to minimize the Fund's exposure. The Fund's Board has not adopted a formal custodial credit risk policy.

The Fund's cash and cash equivalent deposits that are not collateralized are subject to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance limits. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, \$3,821,407 and \$3,801,105 of the Fund's cash and cash equivalents deposits were in excess of the FDIC insurance limit.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Fund and are held by either the depository financial institution or the depository financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Fund's name.

All of the Fund's investments are held by the Fund's custodian in the Fund's name, except for investments in hedge funds, real estate and alternative investments, which by their nature are not required to be categorized.

#### (b) Investment Policy

The Fund's investment objective is to achieve consistent positive real returns and to maximize long-term total return within prudent levels of risk through a combination of income and capital appreciation. The Fund's goal is to meet or exceed the Fund's actuarial target rate of return in order to maintain and improve upon its funded status.

The Fund is currently invested in stocks (domestic and foreign), fixed income securities (domestic), real estate, private equity, and hedge funds.

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of December 31, 2018 and 2017:

Asset class	2018 Target	2017 Target
Domestic equity	25 %	25 %
International large cap equity	9	9
International small cap equity	2	2
Global/emerging markets	7	7
Fixed income	25	25
Real estate	9	9
Private equity	10	10
Hedge funds	4	4
Hedge funds – opportunistic	2	2
Risk parity/diversified beta	5	5
Cash	2	2
Total	100 %	100 %

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### (c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The following is a listing of the Fund's fixed income investments and related maturity schedule (in years) as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

				2018		
Investment type	Fair va	lue	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10
Agencydebt	\$ 54,6	54,433	-	53,848,70	7 144,002	661,724
U.S. Treasury notes & bonds	70,5	19,064	571,327	36,276,48	2 17,944,553	15,726,702
Domestic corporate	194,6	78,219	2,285,167	45,953,91	6 118,131,250	28,307,886
International corporate	1,5	55,488	-	492,14	0 203,104	860,244
Asset Backed:						
CMOs	12,1	89,919	-	-	88,096	12,101,823
Mortgage backed	29,4	73,017	-	-	-	29,473,017
Other	27,1	92,621	-	12,817,56	0 3,466,781	10,908,280
	\$ 390,2	62,761	2,856,494	149,388,80	5 139,977,786	98,039,676

			2017		
Investment type	Fair value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10
Agency debt	\$ 59,569,732	-	58,671,520	221,964	676,248
U.S. Treasury notes & bonds	83,603,827	2,103,896	44,765,056	23,765,997	12,968,878
Domestic corporate	196,309,938	868,908	65,611,951	94,729,681	35,099,398
International corporate	5,721,763	187,192	3,235,415	1,098,313	1,200,843
Asset Backed:					
CMOs	11,106,104	-	-	512,264	10,593,840
Mortgage backed	25,191,482	-	-	-	25,191,482
Other	22,660,231	5,979	11,262,868	2,560,184	8,831,200
	\$ 404,163,077	3,165,975	183,546,810	122,888,403	94,561,889

The Fund's guidelines limit its effective exposure to interest rate risk by benchmarking the separately managed fixed income investment accounts to an intermediate duration benchmark with a weighted average duration of four to five years. The Fund further constrains its actively managed fixed income portfolios to maintain a duration that shall not exceed 1.5 times the benchmark duration. The manager of each fixed income portfolio is responsible for determining the maturity and commensurate returns of his/her portfolio. Fixed income managers are also expected to report risk statistics and give a description of portfolio characteristics, including quality, duration, allocation by security type, and yield to maturity.

The collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) held by the Fund at December 31, 2018 and 2017 are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### (d) Credit Risk

Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations.

The Fund's Board does not have a formal investment policy governing credit risk; each fixed income securities investment manager is given a specific set of guidelines to invest within based on the mandate for which it was hired. The Fund expects all investment managers to perform their fiduciary duties as prudent people would and conform to all state and federal statutes governing the investment of the funds. Managers are to adhere to the philosophy and style that was articulated to the Retirement Board at the time of hire. The fixed income investment managers have full discretion to invest in fixed income securities in order to exceed their strategy specific benchmarks.

The Fund's fixed income investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization, and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale:

					2018				
Investment type	 Fair value	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	BB	В	CCC	Not Rated
Agency debt	\$ 54,654,433	-	1,968,383		52,415,702	-	270,348		-
Domestic corporate	194,678,219	53,438,986	2,994,800	18,229,790	51,298,593	17,425,072	36,941,097	530,904	13,818,977
International	1,555,488	_	_	67,141	_	860,244	287,098	-	341,005
Asset backed:									
CMOs	12,189,919	3,887,927	-	125,170	111,658	-	_	-	8,065,164
Mortgage backed	29,473,017	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	29,473,017
Other	 27,192,621	10,461,721	306,768	4,042,918	4,047,316				8,333,898
Total credit securities risk	319,743,697	67,788,634	5,269,951	22,465,019	107,873,269	18,285,316	37,498,543	530,904	60,032,061
U.S. government fixed income									
securities*	 70,519,064								
Total fixed income securities	\$ 390,262,761								
					2017				
Investment type	 Fair value	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	BB	В	000	Not Rated
Agency debt	\$ 59,569,732	-	1,962,785	784,969	56,433,547	•	388,431	•	•
Domestic corporate	196,309,938	1,351,151	2,457,525	62,713,953	53,981,700	18,162,005	40,504,302	490,702	16,648,600
International	5,721,763	-	-	1,252,561	140,673	1,011,816	162,322	•	3,154,391
Asset backed: CMOs	11 106 104	2 115 608		158 549	137 056				8 694 891

CMOs 11,106,104 2,115,608 158,549 137,056 8,694,891 Mortgage backed 25,191,482 25.191.482 Other 22,660,231 8.778.089 60,827 3.473.034 2.879.407 7.468.874 320,559,250 12,244,848 4,481,137 68,383,066 113,572,383 19,173,821 41,055,055 490,702 61,158,238 Total credit securities risk U.S. government fixed income securities\* 83,603,827

Total fixed income securities \$ 404,163,077

\*Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### (e) Concentration Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Fund places a 5% limit on the individual exposure to any single issuer at the time of purchase. The Fund has no investments, with the exception of commingled funds, at fair value, that exceed 5% of the Fund's total investments as of December 31, 2018 and 2017. The Fund does have investments in individual commingled funds and trusts that represent more than 5% of the Fund's assets, but in each case, these investments are in institutional commingled funds that are invested in diversified portfolios.

#### (f) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Fund's exposure to foreign currency risk is attributable to its investments in separately managed and commingled international equity mutual funds and trusts that are invested in diversified portfolios of international stocks that are denominated in foreign currencies. The Fund's combined policy target allocation to all non-U.S. securities is currently 18.0% of the Fund's total assets. Currency hedging is permitted for defensive purposes. Currency hedging shall be effected through the use of forward currency contracts, which are described more fully in note 2.

Risk of loss arises from changes in currency exchange rates. The Fund's exposure to foreign currency risk as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are presented on the following tables:

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

		2018						
Currency		Short-Term	Fixed Income	Equity	Total			
• •	•							
Argentine peso	\$	34,257	628,103	—	662,360			
Australian dollar		_	—	2,213,012	2,213,012			
Canadian dollar		50,320	—	3,146,938	3,197,258			
Danish krone		—	—	1,302,702	1,302,702			
Euro currency		443	—	30,229,484	30,229,927			
Hong Kong dollar		_	—	6,782,835	6,782,835			
Japanese yen		17,547	—	25,362,996	25,380,543			
Mexican peso		—	67,141	—	67,141			
New Israeli sheqel		—	—	491,589	491,589			
New Zealand dollar		_	_	225,472	225,472			
Norwegian krone		—	—	81,087	81,087			
Pound sterling		2	—	7,153,897	7,153,899			
Singapore dollar		(9)	—	2,671,809	2,671,800			
South African rand		—	860,244	1,789,448	2,649,692			
Swedish krona		_	_	2,665,679	2,665,679			
Swiss franc		29,671	_	2,009,072	2,038,743			
Thailand baht		_	_	4,908,725	4,908,725			
International equity pooled fur	nds (various							
currencies)				72,239,360	72,239,360			
1	al securities subject to foreign currency							
United States dollars (securities held by international investment	risk	132,231	1,555,488	163,274,105	164,961,824			
managers)				17,227,910	17,227,910			
Total International Investment	Securities \$	132,231	1,555,488	180,502,015	182,189,734			

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

		2017					
Currency		Short-Term	Fixed Income	Equity	Total		
	¢	22.070	044.074		070 050		
Argentine peso	\$	33,279	844,974		878,253		
Australian dollar		14,668		2,307,705	2,322,373		
Brazilian real			187,192	—	187,192		
Canadian dollar		156,502	_	3,114,432	3,270,934		
Colombian peso		—	949,730	—	949,730		
Danish krone		—	_	3,082,253	3,082,253		
Euro currency		105,448	—	41,723,120	41,828,568		
Hong Kong dollar		13,700	—	5,745,782	5,759,482		
Japanese yen		45,847	_	28,837,313	28,883,160		
Malaysian ringgit		—	888,871	_	888,871		
Mexican peso		—	1,839,181	—	1,839,181		
New Israeli sheqel		2,681	_	377,853	380,534		
New Zealand dollar		6,936	_	208,443	215,379		
Norwegian krone		4,337	_	673,989	678,326		
Pound sterling		59,431	_	15,604,094	15,663,525		
Singapore dollar		5,217	_	2,173,887	2,179,104		
South African rand		_	1,011,815	4,543,724	5,555,539		
Swedish krona		8,954	_	2,273,702	2,282,656		
Swiss franc		684	_	4,658,481	4,659,165		
Thailand baht			_	6,527,496	6,527,496		
International equity pooled funds (various							
currencies)				85,505,856	85,505,856		
Total securities subject to foreign currency		457.004	5 704 700	007 050 400	040 507 577		
risk United States dollars (securities held by international investment managers)		457,684	5,721,763	207,358,130	213,537,577		
Total International Investment Securities	\$	457,684	5,721,763	228,313,667	234,493,114		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### (g) Securities Lending Transactions

The Fund participates in the State Street Bank and Trust Company securities lending program by lending securities to borrowers (subject to borrower limits and program guidelines) and earning additional income, which is included in net investment income in the statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The lending program loans domestic and international equities, real estate investment trusts and fixed income securities for collateral with a concurrent agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future.

The Fund did not incur any losses on loaned securities during the year ended December 31, 2018 and 2017. The securities are monitored and valued on a daily basis by the custodian to ensure that the loans are properly collateralized. The collateral value is required to be at least 102% of the fair value of loaned domestic investments and a collateral value of at least 105% of the fair value on loaned international investments. Collateral can consist of both cash and securities. Should the collateral percentage levels fall below the stated figures, the borrowers are required to provide additional collateral to proper levels. The indemnification that State Street Bank provides the Fund in regard to loan risk is that should a borrower default on returning a security from loan, the collateral held is used to buy the security to be returned to the Fund. Any shortfall of proceeds to purchase the securities is taken on by State Street Bank. Since loans are terminable at will, loan durations do not generally match the duration of the investments made with the cash collateral.

Loaned securities are included in the statement of fiduciary net position since the Fund maintains ownership. For loans collateralized by cash, the value of the collateral is recorded as a liability offsetting the cash collateral recorded as an asset. The cash collateral as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$49,933,994 and \$38,808,226, respectively. For loans having collateral other than cash, the related collateral securities are not recorded as assets in the statement of fiduciary net position, and a corresponding liability is not recorded, since the Fund cannot pledge or sell the collateral securities, except in the event of a borrower's default.

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the fair value of loaned securities outstanding, included in investments, was approximately \$49,125,668 and \$37,806,521, respectively.

#### (h) Commitments

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Fund had contractual commitments to provide approximately \$60.1 million and \$81.4 million, respectively, of additional funding for alternative investments and real estate.

#### (i) Money-Weighted Rate of Return

The Annual money-weighted rate of return on the Fund's investments calculated as the internal rate of return on the pension fund net of investment expenses for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 is (3.37)% and 17.79%, respectively. A money weighted return expresses investment performance net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### (4) Fair Value Measurements

The Fund measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). These levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities. Level 2 inputs include the following:
  - Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets
  - o Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active
  - o Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as:
    - 1. Interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals
    - 2. Implied volatilities
    - 3. Credit spreads
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (i.e., supported by little or no market activity). Level 3 inputs include management's assumptions.

The following tables' set forth by fair value hierarchy level, the Fund's assets carried at fair value at December 31, 2018 and 2017.

Fair value measurements using:

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

		F	air value measurements usin	g.
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs
	Total at December 31, 2018	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Cash equivalents:				
Active cash	1,776,988	1,776,988	-	-
Swap Bank of America COC	60,000	60,000	-	-
International cash and equivalents	132,231	132,231	-	-
Stif-type instrument	37,155,764	-	37,155,764	-
Treasury bill	661,326	-	661,326	-
Total cash equivalents	39,786,309	1,969,219	37,817,090	-
U.S. equities:				
Common stock	224,340,138	211,528,345	12,811,793	-
Depository receipts	17,424,992	17,424,992	-	-
Mutual funds	210,103,708	210,103,708	-	-
Preferred stock	638,190	638,190	-	-
Real estate investment trust	4,832,440	4,832,440	-	-
Total U.S. equities	457,339,468	444,527,675	12,811,793	-
International equities - common stock	163,274,105	163,274,105	-	-
Fixed income:				
Agency debt	54,654,433	-	54,654,433	-
U.S. treasury notes and bonds	70,519,064	-	70,519,064	-
Domestic corporate	194,678,219	-	182,437,175	12,241,044
Asset backed:				
СМО	12,189,919	-	12,189,919	-
Mortgage-backed	29,473,017	-	29,473,017	-
Other asset backed	27,192,621	-	27,192,621	-
Total U.S. fixed income	388,707,273	-	376,466,229	12,241,044
International fixed income - bonds	1,555,488	-	1,555,488	-
Total investments by fair value level	1,050,662,643	609,770,999	428,650,600	12,241,044
Total investments measured at net asset value (NAV):				
Hedge fund of funds	132,296,715			
Private equity funds	126,917,796			
Private real estate funds	135,886,596			
Total investments measured at NAV	395,101,107			
Total investments	1,445,763,750			

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

		Fair value measurements using:				
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs		
	Total at December 31, 2017	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Cash equivalents:						
Active cash	1,387,325	1,387,325	-	-		
Swap Bank of America COC	130,000	130,000	-	-		
International cash and equivalents	457,684	457,684	-	-		
Stif-type instrument	66,704,116	-	66,704,116	-		
Total cash equivalents	68,679,125	1,975,009	66,704,116	-		
U.S. equities:						
Common stock	268,930,172	249,957,594	18,972,578	-		
Depository receipts	24,960,624	24,960,624	-	-		
Mutual funds	233,460,403	233,460,403	-	-		
Preferred stock	1,171,546	1,171,546	-	-		
Real estate investment trust	3,049,533	3,049,533	-	-		
Total U.S. equities	531,572,278	512,599,700	18,972,578	-		
International equities - common stock	207,358,130	207,358,130	-	-		
Fixed income:						
Agency debt	59,569,732	-	59,569,732	-		
U.S. treasury notes and bonds	83,603,827	-	83,603,827	-		
Domestic corporate	196,309,938	-	183,527,288	12,782,650		
Asset backed:						
СМО	11,106,104	-	11,106,104	-		
Mortgage-backed	25,191,482	-	25,191,482	-		
Other asset backed	22,660,231	-	22,660,231	-		
Total U.S. fixed income	398,441,314	-	385,658,664	12,782,650		
International fixed income - bonds	5,721,763	-	5,721,763	-		
Total investments by fair value level	1,211,772,610	721,932,839	477,057,121	12,782,650		
Total investments measured at net asset value (NAV):						
Hedge fund of funds	131,780,294					
Private equity funds	137,463,932					
Private real estate funds	135,873,109					
Total investments measured at NAV	405,117,335					
Total investments	1,616,889,945					

Investments Measured at NAV

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

Commingled funds are typically structured as an investment vehicle created by the Investment Manager to execute a specific investment strategy. Some investment strategies are only pursued by commingled accounts. Mutual funds and/or other types of commingled investment vehicles, including, but not limited to, Alternative Investments, may provide lower costs and better diversification than can be obtained with a separate account that pursues the same investment objectives. The fair value of the hedge fund of funds, private equity funds and real estate funds are not rated funds. The fair values of these funds are based on net asset value calculated in accordance with the general partner's fair valuation policy as of the measurement date and are annually audited separately.

The following represents the significant investment strategies and terms on which the Fund may redeem investments for those investments measured at the NAV (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient:

	Total Unfunded							
		Fair Value ember 31, 2018	Fair Value December 31, 2017		nmitments as of cember 31, 2018	Redemption Frequency if Currently Eligible	Redemption Notice Period	
Hedge fund of funds		,			,			
Diversified beta <sup>1</sup>	\$	89,280,782	\$ 85,295,730	\$	-	daily / monthly	15-30 days	
Fund of hedge fund <sup>2</sup>		30,533,980	40,699,517		-	quarterly	90 days	
Opportunistic hedge fund <sup>3</sup>		12,481,953	5,785,047		934,573	N/A	N/A	
Private equity funds <sup>4</sup>		126,917,796	137,463,932		53,718,275	N/A	N/A	
Private real estate funds								
Open-ended real estate funds <sup>5</sup>		118,009,713	110,362,610		-	quarterly	30 days - 1 year	
Closed-end real esate funds <sup>6</sup>		17,876,883	25,510,499		5,462,334	N/A	N/A	
Total Investments Measured at NAV	\$	395,101,107	\$ 405,117,335	\$	60,115,182			

<sup>1</sup> This category includes two diversified beta investment managers who utilize a risk premium capture strategy that seeks to generate returns by investing in equity, bond and commodity markets using a risk-balanced investment process. The managers provide either daily or monthly liquidity with 15 or 30-day notification.

<sup>2</sup> This category includes one fund of hedge fund manager; this manager provides quarterly liquidity with 90-day notice.

<sup>3</sup> This category includes one opportunistic hedge fund manager who is not subject to redemption and is normally returned through distributions as a result of the liquidation of the underlying assets over a period of approximately three to seven years.

<sup>4</sup> This type includes private equity funds that invest in nonmarketable securities of private companies, which ultimately may become public in the future and whose strategies include buyout, growth equity, venture, mezzanine debt, distressed debt, secondary fund of funds or special situations. Generally, each fund in this category may not be subject to redemption and is normally returned through distributions as a result of liquidation of the underlying assets over a weighted-average period of approximately nine years.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

<sup>5</sup> This category includes four open-ended real estate funds that invest directly in real estate and real estate related assets, including retail, industrial, office, residential and hotels. Investments in this category can be redeemed quarterly upon 30 days to one-year notice.

<sup>6</sup> This category includes funds that invest directly in real estate and real estate related assets, including retail, industrial, office, residential and hotels. Generally, investment in each fund in this category may not be subject to redemption and is normally returned through distributions as a result of the liquidation of the underlying assets over a weighted average period of approximately seven or more years.

#### (5) Related-Party Transactions

The Fund invests certain cash in a money market fund, the State Street Bank and Trust Company Short Term Investment Fund, which is sponsored by the Fund's custodial bank. The total value of the funds held at December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$37,155,764 and \$66,704,116, respectively.

The Fund invests in the AFL-CIO Housing Investment Trust and the AFL-CIO Building Investment Trust, two for-profit investment programs of the AFL-CIO. The total value of AFL-CIO Housing Investment Trust at December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$51,913,451 and \$51,831,541, respectively. The total value of AFL-CIO Building Investment Trust at December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$16,290,413 and \$15,208,535, respectively.

#### (6) Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liabilities of the MBTA Retirement Fund as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 are shown as follows (amounts in thousands):

	_	2018	2017
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	2,916,801 (1,449,695)	2,829,386 (1,603,176)
Fund's net pension liability	\$	1,467,106	1,226,210
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		49.70 %	56.66 %

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions:

- As of 12/31/18, a table of increases based on years of service, with rates of increase declining from 8% per year for the newly hired to 2.75% per year with 15 or more years of service; projected salary increases of 4% per year as of 12/31/17.
- Investment rate of return compounded annually 7.5% per annum
- Inflation rate of 2.75%

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

For the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all active participants and deferred vested participants. 94.5% of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all retirees. 107.5% of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all retirees. 107.5% of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all beneficiary participants. The RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for the period after disability retirement. Among pre-retirement deaths, 7.50% are assumed to qualify for accidental death benefits.

For the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017, the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational projection using Scale BB are used for all active participants. 97.2% of the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Tables for Healthy Males projected by Scale BB generationally are used for all retirees and deferred vested participants. 116.5% of the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Tables for Healthy Females projected by Scale BB generationally are used for all beneficiary participants. The RP-2000 Tables for Disabled Lives projected by Scale BB generationally are used for the period after disability retirement. Among pre-retirement deaths, 7.50% are assumed for accidental death benefits.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2017. Actuarial valuations attempt to estimate costs associated with the pension fund based on a number of demographic, economic and retirement experience assumptions. Experience studies are required by statute to be conducted every five years to review experience in comparison to these assumptions and to provide recommended changes to assumptions.

The long-term expected rate of return on Fund investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension Fund investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Long-term expected real Target asset allocation rate of return 2017 2018 2017 2018 Asset class 43 % 43 % 7.91 % 8.56 % Equity Fixed income 25 25 2.36 1.79 Alternatives 30 30 6.67 7.96 Cash 2 2 1.06 0.94

Best estimates of long-term arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

Nominal long-term expected rates of return for these asset classes are equal to the sum of the above expected long-term real rates and the expected long-term inflation rate of 2.75%.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018 and 2017

#### (a) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability at December 31, 2018 and 2017, was 7.50%. The projections of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current Fund members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### (b) Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Fund's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate (amounts in thousands):

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	2018 Current discount rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Net pension liability \$	1,760,361	1,467,106	1,217,856
		2017 Current	
	1% Decrease (6.50%)	discount rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Net pension liability \$	1,517,983	1,226,210	978,782

### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

(Unaudited)

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$ 46,101,006	31,850,127	31,896,560	37,305,333	34,500,540
Interest	207,497,686	204,779,603	195,768,057	191,392,028	184,667,178
Differences between expected and actual experience	11,599,381	44,627,096	90,067,566	31,325,149	48,560,391
Changes of assumptions	43,926,927	128,688,470	-	(6,762,751)	-
Benefit Payments	(221,710,054)	(212,814,757)	(197,561,539)	(188,906,232)	(184,130,187)
Net change in total pension liability	87,414,946	197,130,539	120,170,644	64,353,527	83,597,922
Total pension liability-beginning of year	2,829,385,777	2,632,255,238	2,512,084,594	2,447,731,057	2,364,133,135
Total pension liability-ending (a) Change in fiduciary net position:	2,916,800,723	2,829,385,777	2,632,255,238	2,512,084,594	2,447,731,057
Contributions - employer	92,013,124	83,382,882	77,239,279	73,373,672	70,603,285
Contributions - emplopyee	32,606,337	29,775,344	27,791,543	26,510,946	25,318,224
Net investment income	(52,072,879)	221,690,618	86,782,343	4,711,246	73,543,477
Benefit payments	(221,710,054)	(212,814,757)	(197,561,539)	(188,906,232)	(184,130,187)
Administrative expenses	(4,317,624)	(4,463,775)	(6,493,777)	(5,808,086)	(4,052,664)
Net change in fiduciary net position	(153,481,096)	117,570,312	(12,242,151)	(90,118,454)	(18,717,865)
Fund fiduciary net position-beginning of year	1,603,176,196	1,485,605,884	1,497,848,035	1,587,966,489	1,606,684,354
Fund fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	1,449,695,100	1,603,176,196	1,485,605,884	1,497,848,035	1,587,966,489
Fund's net pension liability-ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,467,105,623	1,226,209,581	1,146,649,354	1,014,236,559	859,764,568
Fund fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	49.70%	56.66%	56.44%	59.63%	64.88%
Covered payroll	\$ 425,862,201	428,830,122	446,740,427	443,237,899	417,957,007
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	 344.50%	285.94%	256.67%	228.82%	205.71%

This schedule is intended to present 10 years of data. Additional years will be presented when available.

#### Change of Assumptions:

- 2018: Salary scale decreased the net pension liability by \$(59.6) million, mortality rates increased the net pension liability by \$6.0 million, termination rates increased the net pension liability by \$9.4 million, and retirement rates increased the net pension liability by \$88.1 million, resulting in an increased net pension liability totaling \$43.9 million.
- 2017: Discount rate decreased from 7.75% to 7.5% resulting in an increased net pension liability totaling \$128.7 million.
- 2015: Retirement rates decreased the net pension liability by \$(41.9) million, mortality rates increased the net pension liability by \$25.4 million, termination rates increased the net pension liability by \$8.9 million, and disability rates increased the net pension liability by \$0.9 million, resulting in a decreased net pension liability totaling \$(6.7) million.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

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#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns (Unaudited)

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	(3.37)%	17.79%	5.88%	0.65%	4.80%

This schedule is intended to present 10 years of data. Additional years will be presented when available.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

#### MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY RETIREMENT FUND

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions (Unaudited)

Year	Actuarially determined contribution	Actual contribution in relation to actuarially determined contribution	Percentage of actuarially required contributions	_	Covered- payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered- payroll
2018	\$ 92,013,000	\$ 92,013,124	100.00%	\$	425,862,000	21.61%
2017	83,383,000	83,382,882	100.00		428,830,000	19.44
2016	77,239,000	77,239,279	100.00		446,740,000	17.29
2015	73,359,000	73,373,372	100.02		443,238,000	16.55
2014	77,594,000	70,603,285	90.99		417,957,000	16.89
2013	67,602,000	58,039,160	85.85		379,071,000	15.31
2012	66,035,000	54,968,325	83.24		370,873,000	14.82
2011	60,691,000	52,278,311	86.14		366,535,000	14.26
2010	60,252,000	49,006,722	81.34		356,608,000	13.74
2009	49,340,000	38,566,024	78.16		350,619,000	11.00

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

#### Actuarial Assumption and Methods Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of the December 31 preceding by six months of the start of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. For example, the contribution calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was to be made during the period from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019.

Methods and assumptions used to determine the contributions for calendar 2018 and 2017 (based on 2017 and 2018 actuarial valuations).

- Salary As of 12/31/18, a table of increases based on years of service, with rates of increase declining from 8% per year for the newly hired to 2.75% per year with 15 or more years of service; projected salary increases of 4% per year as of 12/31/17.
- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
- Amortization method Closed period (specified below); installments increase at the rate of 4% per year
- Remaining amortization period 21 years (2018 valuation), 22 years (2017 valuation)
- Asset Valuation method Five-year phase-in smoothing method
- Investment rate of return 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense.
- Retirement Age Probabilities of retirement are based on table that reflects both age and service
- Mortality
  - For the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all active participants and deferred vested participants. 94.5% of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all retirees. 107.5% of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all retirees. 107.5% of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all beneficiary participants. The RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for the period after disability retirement. Among preretirement deaths, 7.50% are assumed to qualify for accidental death benefits.
  - As of December 31, 2017, for all active and retired participants, the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational projection using Scale BB are used for all active participants. 97.2% of the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Tables for Healthy Males projected by Scale BB generationally are used for all retirees and deferred vested participants. 116.5% of the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Tables for Healthy Females projected by Scale BB generationally are used for all beneficiary participants. The RP-2000 Tables for Disabled Lives projected by Scale BB generationally are used for the period after disability retirement. Among pre-retirement deaths, 7.50% are assumed for accidental death benefits.

#### Schedule of Administrative Expenses

As of December 31,	2018 2017		
Wages and Benefits			
Staff Salaries *	1,019,668	949,405	
Retiree Payroll	310,598	300,827	
Benefits	333,425	353,635	
Total Personnel Services	1,663,691	1,603,867	
*Interim Executive Director Salary = \$196,000			
Professional Services			
Actuarial	233,120	122,275	
Audit	115,500	149,628	
Extraordinary Consultant fees*	18,302	256,229	
Legal Counsel	825,721	1,432,762	
Disability Medical Exams	57,222	63,803	
Total Professional Services	1,249,865	2,024,697	
Communication			
Newsletter / Annual Report	20,617	15,172	
Postage	10,629	9,809	
Telephone	30,387	33,587	
Education and Training	82,275	66,208	
Manager Meetings	33,604	17,850	
Member Services	5,667	5,801	
Total Communication	183,179	148,426	
Miscellaneous			
General and Administrative	38,270	39,949	
Business Insurance	178,057	177,178	
Rent	258,025	395,277	
Technological Support**	746,537	74,381	
Total Miscellaneous	1,220,889	686,785	

#### **Total Administrative Expenses**

4,317,624 4,463,775

\*Fees incurred in response to Markopolous allegations and in support of FTI Consulting investigation, and related matters.

\*\*Implementation of Pension Technology Software

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report

#### Schedule of Investment Expenses and Payments to Consultants

As of December 31,	2018	2017
Schedule of Investment Expenses		
Investment Management Fees	4,999,426	5,146,418
Investment Consultant Fees	344,000	352,350
Communications / Governmental Services	171,505	126,209
Custodial Fees	717,299	718,774
Total Investment Expenses	6,232,229	6,343,751

Schedule of Payments to Consultants*		
Independent Auditors	115,500	149,628
Extraordinary Consultant fees**	18,302	256,229
Actuary	233,120	122,275
Legal	825,721	1,432,762
Total Payments to Consultants	1,192,643	1,960,894

\*These payments are presented for analytical purposes; each amount is already included in schedules of administrative or investment expenses

\*\*Fees incurred in response to Markopolous allegations and in support of FTI Consulting investigation,

and related matters.

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report

# **INVESTMENT SECTION**

(Unaudited)

#### **2018 Investment Results**



\* Gross of Fees with the exception of hedge funds which are net of fees

\*\* Performance inception date of January 1, 1982

#### **Report on Investment Activity**

The Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund (the "Fund") was created to provide retirement benefits for certain employees of the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (the "Authority"). The Fund was established in 1948 pursuant to a Trust Agreement between local 589 ATU AFL-CIO (the "Union") and the Authority that is governed by the terms of a separately negotiated Pension Agreement between the Authority and the Union. The MBTA Retirement Board is responsible for the general oversight of the MBTA Retirement Fund. The primary goal of the Fund's investment program is to meet or exceed the Fund's actuarial target rate of return in order to maintain and improve upon its funded status. The Board of the Fund seeks to maximize return on investments through a diverse group of investment managers with an acceptable level of risk.

The Investment Section was prepared by the MBTA Retirement Fund Finance Staff with assistance of the consultant, Segal Marco Advisors. The Fund's investment portfolios are presented at fair value which is appropriate industry standard. The accompanying financial statements were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Fund adheres to the reporting requirements established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The investment performance information provided in this section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was calculated by the Fund's custodian, State Street Bank & Trust Company, using a time-weighted rate of return based on the market value of assets.

As of December 31, 2018, the Board employed 19 public markets investment managers, 28 private equity market managers, 8 real estate managers, 1 hedge fund-of-funds managers, 1 opportunistic hedge fund manager and 2 risk parity/diversified beta managers. The Fund had approximately \$1,445.8 million in assets under management at December 31, 2018. Each investment manager operates within guidelines that are established by the Board and consultant and are outlined in a detailed investment management or partnership agreement.

The Investment Policy statement adopted by the Fund Board requires that the Board and the Executive Director review the asset allocation at least quarterly to determine if the asset allocation is consistent with the exposure ranges described. A change in the Fund's liability structure, funded status, or long-term investment prospects may also trigger a revision of the asset allocation. The Executive Director will direct investment managers to transfer funds to rebalance the asset allocation as necessary. The Executive Director shall use appropriate judgment and care when rebalancing portfolios.

# Current Allocation as of 12/31/2018

Asset Class	12/31/2018 Allocation %	Target (%)
Equities	42.8	43
US Large Cap	18.2	18
US Small Cap	7.1	7
International Equity (unhedged)	8.3	9
International Small Cap	1.9	2
Global / Emerging Markets	7.3	7
Fixed Income	27.1	25
Core Fixed Income	8.5	8
TIPS	2.5	3
Real Estate Debt/Mortgages	4.4	4
Global & Multi Sector	9.2	8
Bank Loans	2.5	2
Cash*	2.7	2
Alternative Investments	27.4	30
Private Equity	8.8	10
Real Estate	9.4	9
Fund of Hedge Funds	2.1	4
Fund of Hedge Funds - Opportunistic	0.9	2
Risk Parity / Diversified Beta	6.2	5

\*Investment manager's cash holdings are reported in cash and cash equivalents

#### The Year in Review – The World Markets

#### Fiscal Year 2018 Global Markets Overview -

#### First Quarter 2018:

After an extended period of rising markets, U.S. equity ultimately declined during the first quarter which was mostly due to fears about rising rates and global trade. Despite continued strong performance in the U.S. economy which saw GDP growth at 2.3%, a steady unemployment rate of 4.1% and improved consumer confidence, U.S. equity investors still experienced declines across many of their holdings. IT and consumer discretionary sectors continued to perform well despite volatility while all other sectors fell during the first quarter.

During the first quarter 2018, world equity markets fell amid concerns about the global trade outlook and the prospect of further U.S. interest rate hikes. International equity registered a negative return while concerns about trade policies weighed on European stocks. Following President Trump's tariff imposition markets were negatively affected due to fear of an international trade war. Emerging market equity was positive; partly due to Brazil posting a double-digit gain after some political uncertainty subsided. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index rose by 1.4%, the only major equity index to finish in positive territory this quarter.

U.S. fixed income fell as expectations for interest rate and inflation shifted and volatility returned to the markets. All sectors of the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate were negative in the first quarter. The U.S. depreciation in fixed income helped many major currencies such as the pound, euro and yen. Non- U.S. fixed income posted a gain in the first quarter while French, Italian and Spanish yields all fell, though German bond yields rose.

Hedge funds ended the quarter in positive territory, with multi-strategy and credit arbitrage funds performing well.

#### Second Quarter 2018:

Despite the continued global trade concerns, the economy and earnings growth caused the U.S. equity market to post gains in the second quarter 2018. The unemployment rate fell to 3.8% in May, but ticked back up to 4.0% by the end of the second quarter. A stronger labor market seemed to lure more people into the work force but they did not all find jobs. Energy was the best performing sector in Q2 while consumer discretionary and IT also experienced strong returns which were boosted by positive earnings momentum.

#### Investment Section

International and emerging market equities fell during the second quarter both hurt by a strong U.S. dollar and trade worries. This was largely due to a backdrop of increased political uncertainty driven by the U.S.-North Korea summit in June, rhetoric around trade tariffs imposed by the U.S. on imports, and an inconclusive election in Italy.

Despite rising volatility, the European Central Bank (ECB) felt confident enough in the Eurozone's GDP growth to forecast the suspension of its quantitative easing program in December 2018.

U.S. fixed income was slightly negative at quarter-end. Short-term interest rates rose in Q2, while longer-term Treasury yields fell. The Federal Reserve (Fed) raised rates again in June, the second hike of 2018, and continued to hint that four rate hikes in total are likely to occur in 2018. Non-U.S. fixed income was down as political uncertainty in Italy grew.

Hedge funds ended Q2 in positive territory. Event –driven strategies performed the best during the quarter and year-to-date. Private equity market exits continued to decline however, Spotify went public as the largest IPO this quarter, their success largely attributed to their already well-known brand name.

#### Third Quarter 2018:

Overall, world equity markets rose in the third quarter 2018 due to solid economic growth and earnings data outweighing global policy uncertainty. U.S. equity gained during the quarter as GDP grew at a rate of 3.5% and unemployment fell to 3.7%. The healthy economy and robust earnings led stocks to rise. Large cap stocks outpaced small cap stocks during the quarter, a reversal from Q1 and Q2 and the healthcare sector posted the strongest returns.

International equity was boosted by stronger economic news and the ECB's statement that it would not hike interest rates until at least the summer of 2019. The Eurozone unemployment fell to 8.1% in August 2018, the regions lowest-recorded rate since November 2008. However, emerging market equity declined again in the third quarter amid U.S. dollar strength, slowing growth in China and nervousness about the collapse of the Turkish Lira.

U.S. fixed income was flat for the quarter. As the Fed continued to tighten monetary policy, they raised rates again in September and indicated a fourth hike is anticipated for later in 2018. High-yield generated a 2.4% return as interest rates rose while credit fundamentals remained strong. Non-U.S. fixed income declined as Italian bonds slid amid concerns about Italy's budget crisis. Currency depreciation negatively impacted both developed and emerging market economies during the third quarter.

Hedge funds were slightly positive in the quarter. Multi-strategy and macro funds were among the best YTD performers. Private equity funds have been more selective when putting capital to work due to the increasing competition for high quality assets that has driven up the purchase price multiples.

#### Fourth Quarter 2018:

Concerns about a slowing global economic growth and trade tension stung the markets causing world equity markets to fall during the fourth quarter 2018. In the U.S., fears about weaker economic growth and future corporate earnings resulted in a sharp decline in equities. In the weakened market, defensive sectors offered some downside protection. Utilities posted the only positive return while energy, IT and Industrials fared the worst.

International equities were lower due to nervousness about decelerating growth, trade disagreements and Brexit. For the first time all year, they fared better than the U.S. equity market despite posting double digit negative returns. Emerging market equity also declined due to worries over slowing growth in China and global trade. Although emerging markets fell 7.47% in the fourth quarter and 14.58% for the year, the standout performer was Brazil, which climbed nearly 14% on prospects of a more business-friendly government from newly elected President Jair Bolsonaro.

U.S. fixed income rose in the quarter as investors flocked to safe assets like U.S. Treasuries in a period of high market volatility. The Fed continued to raise rates again in December, the fourth hike in 2018. They indicated that its plans for future rate increases are less clear now than previously stated due to concerns about market volatility and economic growth. Non-U.S. fixed income also gained reflecting investors risk aversion.

Hedge funds fell during the quarter, equity hedge and macro strategies posted declines. Manager with exposure to energy and basic materials were the most adversely affected. Due to the active IPO windows in major markets globally, aggregate IPO deal value increased from \$33.8 billion in 2017 to \$52.9 billion in 2018.



### Fiscal Year 2018 Market Indices Returns

### Fiscal Year 2018 Equity Indices by Quarter



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## Fiscal Year 2018 Fixed Income Indices by Quarter


# MBTARF Core Performance: Fiscal Year 2018

Returns are calculated based on a time-weighted rate of return methodology. The Fund's returns (gross of fees) and benchmarks for the periods ended December 31, 2018:



During fiscal year 2018, the Fund returned (3.08)%, underperforming the Policy Benchmark of (2.57)% by 51 basis points. The MBTARF began fiscal year 2018 with a net position of \$1,603 million and ended with a \$1,450 million net position. On a gross basis the Fund decreased \$153 million. \$218 million in net retirement benefits were dispersed to members of the Fund.

	MBTARF Return	Policy Benchmark Return
1st Quarter	-0.02	-0.08
2nd Quarter	1.85	1.13
3rd Quarter	2.64	2.38
4th Quarter	-7.27	-5.82

The quarterly returns of the Fund in fiscal year 2018 were as follows:

U.S. financial markets were off to a good start in the first three quarters of 2018, however, completed the year with negative returns in the equity markets amid concerns of weaker economic growth. Fixed Income finished flat despite the Federal Reserve increasing rates four times in 2018.

#### Investment Section

For the full-year period, equities generated returns ranging from (13.79)% for the EAFE index of non-U.S. developed markets stocks to (4.38)% and (11.01)% for the S&P 500 Index of Large Cap U.S. stocks and Russell 2000 Index of Small Cap U.S. stocks, respectively. Core bond index returns ranged from (1.36)% for the Bloomberg Barclays Multiverse index to 0.01% for the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Index. Among alternatives, real estate as measured by the NECREIF Property Index gained 6.72%. Diversified hedge funds lost (3.19)% for the year based on the CFSB/Tremont Hedge Fund Index.

The MBTA Retirement Fund (the "Fund") generated a gross return of (3.08)% in 2018, which ranked in the 24<sup>th</sup> percentile of the InvestorForce Public Fund Gross Return universe. The Fund's long-term investment objective is 7.5%. The Fund's annualized return since inception is 9.09%. The Fund's annualized return over the ten-year period ended December 2018 was 8.30% and ranked in the top 54% of the InvestorForce Public Pension Fund Universe. The Fund's returns for the three and five-year periods ended December 2018 were 6.25% and 4.95% and ranked in the 34<sup>th</sup> and 38<sup>th</sup> percentiles, respectively.

The MBTA Retirement Board authorized the following actions, among others, to position the Fund for long-term risk-adjusted returns, while addressing the Fund's policy framework and cost effectiveness:

- Continued to allocate assets to opportunistic hedge fund strategy in order to gain asset class exposure at reduced costs in more efficient markets.
- Increased exposure to diversified beta strategy in continued effort to reduce the overall cost of the alternative investment portfolio.
- Underwent an IPS revision in order to update for current best practices. This re-write was completed in the spring of 2019.

# **Investment Summary by Type**

# **Domestic Equity Portfolio**

As of December 31, 2018, the domestic equity portfolio had approximately \$367.1 million in net assets, which represented 25.39% of the Fund portfolio. Approximately 71.9% of the domestic equity portfolio is invested in a large capitalization equity strategy (large cap) with the remaining 28.1% in a small capitalization equity strategy (small cap). The Fund's domestic equity portfolio is actively managed in an attempt to outperform a diverse set of indices. Each investment manager's performance is measured against an assigned index based on the stated investment strategy.



On a three, five and ten-year basis through December 31, 2018, the domestic equity portfolio has returned 8.52%, 6.50% and 14.54% compared to the S&P 500 benchmark, which returned 9.26%, 8.49% and 13.12% respectively.

**Style** - The Board intends to manage risk and diversify the Fund's portfolio through the selection of money managers with different investment styles and complementary characteristics within each asset class.

**Portfolio Risks** – Although the performance of equity securities has historically exceeded that of other market assets over an extended period of time, these assets, as all investments carry the risk of loss of principal and are subject to changing market conditions. The value of equities is not only determined by external market factors but by the performance of the firms for which these assets legally represent. (Continued)

**Portfolio Returns** - During the fiscal year the portfolio produced a return of (6.19)% compared to (4.38)% for the portfolio benchmark. Large cap equity managers returned (5.85)% underperforming the benchmark by (1.47)% and small cap equity returned (7.34)% outperforming the Russell 2000 Index by 3.67%. The Fund had one large cap core indexed manager and one small cap value indexed manager. Of the two active large cap value managers, Aristotle met their respective benchmark in 2018. Of the three active small cap managers, Robeco Investment Management was the only manager to underperform their respective benchmark in 2018.

The top ten holdings in the domestic equity portfolio at December 31, 2018 are illustrated below. A complete listing of holdings is available upon request.

Shares	Stock	Market Value (\$000's)	% of fair value
43,500	VISA INC CLASS A SHARES	5,739	1.56 %
3,250	AMAZON.COM INC	4,881	1.33
30,500	WORKDAY INC CLASS A	4,870	1.33
34,800	ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING SP ADR	4,770	1.30
29,700	EDWARDS LIFESCIENCES CORP	4,549	1.24
57,600	NIKE INC CL B	4,270	1.16
134,800	JP MORGAN STRUCTURED PRODUCTS	3,782	1.03
12,400	ILLUMINA INC	3,719	1.01
23,200	ASML HOLDING NV NY REG SHS	3,610	0.98
81,700	SCHWAB (CHARLES) CORP	3,393	0.92
	Total Top Ten	\$43,583	11.87%

The MBTA Retirement Fund's domestic equity managers at December 31, 2018 are presented in the following table:

	Manager	Investment Mandate	Portfolio Fair Value @ 12-31-2018	
[ <u>A</u> ]	Alliance Bernstein	Small Cap Growth	\$	28,523,761
ARISTOTLE	Aristotle Capital Management	Large Cap Value		38,293,678
<b>OBoston</b> Partners	Boston Partners	Large Cap Value		42,413,882
RBC Global Asset Management	RBC Global Asset Management	Small Cap Growth		28,113,628
ROBECO	Robeco Investment Management	Small Cap Value		20,601,745
SSEA.	State Street Global Advisors	Small Cap Value		26,040,791
SSCA.	State Street Global Advisors	Large Cap Core		183,131,897
	Total Portfolio Fair Value:		\$	367,119,382

# **International Equity Portfolio**

As of December 31, 2018, the international equity portfolio had approximately \$146.8 million in net assets, representing 10.15% of the Fund portfolio. Two of the three actively managed international equity managers are benchmarked against the MSCI EAFE index, which includes the developed markets of Europe, Australia and the Far East. The third international equity manager is benchmarked against the MSCI World Ex US Small Cap index.



The primary strategy is to invest in international equity funds to achieve consistent, positive real returns and to maximize long-term total return within prudent levels of risk through a combination of income and capital appreciation.

**Style** – The Board intends for a group of managers employing various strategies to invest assets in a well-diversified portfolio of Non-U.S. developed market equity securities. This group consists of a broad range of styles and approaches including: core international products, top-down country selectors, bottom-up security selectors, capitalization ranges, growth and value-oriented products and products using various mixtures of these strategies. Certain investment managers may have a guideline up to 20% exposure in emerging markets.

**Portfolio Risks** – International assets are subject to additional risks such as changes in foreign currency exchange markets and the environment in which the trading of these securities and associated financial reporting are governed. Differences between reporting standards across jurisdictions also adds to the complexity of these markets.

**Portfolio Returns** - During the fiscal year, international equity returned (16.14)% underperforming the benchmark by 235 basis points. Morgan Stanley Asset Management was the only international equity asset manager to outperform their respective benchmark in 2018.

On a three, five and ten-year basis through December 31, 2018, the international equity portfolio has returned 2.83%, 0.87% and 7.75% compared to the MSCI EAFE benchmark, which returned 2.87%, 0.53% and 6.32% respectively.

The top ten holdings in the international equity portfolio at December 31, 2018 are illustrated below. A complete listing of holdings is available upon request.

Shares	Stock	Market V	/alue (\$000's)	% of fair value
6,100	KEYENCE CORP	\$	3,096	2.11%
1,436,300	CP ALL PCL FOREIGN		3,033	2.07
105,529	DEUTSCHE LUFTHANSA REG		2,377	1.62
43,885	FRESENIUS SE + CO KGAA		2,126	1.45
255,800	AIA GROUP LTD		2,124	1.45
189,315	ING GROEP NV		2,036	1.39
79,735	KONINKLIJKE AHOLD DELHAIZE N		2,012	1.37
3,900	FAST RETAILING CO LTD		2,004	1.36
113,100	DBS GROUP HOLDINGS LTD		1,966	1.34
48,700	TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD		1,953	1.33
	Total Top Ten	\$	22,727	15.48%

The MBTA Retirement Fund's international equity managers at December 31, 2018 are presented in the following table:

	Manager	Investment Mandate	Portfolio Fair Value @ 12-31-2018
	Gryphon International	Growth	\$ 47,358,383
/lorgan Stanley	Morgan Stanley Asset Management	International Large Value	72,239,360
Principal"	Principal Global Equities	Small Cap	27,231,075
	Total Portfolio Fair Value:		\$ 146,828,818

#### **Global Equity and Emerging Market Portfolio**

As of December 31, 2018, the global equity and emerging markets portfolio had approximately \$106.0 million or 7.33% of MBTA Retirement Fund's assets. The MBTA Retirement Fund measures the investment manager's performance against the MSCI ALL Country World Index a benchmark comprised of stocks from 47 different countries including 23 countries classified as developed markets (including the United States) and 24 countries that are considered emerging markets.

**Portfolio Composition** - The portfolio invests a significant percentage of its assets in foreign securities traded on foreign exchanges including the use of derivatives (e.g. LEPOS and p-notes) to gain access to certain foreign markets. The manager is granted full discretion to buy, sell, invest and reinvest its portion of the Fund's assets in stocks contained within the MSCI ALL Country World Index. The maximum allocation to emerging markets is three times the benchmark sector weighting or approximately 30% of the portfolio. The investment objective of the global equity and emerging markets portfolio is to achieve consistent, positive real returns and to maximize long term total return within prudent levels of risk through a combination of income and capital appreciation.

As of December 31, 2018, the global and emerging markets portfolio's country and regional exposures included a 72% allocation to developed market stocks, which included a 56% allocation to U.S. stocks, and an approximately 25% allocation to emerging, markets stocks, which included a 12% allocation to holdings in India.

**Portfolio Risks** – In addition to providing the potential for higher expected returns, emerging markets generally expose investors to higher expected risks due their susceptibility to more volatile economic conditions, potential political instability and, in some cases, an absence of a

#### **Investment Section**

mature system of corporate governance. These investments also carry all the risks associated with domestic and developed market investments.

**Portfolio Returns** - During the fiscal year, global equity and emerging market portfolio returned (1.88) %, outperforming the benchmark by 7.53%. On a three and five-year basis through December 31, 2018, the global equity and emerging market portfolio has returned 11.73% and 8.51% compared to the MSCI All Country World Index, which returned 6.60% and 4.26% respectively. Due to the fact the MBTA Retirement Fund began investing in this asset class in October 2012; the investment manager's results do not yet include the ten-year period.

The top ten holdings in the global equity and emerging market portfolio at December 31, 2018 are illustrated below. A complete listing of holdings is available upon request.

	Shares	Stock	Market	: Value (\$000's)	% of fair value
1	43,500	VISA INC CLASS A SHARES	\$	5,739	5.41%
2	3,250	AMAZON.COM INC		4,881	4.60
3	30,500	WORKDAY INC CLASS A		4,870	4.59
4	34,800	ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING SP ADR		4,770	4.50
5	29,700	EDWARDS LIFESCIENCES CORP		4,549	4.29
6	57,600	NIKE INC CL B		4,270	4.03
7	134,800	JP MORGAN STRUCTURED PRODUCTS JPM		3,782	3.57
8	12,400	ILLUMINA INC		3,719	3.51
9	23,200	ASML HOLDING		3,610	3.40
10	81,700	SCHWAB (CHARLES) CORP		3,393	3.20
		Total Top Ten	\$	43,583	41.11%

The MBTA Retirement Fund's global equity and emerging market manager at December 31, 2018 is presented in the following table:

	Manager	Investment Mandate	Portfolio Fair Value @ 12-31-2018
SANDS CAPITAL	Sands Capital Management	Growth	\$ 106,027,184

# **Fixed Income Portfolio**

As of December 31, 2018, the fixed income portfolio had approximately \$391.0 million in net assets, which represented 27.04% of the MBTARF portfolio. The Fund's fixed income portfolio is benchmarked against the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index, BC GOV/Credit, BC MBS, S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan, BC U.S. TIPS and Barclays Multiverse.



**Styles** - Fixed income managers serve in a specialist role managing debt securities. Domestic core fixed income managers' investments may include (i) U.S. dollar denominated obligations of the United States Government and its Agencies and instrumentalities, and U.S. corporations, (ii) mortgage-backed securities including CMOs and commercial mortgage backed securities ("CMBS"), (iii) Asset Backed Securities("ABSs"), (iv) registered 144A securities if applicable, (v) municipal bonds, (vi) short term securities, (vii) securities of foreign companies or foreign countries (sovereigns or supranational) denominated in U.S. dollars, trading in the U.S. markets and capable of settlement in U.S. markets (Yankee bonds), and (viii) dollar denominated obligations of U.S. companies trading outside the U.S. ("Eurobonds").

**Portfolio Risk** - Risk in bond investments is primarily driven by changing interest rates which cause the value of these investments to fluctuate. The action of the Federal Reserve Bank of the United States through its monetary policy and through the monetary policy of other such institutions significantly affects interest rates. The risk of default is also associated with these investments and is measured by established credit rating firms. Default risks are subject to change.

**Portfolio Returns** - During the fiscal year, fixed income portfolio returned (0.20) % underperforming the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index benchmark by 0.21%.

On a three, five and ten-year basis through December 31, 2018, the fixed income portfolio has returned 3.26%, 2.80% and 5.05% compared to the Barclays Aggregate Bond Index, which returned 2.06%, 2.52% and 3.48% respectively.

The top ten holdings in the fixed income portfolio at December 31, 2018 are illustrated below. A complete listing of holdings is available upon request.

Shares	Stock		Market Va	lue (\$000's)	% of fair value
	US TREASURY N/B				
6,891,000	Due 05/31/2021	Rating NR	\$	6,913	1.77%
	US TREASURY N/B				
4,587,000	Due 08/15/2048	Rating NR		4,565	1.17
	US TREASURY N/B				
2,784,000	Due 05/15/2038	Rating NR		3,465	0.89
	US TREASURY N/B				
2,804,000	Due 02/15/2036	Rating NR		3,456	0.88
	US TREASURY N/B				
3,177,000	Due 05/31/2023	Rating NR		3,212	0.82
2 455 222	US TREASURY N/B				0.57
2,455,000	Due 05/15/2056	Rating NR		2,214	0.57
2 267 625	TSY INFLIX N/B			2 4 7 4	0.50
2,267,625	Due 01/15/2025	Rating NR		2,171	0.56
	TSY INFLIX N/B			2,000	0 5 4
2,159,625	Due 01/15/2022	Rating NR		2,096	0.54
	TSY INFLIX N/B	Dating ND		2.002	0 5 2
2,095,953	Due 01/15/2024	Rating NR		2,063	0.53
2 100 770	TSY INFLIX N/B	Pating NP		2 045	0 5 2
2,100,770	Due 01/15/2026	Rating NR		2,045	0.52
	Total Top Ten		\$	32,200	8.24%

The MBTA Retirement Fund's fixed income managers at December 31, 2018 are presented in the following table:

	Manager	Investment Mandate		Portfolio Fair Value @ 12-31-2018	
AFL·CIO HOUSING INVESTMENT TRUST	AFL-CIO Housing	MBS	\$	51,913,451	
amalgamated bank.	Amalgamated Bank of New York	Real Estate Debt		12,241,044	
EatonVance Investment Managers	Eaton Vance	Senior Loan		35,831,653	
FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENTS	Franklin Templeton	Global FI		52,415,702	
	Income Research & Management	Core Bonds		122,977,310	
	IRM TIPS	TIPS		35,427,254	
R+M INCOME RESEARCH	IRM Transition Fund	Core Bonds		4,87	
LOOMIS SAYLES	Loomis, Sayles & Company	Core Plus		80,149,659	
	Total Portfolio Fair Value:		\$	390,960,95	

#### **Real Estate Portfolio**

As of December 31, 2018, the MBTA Retirement Fund had \$135.9 million invested in real estate. The equity real estate program is comprised primarily of two separate but complementary investment strategies – core and specialty. Core investments include property types in multi-family housing, retail, industrial and office buildings. These assets are characterized by stable and increasing income levels and are located in major metropolitan areas which exhibit reasonable economic diversification. Specialty investments include property types in hotels, assisted-living and congregate care facilities. Specialty strategies enhance returns of assets capable of, but not currently, exhibiting core type characteristics.

**Objective** - The MBTA Retirement Fund's allocation to real estate equity is intended to enhance the return, risk and portfolio diversification characteristics of the Fund's total portfolio. It is anticipated that investments in equity real estate will, over a full market cycle, produce an income return that is in excess of the yield of an investment grade, core fixed income investment combined with some level of equity appreciation. In addition, it is expected that equity real estate will exhibit a lower correlation with traditional equity and fixed income securities.

**Portfolio Risk** - Real estate investments expose investors to risks. These include:

- Market risks that may be exacerbated by real estate's sensitivity to economic conditions and/or by the investment manager's utilization of leverage.
- Lower liquidity, especially for closed end, limited partnership and direct investments.
- Operational and credit risks that are higher than those of traditional investments.
- Valuation and appraisal lag which can be exacerbated in times of rapid price changes in the commercial real estate market.

Leverage – Leverage may be utilized at the discretion of the underlying real estate managers in a constrained manner, consistent with the commingled fund documents, in order to enhance (Continued)

#### Investment Section

yields of the various investments and/or facilitate the diversification of the portfolio. The total level of debt for any single commingled fund investment is not expected to exceed seventy percent of the value of that fund. However, as a general guideline, the Fund's composite real estate portfolio shall never be more than fifty percent levered on an aggregate basis at any time. **Real Estate Investment Strategies** - Private real estate equity strategies include core, core plus, value-added and opportunistic approaches. Core diversified funds have lower risk due to their limited use of leverage and broad diversification across multiple property types, geographic regions, and income generating assets (most properties in core portfolios are fully leased and opportunistic funds have lower occupancy rates, utilize more leverage and include properties in the development and/or pre-development stage. Due to their higher risk, these strategies are expected to generate returns that exceed that of core real estate.

Open ended and closed end real estate investments are diversified by vintage year, investment manager, geographic region, property type and investment strategy. With respect to vintage year diversification, closed end funds are diversified due to the fact that they are designed to invest over specific, finite time periods, while open-end funds are diversified by definition (i.e. by virtue of always being open and investing in all time periods).

**Investment Strategy Allocations** - Of the MBTA Retirement Fund's 5 active closed end real estate funds, 2 funds with a total market value of \$14.6 million are in the investing stage of their lifecycle; 2 funds accounting for \$2.3 million in market value are in the harvesting stage, while 1 fund accounting for less than one million in market value is liquidating their underlying investments.

The MBTA Retirement Fund's investment strategy is diversified by strategy across the closed and open-end funds as follows:

- 53.3% of the portfolio was invested in core and core plus strategies
- 33.6% of the portfolio was invested in value-added strategies

- 6.1% of the portfolio was invested in opportunistic strategies
- In total, 7.0% was invested in sector focused, mezzanine and other investment strategies.

**Portfolio Returns** – The MBTARF real estate portfolio returned 9.93% during the fiscal year. The 3, 5 and 10 year returns for the real estate portfolio are 9.07%, 12.20%, and 4.89%, respectively. The NCREIF Benchmark returned 6.72% during the fiscal year. The benchmark's 3, 5, and 10 year returns are 7.21%, 9.33%, and 7.49%, respectively.

The MBTARF real estate portfolio received \$14.7 million in distributions during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, compared to the \$20.6 million in distributions received during the 2017 fiscal year. The MBTARF's real estate managers called \$3.0 million of capital during the 2018 fiscal year, compared to \$4.2 million of capital called during the 2017 fiscal year. The net cash flow from the MBTARF's real estate portfolio for the year ended December 31, 2018 was a net cash inflow of \$11.7 million, compared to a net inflow of \$16.4 million for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

# **Geographic Diversification**

The following charts illustrate the property type and geographic diversification of the closed end real estate portfolio:



The MBTA Retirement Real Estate managers at December 31, 2018 are presented in the following table:

	Manager	Investment Mandate	Portfolio Fair Value @ 12-31-2018		
AFL-CIO BUILDING INVESTMENT TRUST	AFL CIO BLDG INVST TR	Open Ended	\$ 16,290,413		
<b>Colony</b> Capital	COLONY INVESTORS VII LP	Opportunistic	918,300		
INTERCONTINENTAL REAL ESTATE CORPORATION	INTERCONTINENAL REAL ESTATE CORP	Open Ended	19,581,101		
J.P.Morgan Asset Management	JP MORGAN ASSET MANAGEMENT	Open Ended	45,537,611		
MULTI-EMPLOYER PROPERTY TRUST	MULTI EMPLOYER PROPERTY TRUST	Open Ended	36,600,588		
Prudential Real Estate Investors	PRUDENTIAL REAL ESTATE INVESTORS	Sector Focused	9,520,921		
SIGULER SGUFF	SIGULER GUFF & COMPANY	Opportunistic	7,321,777		
TARealty	TA ASSOCIATES REALTY	Value Add	115,885		
	Total Portfolio Fair Value:		\$ 135,886,596		

# **Risk Parity / Diversified Beta Portfolio:**

As of December 31, 2018, the MBTA Retirement Fund had \$89.3 million invested in the risk parity portfolio, representing 6.18% of the total Fund. The Risk Parity managers utilizes a risk premium capture strategy that seeks to generate returns by investing in equity, bond and commodity markets using a risk-balanced investment process. Specifically, the managers select the appropriate assets for the strategy, allocates them based on their proprietary risk management and portfolio construction techniques, and then applies an active position process to improve expected returns.

The MBTA Retirement Fund invests in Risk Parity / Diversified Beta products because it provides the Fund with diversification and attractive returns. Additionally, the strategy provides daily liquidity, no lock-up, high capacity, and high transparency-all of which are attractive qualities for the Fund.

**Portfolio Risks** - Investments in Risk Parity / Diversified Beta are subject to various risks, including derivatives and leverage risk. The Risk Parity managers may invest a substantial portion of its assets in "derivatives" -so-called because their value "derives" from the value of an underlying asset, reference rate or index-the value of which may rise or fall more rapidly than other investments. The strategy invests principally in exchange-traded futures across a diverse mix of assets including equities, bonds and commodities. For some derivatives, it is possible to lose more than the amount invested in the derivative. If the portfolio uses derivatives to "hedge" a portfolio risk, it is possible that the hedge may not succeed. This may happen for various reasons, including unexpected changes in the value of the rest of the portfolio. Over the counter derivatives are also subject to counterparty risk, which is the risk that the other party to the contract will not fulfill its contractual obligation to complete the transaction with the Fund. The implementation of a risk parity strategy requires the use of leverage in order to increase the risk of the government bond allocation in the strategy so that it can be balanced against the portfolio's exposure to stocks and commodities. The use of derivatives facilitates the ability to create the desired level of leverage in the portfolio. Leverage may cause the portfolio to be more volatile than if the portfolio had not been leveraged because leverage can exaggerate the effect of any increase or decrease in the value of securities held by the portfolio.

#### Investment Section

**Portfolio Returns** - For the calendar year 2018, the Risk Parity / Diversified Beta portfolio returned (6.29)% underperforming the asset class benchmark, (60% MSCI World Equity / 40% Barclays Aggregate Bond Index) by 1.22%. In addition, the 91 Day Treasury Bill Plus 300 Basis Points benchmark returned 4.93% in 2018.

On a three and five-year basis through December 31, 2018, the Risk Parity / Diversified Beta portfolio has returned 5.71% and 4.09% compared to its benchmark, which returned 4.74% and 3.90% respectively. The MBTA Retirement Fund began investing in this asset class in 2012. Due to this 10 year returns are not yet available.

The MBTA Retirement Fund's Risk Parity / Diversified Beta managers at December 31, 2018 are presented in the following table:

	Manager Investment Mandate		Portfolio Fair Value @ 12-31-2018		
Invesco	Invesco National Trust	Diversified Beta	\$	51,277,167	
PANAGORA	PanAgora Asset Management	Risk Parity		38,003,616	
	Total Portfolio Fair Value:		\$	89,280,783	

#### Fund of Hedge Fund Portfolio

As of December 31, 2018, the MBTARF's fund of hedge fund portfolio held \$30.5 million in net assets, which represented 2.11% of the total MBTARF portfolio. The objective of the MBTARF's hedge fund program is to reduce the volatility of the total fund while attempting to maximize returns in a variety of market conditions. As a group of strategies, hedge funds represent a broad set of investment styles, mandates, and products that focus primarily on the liquid equity, fixed income, and derivatives markets, but that may also include allocations to non-traditional investments, including illiquid securities and investments. There are two primary methods for investing in hedge funds: funds of hedge funds; and single manager funds. The MBTARF primarily utilizes funds of hedge funds in an effort to significantly reduce risk through diversification.

**Portfolio Risks** - Hedge Funds are subject to various risks inherent in this strategy. Fluctuations in the markets can create market risk. Credit risk due to the fixed income nature of hedge fund strategies. As the MBTARF is invested in fund of fund strategies, liquidity risk is present as managers unwind from underlying positions. Investing in hedge fund exposes operational risks in executing strategies and valuations of positions. The Fund monitors risk by enforcing the investment managers to provide exceptional levels of transparency.

**Portfolio Returns** - The MBTARF's fund of hedge fund portfolio returned (12.60)% for the fiscal year. The MBTARF uses the CSFB/Tremont Hedge Fund Index as a benchmark for hedge fund performance. The benchmark returned (3.19)% in the 2018 fiscal year. On a 3, 5, and 10-year basis, the MBTARF hedge fund portfolio returned (2.20)%, (1.60)%, and 3.19%, respectively. The benchmark returned 1.64%, 1.66%, and 5.10%, respectively, over the same 3, 5, and 10-year periods.

#### **Investment Section**

The main detractor of hedge fund performance for 2018 was Silver Creek, a fund of fund manager that has been in the MBTARF portfolio since 2007. Silver Creek completed its liquidation process in 2018 and is a closed investment. The remaining assets were sold at a discount and stated that recoveries may have been higher if they held the assets until they gradually liquidated. However, they may have also been significantly lower if markets stumbled.

The MBTARF invested \$50 million with Silver Creek and as of this writing the Fund has received approximately \$62 million in net distributions.

The MBTARF hedge fund portfolio has one active fund of hedge fund investment manager as of December 31, 2018.

	Manager	Investment Mandate		Portfolio Fair Value @ 12-31-2018		
Rock Creek	Rock Creek	fund of funds	\$	30,533,980		
	Total Portfolio Fair Value:		\$	30,533,980		

#### Investment Section

#### Fund of Hedge Fund - Opportunistic Portfolio

As of December 31, 2018, the MBTARF's fund of hedge fund - opportunistic portfolio held \$12.5 million in net assets, which represented 0.86% of the total MBTARF portfolio. Among other changes in September 2016, the MBTA Retirement Fund Board voted to establish a 2% allocation to opportunistic investments. This decision was based on an asset liability management and asset allocation study. The Board voted to hire the first investment manager, Hamilton Lane in January 2017 and funding was completed in 2018.

While descriptions vary across investors, opportunistic investments generally encompass nontraditional investment strategies that seek to generate risk-adjusted returns by taking advantage of temporary market inefficiencies or dislocations arising from evolving market conditions, regulatory changes and other factors. Opportunistic investments generally do not fit into other asset class or strategy descriptions and may be viewed as tactical and time constrained. As compared to multi-strategy hedge funds, opportunistic investments generally exhibit higher expected returns, greater market risk, less liquidity and a higher level of concentration. Opportunistic managers may invest across asset classes (e.g. equity, debt, alternatives) and offer funds in different vehicles. Opportunistic investments may also come in the form of hedge funds or long-only investment strategies.

**Portfolio Risks** – Opportunistic Hedge Funds are subject to various risks inherent in this strategy. Depending on what form they take, opportunistic investments may expose an investor to a range of risks. These include:

- Market risks that impact the underlying value of investments held in underlying equity, fixed income and alternative investments.
- Market risks may include equity, interest rate or currency exchange rate risk and may be impacted by macroeconomic factors such as inflation expectation.
- Credit risk attributable to fixed income securities or private debt investments.

#### Investment Section

- Liquidity risks, especially for closed end, limited partnership and direct investments.
- Operational risks related to valuation processes, transaction processing, compliance, financial reporting and service providers.

**Portfolio Returns** - The MBTARF's opportunistic fund of hedge fund portfolio returned 7.87% for fiscal year 2018. The MBTARF uses the Bank of America/Merrill Lynch High Yield Index as a benchmark for performance, which returned (2.26)% in 2018. The MBTA Retirement Fund began investing in this asset class in 2017. Due to this, 3, 5 and 10-year returns are not yet available.

The MBTARF opportunistic hedge fund of fund portfolio held one active investment as of December 31, 2018. The manager is presented in the following table:

	Manager	Investment Mandate	Portfolio Fair Value @ 12-31-2018		
Hamilton Lane	Hamilton Lane	fund of funds - opportunistic	\$	12,481,953	
	Total Portfolio Fair Value:		\$	12,481,953	

#### **Private Equity Portfolio**

As of December 31, 2018, the private equity portfolio had approximately \$126.9 million in net assets, which represented 8.78% of the MBTARF portfolio. The private equity portfolio is used to increase the expected long-term return of the MBTARF portfolio, while generating cash flow and providing diversification. The private equity portfolio is diversified among sub-classes which include: venture capital, growth equity, buyouts, mezzanine, secondary strategies, distressed, energy, and special situations. The MBTARF private equity portfolio is benchmarked to a State Street Customized Benchmark, which takes into account the portfolio's allocations to the various private equity sub-classes.

**Portfolio Risks** - Private equity does not lend itself to traditional quantitative measures of risk. Rather, risk is measured through a combination of quantitative and qualitative constraints. These risks include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Liquidity risk: Private equity investments are illiquid and typically have expected holding periods of 10-12 years. Investments are typically held until maturity and selling prior to maturity results in a discount to fair value. Liquidity risk is managed by minimizing the possibility of forced sales that may arise from exceeding maximum exposure limits or lowering asset allocation exposure limits.
- **Vintage risk**: Vintage reflects the year of the first capital draw from a fund. Vintage risk refers to the variability of private equity commitments over time. Vintage risk is minimized by pacing investments to provide vintage year diversification.
- **Manager risk**: Manager risk consists of two elements: the exposure within an investment vehicle; and the number of managers in the private equity program. The exposure to a specific manager within an investment vehicle is controlled by limiting the commitment size to a specific investment vehicle. The optimum number of managers in the portfolio varies with time.

#### **Investment Section**

- *Firm risk*: Firm risk is the exposure to a private equity firm and is controlled by limiting the maximum commitment to funds actively managed by a firm and its affiliates.
- *Currency risk*: Currency risk is the risk that investments held in a foreign currency will change in value as a result of changes in the currency exchange rates. The private equity program accepts the currency risks consistent with the geographic constraints of the investment opportunity. Private equity investments generally do not hedge currency risk and the private equity program does not implement currency hedges.
- Industry risk: Typically, private equity funds are permitted to invest in a wide variety of industries with limited controls. Industry risk is controlled primarily through appropriate diversification across strategies and sub-strategies.
- Geographic risk: Geographic risk is controlled through a long-term, international target exposure. Global opportunities generally indicate geographic limits and exposure will be attributed and monitored accordingly.
- Leverage risk: Private equity managers invest capital throughout the capital structure of portfolio companies. The capital markets control the maximum leverage available to the private equity managers. Investors control leverage exposure through portfolio construction and private equity fund selection.

**Portfolio Returns** - The MBTARF's active private equity portfolio returned 4.82% during the fiscal year. The 3, 5 and 10 year returns for the private equity active portfolio are 7.38%, 4.48%, and 5.25%, respectively. The MBTARF's State Street Customized Benchmark returned 8.70% during the fiscal year. The benchmark's 3, 5, and 10-year returns are 12.05%, 10.19%, and 11.63%, respectively. The legacy portfolio, vintage years prior to 2005, returned 3.21% during the calendar year. The 3, 5 and 10 year returns for the private equity legacy portfolio are (2.70)%, (7.57)% and 1.59% respectively.

The MBTARF private equity portfolio received \$33.4 million in distributions during the fiscal year 2018, compared to \$34.7 million in the 2017 fiscal year. The private equity portfolio

**Investment Section** 

managers called \$17.2 million of capital during the fiscal year 2018, compared to \$19.0 million called in the 2017 fiscal year. The net cash flow from the private equity portfolio was an inflow of \$16.2 million in fiscal year 2018, compared to an inflow of \$15.7 million in fiscal year 2017.

#### **Investment Section**

The MBTA Retirement Fund's active private equity investment manager's investments are reported in the summary below:

Manager	Investment Mandate	Portfolio Fair Value 12-31-2018	Manager	Investment Mandate	Portfolio Fair Value 12-31-2018
ADD ONE PARTNERS	Venture	160,083	QUADRANGLE CAPITAL PARTNERS II	Buyout	405,849
AG EQUITY PARTNERS	Growth Equity	260,959	SCP PARTNERS I	Venture	5,891
ASCENT VENTURES III	Venture	238,647	SCP PARTNERS II	Venture	900,754
BOSTON MILLENNIA II	Venture	573,055	SIGULER GUFF BRIC OPPN FDII	Buyout	2,644,427
CRESCENDO IV	Venture	1,652,076	SIGULER GUFF DISTRESSED OPP II	Distressed	99,005
CRESCENT MEZZ PARTNERS VIIB	Mezzanine	1,317,734	SIGULER GUFF DISTRESSED OPP III	Distressed	1,776,519
CROSS ATLANTIC TECHNOLOGY	Venture	14,798	SL CAPITAL ESF I	Buyout	5,216,997
EUROPEAN STRATEGIC II	Buyout	187,769	SL CAPITAL SOF II	Secondary Fund of Funds	5,074,180
EUROPEAN STRATEGIC PARTNERS 2006B	Buyout	1,292,665	STERLING CAPITAL PARTNERS	Growth Equity	325,495
EUROPEAN STRATEGIC PARTNERS 2008A	Buyout	4,271,720	STERLING CAPITAL PARTNERS II	Growth Equity	634,391
EUROPEAN STRATEGIC PARTNERS I	Buyout	62,470	STERLING CAPITAL PARTNERS III	Growth Equity	480,976
GROSVENOR OPPOR CREDIT III	Special Situations	1,770,115	STERLING CAPITAL PARTNERS IV	Growth Equity	2,558,183
LAZARD TECHNOLOGY II	Venture	974,485	STERLING VENTURES	Venture	12,523
LEXINGTON CAPITAL PARTNERS VIB	Secondary Fund of Funds	1,080,336	SVB STRATEGIC INVESTORS VIII	Venture	2,541,680
LEXINGTON CAPITAL PTNRS VII	Secondary Fund of Funds	2,974,433	SVB CAPITAL PARTNERS II	Venture	1,021,569
LEXINGTON CAPITAL PTNRS VIII	Secondary Fund of Funds	6,581,191	SVB CAPITAL PARTNERS III	Venture	9,165,292
LEXINGTON MID MARKET II	Secondary Fund of Funds	2,665,636	SVB STRATEGIC INVESTORS III	Venture	3,776,200
LEXINGTON MID MARKET III	Secondary Fund of Funds	6,664,505	TCW CRESCENT MEZZANINE V	Mezzanine	290,859
LEXINGTON MIDDLE MARKET	Secondary Fund of Funds	1,004,924	THOMAS H LEE EQUITY FUND VI	Buyout	1,246,128
LEXINGTON MIDDLE MARKET IV	Secondary Fund of Funds	163,526	TOP TIER VENTURE VELOCITY FUND	Secondary Fund of Funds	6,333,146
NEW MOUNTAIN PARTNERS II	Buyout	78,495	VENTURE LENDING + LEASING IV	Mezzanine	227,200
NEW MOUNTAIN PARTNERS III	Buyout	3,246,125	VENTURE LENDING + LEASING V	Mezzanine	761,288
NEW MOUNTAIN PARTNERS IV	Buyout	4,839,470	VENTURE LENDING + LEASING VI	Mezzanine	2,215,875
NEW MOUNTAIN PARTNERS V	Buyout	2,848,772	VENTURE LENDING + LEASING VII	Mezzanine	5,551,650
OAKTREE MEZZANINE FUND LP CLASS A	Mezzanine	12,027	VENTURE LENDING + LEASING VIII	Mezzanine	5,862,980
OAKTREE MEZZANINE FUND LP CLASS B	Mezzanine	319,294	VENTURE LENDING + LEASING IX	Mezzanine	1,562,306
OCH ZIFF ENERGY FUND	Energy	487,721	WELLINGTON PARTNERS II	Venture	962,026
OPUS CAPITAL VENTURE PRTNS V	Venture	2,684,707	WLR RECOVERY FUND V	Special Situations	4,018,912
PHAROS CAPITAL	Growth Equity	348,741	WP+G VA VI (LIGHTSPEED)	Venture	97,019
PHAROS CAPITAL II	Growth Equity	2,707,946	Z CAPITAL SPECIAL SIT. FD II	Special Situations	3,924,333
PHAROS CAPITAL PARTNERS III	Growth Equity	5,739,720	Total Portfolio Fair Value		\$ 126,917,796

# SCHEDULE OF TIME-WEIGHTED RETURNS BY ASSET CLASS\*

# For the Period Ended December 31, 2018

Portfolio	Returns for	periods ending Decembe	r 31,				
	Annualized Returns Annual Returns		urns				
	3 - Year	5 - Year	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Fund	6.25	4.95	(3.08)	15.80	6.88	0.90	5.51
Policy Benchmark	5.49	4.93	(2.57)	12.60	7.42	2.01	6.22
Taft Hartley - Median	6.10	5.20	(3.20)	14.30	7.50	1.10	6.70
Domestic Equity Large Cap Composite	8.25	6.93	(5.85)	22.04	10.39	(0.16)	10.39
S&P 500 Index	9.26	8.49	(4.38)	21.83	11.96	1.38	13.69
Domestic Equity Small Cap Composite	8.87	5.38	(7.34)	17.41	18.63	(1.62)	2.37
Russell 2000 Growth Index	7.24	5.13	(9.31)	22.17	11.32	(1.38)	5.60
Russell 2000 Value Index	7.37	3.61	(12.86)	7.84	31.74	(7.47)	4.22
Global Emerging Markets Composite	11.73	8.51	(1.88)	39.87	1.63	1.40	6.35
MSCI ALL Country World	6.60	4.26	(9.41)	23.97	7.86	(2.36)	5.50
International Equity Composite	2.83	0.87	(16.14)	30.91	(0.96)	2.02	(5.87)
MSCI EAFE	2.87	0.53	(13.79)	25.62	1.00	(0.81)	(4.90)
Fixed Income Composite	3.26	2.80	(0.20)	4.51	5.55	(0.60)	4.90
Barclays Aggregate	2.06	2.52	0.01	3.54	2.65	0.55	5.97
Diversified Beta	5.71	4.09	(6.29)	11.67	12.90	(3.15)	6.72
60% MSCI World Eq / 40% BC Agg Bond	4.74	3.90	(5.07)	14.52	5.71	(0.07)	5.43
91 Treasury Bill Plus 300 Basis Points	4.05	3.64	4.93	3.88	3.34	3.05	3.04
Hedge Funds	(2.20)	(1.60)	(12.60)	6.62	0.39	(4.31)	4.14
CSFB/Tremont Hedge Fund Index	1.64	1.66	(3.19)	7.12	1.25	(0.71)	4.13
Hedge Funds - Opportunistic	-	-	7.87	3.46	-	-	-
Bank of America/Merrill Lynch HY Index	( -	-	(2.26)	1.31	-	-	-
Private Equity:							
Active Portfolio	7.38	4.48	4.82	12.66	4.84	6.83	7.60
Legacy Portfolio (vintage years prior to 2005)	(2.70)	(7.57)	3.21	(3.88)	(4.70)	(6.52)	(4.96)
State Street Customized Benchmark	12.05	10.19	8.70	17.59	10.61	5.40	6.93
Real Estate Composite	9.07	12.20	9.93	8.11	9.18	13.94	20.25
NCREIF Property Index	7.21	9.33	6.72	6.96	7.97	13.33	11.82
Policy Benchmark:							
10% State Street PE 1 quarter lag	7% MSCI All C	County World Index (net)					
11% S&P EPAC Large/Mid Cap	9% Barclays /	Aggregate Bond					
17% S&P 500	3% Barclays	J.S. TIPS 1-10 yr					
1% Russell 3000	3% Barclays I	MBS					
7% Russell 2000		Multiuniverse					
11% 91 T-Bill One month lag plus 300 BP	2% S&P LSTA						
9% NCREIF Property Index guarter lag							

9% NCREIF Property Index quarter lag

\* All return information is gross of fees, except hedge fund fees, which are net of fees. Returns are calculated on a time-weighted rate of return methodology.

Investment Summary at Fair Value As of December 31, 2018					
	Fair Value (\$000s)	% of Fair Value			
Short-Term:					
Cash and cash equivalents*	\$39,786,309	2.75%			
Fixed Income:					
U.S. Agencies	54,654,434	3.78%			
US Treasury	70,519,063	4.88%			
Domestic fixed income	194,678,219	13.47%			
International fixed income	1,555,488	0.11%			
Asset Backed	68,855,557	4.76%			
Equity:					
Domestic equity securities	457,339,468	31.63%			
International equity securities	163,274,105	11.29%			
Real Estate	135,886,596	9.40%			
Private Equity	126,917,796	8.78%			
Risk Parity	89,280,782	6.18%			
Hedge Funds	30,533,980	2.11%			
Hedge Funds - Opportunistic	12,481,953	0.86%			
Total Investments	\$1,445,763,750	100.00%			

\*Investment manager's cash holdings are reported in cash and cash equivalents

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF BROKER COMMISSION

# (Top 25 Brokers and Cumulative Fees Paid to Others) Year Ended December 31, 2018

Brokerage Firm	Shares/Par Value	Fees Paid	% Total	Average \$ per share
RBS SECURITIES INC. Total	5,591	\$ 67,266	31.34%	12.0312
J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES PLC Total	475,539	15,495	7.22%	0.0326
GOLDMAN SACHS + CO LLC Total	443,805	10,126	4.72%	0.0228
CREDIT SUISSE SECURITIES (USA) LLC Total	470,711	8,273	3.85%	0.0176
J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC Total	367,896	7,855	3.66%	0.0214
DEUTSCHE BANK SECURITIES INC Total	143,208	7,097	3.31%	0.0496
UBS SECURITIES LLC Total	277,022	5,526	2.57%	0.0199
MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH INC. Total	381,273	5,421	2.53%	0.0142
SOCIETE GENERALE LONDON BRANCH Total	244,283	5,318	2.48%	0.0218
MORGAN STANLEY CO INCORPORATED Total	404,323	5,195	2.42%	0.0128
JEFFERIES + COMPANY INC Total	278,434	4,727	2.20%	0.0170
UBS SECURITIES ASIA LTD Total	133,803	4,680	2.18%	0.0350
FIDELITY CAPITAL MARKETS Total	237,510	4,505	2.10%	0.0190
STOCK DISTRIBUTION Total	75,668	3,828	1.78%	0.0506
CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS INC Total	96,679	3,085	1.44%	0.0319
EXANE S.A. Total	89,111	2,393	1.11%	0.0268
JOH. BERENBERG, GOSSLER & CO. KG Total	99,251	2,302	1.07%	0.0232
BARCLAYS CAPITAL Total	189,391	2,199	1.02%	0.0116
UBS LIMITED Total	162,478	2,010	0.94%	0.0124
BARCLAYS CAPITAL LE Total	96,339	1,949	0.91%	0.0202
MERRILL LYNCH INTERNATIONAL Total	526,512	1,880	0.88%	0.0036
NOMURA SECURITIES INTERNATIONAL INC Total	99,100	1,859	0.87%	0.0188
COWEN AND COMPANY, LLC Total	102,485	1,729	0.81%	0.0169
CITATION GROUP Total	111,296	1,687	0.79%	0.0152
HSBC BROKERAGE (USA) INC. Total	59,871	1,670	0.78%	0.0279
OTHER	3,775,801	36,540	17.03%	0.0097
TOTAL	9,347,380	\$ 214,616	100%	0.0230

The Fund Board has a commission recapture agreement with Capital Institutional Services, Inc. For the year ended December 31, 2018 the Fund earned approximately \$2,800 from the commission recapture program.

# SCHEDULE OF DIRECT MANAGEMENT FEES

Year Ended December 31, 2018

Investment Management Fees by Asset Class:	AUM (\$000s)	Fees (\$000s)
Domestic Equity	\$ 367,119	\$ 1,254
International Equity	146,829	1,182
Global Equity	106,027	815
Fixed Income	390,961	748
Risk Parity / Diversified Beta	89,281	201
Real Estate	135,887	799
Total Investment Management Fees		 4,999
Investment Advisory (Consulting) Fees		\$ 344
Communications and Governmental Services		172
Custodian Fees		717
Total Other Fees		1,233
Total Direct Management Fees charged to MBTARF		\$ 6,232

# **INVESTMENT POLICY STATEMENT**

The following are significant fundamentals of the Fund's Investment Policy Statement. The policy delineates the objectives and policies that have been established by the Board to provide a framework for the on-going management of the Fund. It is designed to clearly communicate the directives of the Board to all interested parties. The Policy shall be revised from time to time, as deemed necessary, and will be reviewed annually to ensure its relevance to the Fund's current needs. Any resulting material changes will be communicated to all affected parties. The Policy will apply to the Fund on an aggregate basis.

The primary goal of the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund's investment program is to meet or exceed the Fund's actuarial target rate of return in order to maintain and improve upon its funded status. The Fund's investment program is based on the precepts of the generally accepted capital markets theory followed by institutional investors who, by definition, are long-term-oriented investors with goals and objectives that are similar to the Fund. This philosophy holds that:

- Increasing risk is rewarded with compensating returns over time and therefore, prudent risk- taking is justifiable for long-term investors.
- Risk can be controlled through diversification of asset class exposure, implementation strategies and individual security holdings.
- Diversification benefits shall be measured by examining the correlation between asset classes, implementation strategies and manager styles, with a goal of maximizing diversification and limiting concentration and overlap in asset classes and strategies that are more highly correlated.
- Risk is reduced by time and, over time; the relative performance of different asset classes is reasonably consistent.

The Fund shall be managed to accomplish the following:

- Ensure the availability of sufficient assets to pay benefits;
- Minimize and stabilize employer and employee contributions;
- Achieve the appropriate rate of total return with prudent levels of risk and liquidity consistent with the Fund's liabilities and cash flows;
- Maintain sufficient diversification to avoid large losses and preserve capital; and
- Maintain and improve the funded ratio (market value of assets/actuarial value of benefits earned to date as measured by the Fund's actuary) of the Fund over time.

# Rate of Return Assumption

The actuarially required return for the Fund is 7.5% annually, net of all fees and operating expenses.

# **Relative Return Objectives**

The Fund shall seek to achieve a rate of return that ranks in the top half of the appropriate peer fund universes given a comparable level of risk and to achieve a long-term rate of return on investments that is equal to or exceeds both the Policy and Allocation Indices. Returns for investment managers are expected to exceed their respective benchmarks, as well as rank in the top half of the appropriate universe of managers adhering to the same investment strategy. The Board further recognizes that the return targets described herein may not be achieved in any single year. Instead, a longer-term horizon of five years shall be used in measuring the long-term success of the Fund. While the Board expects that returns will vary over time, the Fund shall have a risk tolerance consistent with that of other funds created for similar purposes, and the assets of the Fund shall be invested accordingly.

# **Current Asset Allocation Targets & Ranges**

Asset allocation herein refers to the establishment of relative percentage allocation guidelines for the investment of assets in equities, fixed income, alternative investments, cash equivalents, and other general forms of investment, and not to individual security selection. This single decision is the most important consideration for the Board. In terms of direct impact on the Fund's performance, the Fund's policy asset mix choice outweighs all other decisions. As a practical matter, the Board understands that while important, portfolio structure decisions and active management strategies involving stock and bond selection, sector weighting, or market timing have been shown to contribute less than long-term asset allocation decisions.

Factors to be considered include:

- (1) the Fund's assumed rate of return,
- (2) the risk tolerance of the Board,
- (3) the Fund's liquidity requirements,
- (4) Funded status,
- (5) the Fund's liability structure and other characteristics unique to the fund. Following an asset allocation review which considered the impact of a range of asset allocation policies on the Fund.

The Board will review the asset allocation targets at least annually, and may adopt changes over a three- to five-year time horizon or, more frequently, if significant changes occur within the economic or capital market environments. A change in the Fund's liability structure, funded status, or long-term investment prospects may also trigger a revision of the asset allocation.

# Performance Benchmarks

**Total Fund Return:** The Total Fund Return shall be compared against other corporate, jointly trusteed and public pension plans. The Board shall seek to compare its returns against other funds of similar size and circumstances, as represented by various peer group medians provided by the Fund's investment consultant. The Total Fund Return objective is to meet or exceed the Allocation Index Return and the Policy Index Return, which are each described below.

Allocation Index: The Allocation Index Return shall measure the success of the Fund's current allocation. It shall be calculated by using index rates of return for each asset class invested in by the Fund multiplied by the actual percent allocated to each asset class. The difference between the Allocation Index Return and the Total Fund Return measures the effect of active management. If the Total Fund Return is greater than the Allocation Index Return, then active management has in aggregate added value. If the Total Fund Return is less than the Allocation Index Return, then active management has not added value.

**Policy Index:** The Policy Index Return shall measure the success of the Fund's target allocation. It shall be calculated by using index rates of return for each asset class invested in by the Fund multiplied by the percent targeted to each asset class. The difference between the Allocation Index Return and the Policy Index Return measures the effects of deviating from the target allocation. If the Allocation Index Return is greater than the Policy Index Return, then deviating from the target allocation has added value. If the Allocation Index Return is less than the Policy Index Return, then deviating from the target allocation has not added value.

**Manager Benchmarks:** The Investment Managers shall be compared to a combination of passively managed index returns matching the managers' specific investment styles, as well as the median manager in their appropriate peer group universe.

# Rebalancing

The Board and Executive Director will review asset allocation at least quarterly to determine if the asset allocation is consistent with the exposure ranges described herein. The Executive Director will direct investment managers to transfer funds to rebalance the asset allocation as necessary. The Executive Director shall use appropriate judgment and care when rebalancing portfolios. A cash equitization investment strategy may use financial futures contracts to overlay the Fund's cash manager account in accordance with the provisions of this policy. The strategy will be used in order to gain equity and fixed income market exposure consistent with the Fund's asset allocation targets as detailed above.

# **ACTUARIAL SECTION**

(Unaudited)

**COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT** 

Buck Global, LLC has performed a December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation of the MBTA Retirement Fund. This valuation and report was prepared using generally accepted actuarial principles and practices and meets the parameters set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate, and the assumptions used represent our best estimate of anticipated experience of the Fund.

Buck Global, LLC has prepared and included as part of this report all of the supporting schedules in the Actuarial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

#### Actuarial Section



500 Plaza Drive Secaucus, NJ 07096

May 24, 2019

Retirement Board Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund One Washington Mall, Fourth Floor Boston, MA 02108

Dear Board Members:

The Pension Agreement covering the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund provides that the actuary make annual actuarial valuations of the Fund and certify rates of contribution to the Retirement Board. The most recent actuarial valuation of the Fund was prepared as of December 31, 2018.

This valuation reflects the funding policy adopted by the Board effective December 31, 2009. The actuarial cost method used is the entry age normal cost method. The amortization of the unfunded liability is made in installments increasing at the rate of four percent per year over a closed 30-year period beginning December 31, 2009.

This valuation is based on the assumptions adopted by the Retirement board, in April 2019 and effective with the actuarial valuation of December 31, 2018, on the basis of an experience study covering the period January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2017. We believe that these assumptions are reasonable. The assumptions and methods used for funding purposes satisfy the requirements of all applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice. The same actuarial assumptions are used for financial reporting by and for the Fund under GASB Statements 67 and 68.

We performed the valuation using participant data and plan asset data supplied by the Authority and Retirement Fund. Although we did not audit the data, we reviewed the data for reasonableness and consistency with the prior year's information. The accuracy of the results of the valuation is dependent on the accuracy of the data.

The following exhibits from the valuation report were incorporated in the Actuarial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR):

- 1. Summary of Principal Results
- 2. Number and annual retirement allowances of retired members, disabled members and beneficiaries as of December 31, 2018
- 3. Schedule of Funding Progress
- 4. Outline of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- 5. Summary of Main Provisions of the Fund as Interpreted for Valuation Purposes

(Continued)

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- Number and Annual Compensation of Active Members Distributed by Fifth Age and Service as of December 31, 2018
- 7. Number and Annual Retirement Allowances Distributed by Age as of December 31, 2018

The following exhibits were separately prepared by Buck Global, LLC for use in the CAFR:

- 1. Schedule of Retired Members and Beneficiaries Added To and Removed From Rolls
- 2. Solvency Test

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from current measurements due to plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic and demographic assumptions, increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements, and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. An analysis of the potential range of such future differences is beyond the scope of this report.

Where presented, references to "funded ratio" and "unfunded accrued liability" typically are measured on an actuarial value of assets basis. It should be noted that the same measurements using market value of assets would result in different funded ratios and unfunded accrued liabilities. Moreover, the funded ratio presented is appropriate for evaluating the need and level of future contributions but makes no assessment regarding the funded status of the plan if the plan were to settle (i.e., purchase annuities to cover) a portion or all of its liabilities.

We are Fellows of the Society of Actuaries and Members of the American Academy of Actuaries. We meet the Qualification Standards of the Academy to render the actuarial opinions contained in this report. This report has been prepared in accordance with all applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice, and we are available to answer questions about it.

Buck Global, LLC (Buck)

David J. Drime

David L. Driscoll, FSA, EA, MAAA, FCA Principal, Consulting Actuary

apron Skaping

Aaron Shapiro, FSA, EA, MAAA, FCA Principal, Consulting Actuary



## MBTA RETIREMENT FUND Section II - Summary of Principal Results

1. The principal results of the current and preceding years' valuations are summarized below:

Valuation Date	Dee	cember 31, 2017	De	cember 31, 2018
Number of active members		5,386		5,392
Annual compensation of all members	\$	428,830,122	\$	425,862,201
Annual compensation of active members below normal retirement age	\$	425,658,060	\$	423,075,288
Average age (years)		47.64		47.74
Average service (years)		10.65		10.65
Average compensation	\$	79,619	\$	78,980
Number of active members not accumulating creditable service		314		355
Number of retired members, beneficiaries and disabled members		6,823 <sup>1</sup>		6,841 <sup>2</sup>
Annual retirement allowances	\$	217,466,409	\$	221,256,116
Assets for funding purposes	\$	1,599,505,237	\$	1,559,452,659
Unfunded accrued liability	\$	1,229,880,540	\$	1,357,348,064
Contribution rates required:				
Normal		10.8300%		11.3300%
Accrued liability		18.8600%		21.6200%
Expenses	_	1.0000%	_	1.0000%
Total required rate		30.6900%		33.9500%
Member excess rate	_	0.0000%	_	0.0000%
Actual contribution rate during following fiscal year		30.6900%		33.9500%

- 2. Valuation results as of December 31, 2018, are given in Section VI, and contribution levels are set forth in Section VII.
- 3. Schedule B of this report outlines the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation. The actuarial assumptions were selected on the basis of an experience study covering the five-year period ending December 31, 2017. The Retirement Board voted to adopt these assumptions in April 2019.
- 4. Schedule C of this report presents a summary of the main provisions of the Fund, as interpreted in preparing the actuarial valuation

<sup>2</sup> Includes 6,714 retirees and beneficiaries and 127 individuals receiving payments under QDROs.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes 6,699 retirees and beneficiaries and 124 individuals receiving payments under QDROs.



## MBTA RETIREMENT FUND Section III - Membership Data

- 1. Employee data were furnished by the Authority and Retirement Fund.
- 2. Table 1 of Schedule D shows the number and annual compensation of active members, while Table 2 of Schedule D shows the number and annual retirement allowances of retired members, disabled members and beneficiaries.
- 3. The following table summarizes the number and annual retirement allowances of retired members, disabled members and beneficiaries as of December 31, 2018:

		Annual Retirement
Category	Number	Allowances
Benefits to Members Retired on Normal, Early Normal and Reduced Early Retirement Allowances	4,978	\$ 189,011,827
Benefits to Members Retired on Disability Retirement Allowances	691	12,614,498
Benefits to Beneficiaries of Deceased Members <sup>1</sup>	<u>1,172</u>	<u>19,629,791</u>
Total	6,841	\$ 221,256,116

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes individuals receiving payments under QDROs. COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 111



## MBTA RETIREMENT FUND Section III - Membership Data (continued)





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## **Section IV - Assets**

- 1. Asset information was obtained from the Retirement Fund office.
- 2. The market value of the Fund's net assets available for benefits as of December 31, 2018, amounted to \$1,449,695,100.
- 3. The asset method is a five-year phase-in smoothing method under which the value of assets for actuarial purposes equals market value less a five-year phase-in of the differences between actual and assumed investment return. The value of assets for actuarial purposes may not differ from the market value of assets by more than 20%. The smoothing method used to calculate the value of assets for actuarial purposes was restarted as of December 31, 2013, coincident with the change to the present method.
- 4. The calculation of the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2018 is presented below:

Mar	Market value as of December 31, 2018         1,449,695,10											
Adju	Adjustment to recognize asset gains (losses) over 5 years:											
	Year Ending 12/31/2018 12/31/2017 12/31/2016 12/31/2015	Asset gain (loss) (168,508,286) 104,247,073 (31,618,592) (124,258,689)	Х	Adjustment factor 0.80 0.60 0.40 0.20	=	Adjustment (134,806,628) 62,548,244 (12,647,437) (24,851,738)						
	12/31/2015 Total		<u>(24,851,738)</u> (109,757,559)	(B)								
	Actuarial value of assets, as of December 31, 20181,559,452,659Asset gain during fiscal year ending December 31, 2018											
Actu	al return on market	value and cash flow										
	Income from investments and securities lending45,384,356Net appreciation(91,225,006)Total(45,840,650)											
Exp	Expected 7.50% return on market value and cash flow 122,667,636 (											
Ass	Asset gain (loss) (C) – (D) (168,508,286)											

The assets for valuation purposes are 107.60% of market value.

5. As of December 31, 2007, members' excess contributions (as discussed in Section V) had been fully depleted to cover the cost of the one-time cost-of-living increases negotiated in collective bargaining related to the benefits provided under the Fund. The actuarial asset value derived above thus requires no additional adjustment for members' excess contributions.



## **Section V – Member Excess Contributions**

- 1. Effective July 1, 1998, in lieu of a reduction in the 4% contribution rate, members continued to make contributions equal to 4% of covered payroll.
- 2. To the extent that 4.00% exceeds the actuarially determined member required contribution rate, the excess is characterized as member excess contributions. These amounts are to be accumulated within the Retirement Fund and used to provide additional benefits.
- 3. The member excess rates developed in prior years are as follows:

Period	Excess Rate	Period	Excess Rate
July 1, 2004 – June 30, 2005	0.27610%	July 1, 2011 – June 30, 2012	0.00000%
July 1, 2005 – June 30, 2006	0.08610%	July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2013	0.00000%
July 1, 2006 – June 30, 2007	0.39610%	July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2014	0.00000%
July 1, 2007 – June 30, 2008	0.39610%	July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015	0.00000%
July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2009	0.00000%	July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2016	0.00000%
July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2010	0.00000%	July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017	0.00000%
July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2011	0.00000%	July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018	0.00000%

4. As of December 31, 2007, members' excess contributions accumulated in prior years had been fully depleted.

5.	. The member excess rate for the period July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2019 is derived as follows:									
	a.	Effective prior member excess rate (December 31, 2017)	-3.6639%							
	b.	Decrease in total required contribution rate from prior valuation (see Section VII)	-3.2600%							
	C.	Current member excess rate (July 1, 2018) ((a.) + 25% of (b.))	-4.4789%							

6. The accumulated value of the excess contributions as of December 31, 2018 is \$0.



## Section VI – Comments on Valuation

- 1. Schedule A of this report presents the results of the valuation as of December 31, 2018.
- 2. The actuarial cost method used is the entry age normal / level percent of pay method. Under this method, experience gains and losses become part of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and are amortized in installments increasing at the rate of 4% per year over a closed period, as specified below.
- 3. The total entry age normal accrued liability on account of benefits expected to be paid to present retired members, former members, beneficiaries, active and inactive members is \$2,916,800,723. Of this amount, \$2,092,861,364 is on account of retired members and beneficiaries, \$817,689,807 is on account of present active members and \$6,249,552 is on account of contributions expected to be returned to active members not accumulating creditable service.
- 4. The value of Fund assets to be used in developing required contributions to the Fund is \$1,559,452,659, including required contributions made by active members. When \$1,559,452,659 is subtracted from \$2,916,800,723, there remains \$1,357,348,064, which represents the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Fund.
- 5. Amortization of the unfunded liability over the remaining 21 years in the amortization period as of December 31, 2018, in annual installments rising at the rate of 4% per year produces an amortization installment of \$91,461,656 as of December 31, 2018. This amounts to 21.62% of the value of annual compensation of active members below normal retirement age on that date.
- 6. The total entry age normal cost at December 31, 2018, is \$47,942,711, or 11.33% of the annual compensation of active members below normal retirement age on that date.
- 7. In addition to the amounts needed to cover amortization of the unfunded liability and normal cost, an allowance of 1.00% of annual compensation of active members below normal retirement age is included in the total required contribution to cover expected administrative expenses. Under the plan sponsor's funding policy of contributing the actuarially determined contribution and no future expected gains or losses, future expected plan contributions are expected to remain relatively level as a percent of payroll for 21 years and then remain relatively level as a percent of payroll at the normal cost rate and the funded status is expected to increase to 100% after 21 years.
- 8. During 2018, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability increased \$127.4 million, from \$1,229.9 million to \$1,357.3 million. The expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2018, was \$1,242.4 million. The \$114.9 million difference consists of a \$59.3 million shortfall in 2018 of returns on the actuarial value of assets, \$11.7 million in increased accrued liability due to unfavorable demographic experience and contribution rate changes, and \$43.9 million in increased accrued liability owing to the changes made for the experience study adopted April 2019 effective December 31, 2018. Additional detail is provided in Section IX.



## **Section VII – Contributions to the Fund**

- 1. Effective December 31, 2009, the contributions by members and the Authority are to provide normal contributions, amortization of the unfunded accrued liability and administrative expenses. It is assumed that investment earnings will be sufficient to cover fiduciary and investment expenses and, in addition, provide the yield assumed for actuarial purposes.
- 2. The valuation indicates that 11.33% of compensation is required to cover normal cost and 21.62% of compensation is required to cover amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Adding 1.00% of compensation for anticipated administrative expenses, excluding fiduciary and other investment expenses, results in a total contribution rate of 33.95% of compensation to be paid by the Authority and the members of the Retirement Fund from July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020.
- 3. This rate is 3.26% more than the 30.69% rate developed in the December 31, 2017, valuation. Under the adjustment formula contained in the July 1, 2002, Pension Agreement, 75% of the change will be allocated to the Authority as a change in the contribution rate and 25% will be allocated to the member's required contribution rate. This results in the following rates payable during the year beginning July 1, 2019:

Authority	25.1261%
Members' required	<u>8.8239%</u>
Subtotal (Section II)	33.9500%
Members' excess (Section V)	<u>0.0000%</u>
Total	33.9500%



## **Section VIII – Schedule of Funding Progress**

The following table for the years 2009 – 2018 reflects the Schedules of Funding Progress under the Entry Age-Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The Fund believes that this method of valuation more clearly reflects the actual funding status of the Fund.

## Schedule of Funding Progress (,000's)<sup>1</sup>

Year Ending December 31	•		Actuarial Accrued Liability Unfunded AAL (AAL) (UAAL) (b) (b-a)			Covered Funded Ratio Payroll (a/b) ( c )			UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
2018	\$	1,559,453	\$	2,916,800	\$	1,357,348	53.46%	\$	423,075	320.83%
2017		1,599,505		2,829,386		1,229,881	56.53%		425,658	288.94%
2016		1,607,560		2,694,556		1,086,996	59.66%		444,455	244.57%
2015		1,630,411		2,572,084		941,673	63.39%		440,502	213.77%
2014		1,632,175		2,447,731		815,556	66.68%		415,146	196.45%
2013		1,606,684		2,364,133		757,449	67.96%		379,071	199.82%
2012		1,456,957		2,312,170		855,213	63.01%		370,873	230.59%
2011		1,550,446		2,276,750		726,304	68.10%		366,535	198.15%
2010		1,649,129		2,341,344		692,215	70.44%		356,608	194.11%
2009		1,667,362		2,216,722		549,360	75.22%		350,619	156.68%



## Section IX – Experience

Records are maintained whereby the actual experience of active and retired members is compared to that expected on the basis of the tables adopted by the Retirement Board. In this way, deviations in the experience from that anticipated will be noted and any adjustments believed necessary will be brought to the attention of the Retirement Board in future experience studies.

During the last year, the total unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAL) was expected to increase from \$1,229,880,540 to \$1,242,387,471. The actual UAL at the end of the year was \$1,357,348,064. The chart below reconciles the expected to actual UAL. The primary sources of changes were a \$9,948,473 increase in the accrued liability resulting from unfavorable demographic experience in 2018, a \$43,926,927 increase in the accrued liability resulting from assumption changes from the experience study adopted by the Board in April 2019, effective December 31, 2018, and returns on assets measured at actuarial value that were \$59,283,981 below expected levels in 2018.

The sources of the (Gains)/Losses are as follows:

Actual UAL as of December 31, 2017		\$	1,229,880,540
Expected UAL (Prior to Changes) as of December 31, 2018		\$	1,242,387,471
Salary Increases	\$ (16,924,187)		
New Participants	9,304		
Active – Retirements	17,806,248		
Active – Terminations	8,626,254		
Active – Mortality	(389,547)		
Active – Disabilities	(732,602)		
Retiree Mortality	2,126,022		
Other (Data Corrections, etc.)	(573,019)		
Liability (Gain)/Loss – Demographic Experience		\$	9,948,473
Change in Accrued Liability Due to Contribution Rate Changes		\$	1,801,212
Change in Accrued Liability Due to Assumption Changes		<u>\$</u>	43,926,927
Total of Liability (Gain)/Loss and effects of changes in			
assumptions and Contribution rates		\$	55,676,612
Investment (Gain)/Loss		\$	59,283,981
Total Change in UAL		\$	114,960,593
Actual UAL as of December 31, 2018		\$	1,357,348,064

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## Section X – ASOP 51

#### Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 51 ("ASOP 51") Disclosures

Funding future retirement benefits prior to when those benefits become due involves assumptions regarding future economic and demographic experience. These assumptions are applied to calculate actuarial liabilities and the corresponding funded status of the plan. However, to the extent future experience deviates from the assumptions used, variations will occur in these calculated values. These variations create risk to the plan. Understanding the risks to the funding of the plan is important. Therefore, a new Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) has been adopted. Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 51 ("ASOP 51") requires certain disclosures of potential risks to the plan and provides useful information for intended users of actuarial reports that determine plan contributions or evaluate the adequacy of specified contribution levels to support benefit provisions. While this public pension plan is not subject to the funding provisions of ERISA, The Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund uses the information presented to assist in making contribution decisions.

Under ASOP 51, risk is defined as the potential of actual future measurements deviating from expected future measurements resulting from actual future experience deviating from actuarially assumed experience.

It is important to note that not all risk is negative, but all risk should be understood and accepted based on knowledge, judgment and educated decisions. Future measurements may deviate in ways that produce positive or negative financial impacts to the plan.

In the actuary's professional judgment, the following risks may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the plan's future financial condition.

- Investment risk the risk that assets will not return as expected
- Interest rate risk the risk that the general level of interest rates will increase or decrease significantly from current levels
- Asset liability mismatch Potential that changes in asset values are not matched by changes in the value of liabilities
- Longevity and other demographic risk the risk that mortality or other demographic experience will be different from expected

The following information is provided to comply with ASOP 51 and furnish beneficial information on potential risks to the plan. This list is not all-inclusive; it is an attempt to identify the most significant risks and how those risks might affect the results shown in this report.

Note that ASOP 51 does not require the actuary to evaluate the ability or willingness of the plan sponsor to make contributions to the plan. In addition, this valuation report in not intended to provide investment advice or to provide guidance on the management or reduction of risk. Buck welcomes the opportunity to assist in such matters as part of a separate project or projects utilizing the appropriate staff and resources for those objectives.



## Section X – ASOP 51 (continued)

#### **Assessment of Risks**

- Investment return: Lower assets mean higher unfunded liability and larger contribution amounts. For example, if returns on assets at market value were an additional 1% less than expected, this would reduce the actuarial value of assets by approximately \$3.1 million, which would increase the 2019 total contribution rate by 0.05% and the member contribution rate by 0.0125%.
- Interest rate risk: Actuarial liabilities contained in this report are based on the assumption that interest rates will
  remain at current levels throughout the forecast period. These interest rates are used to discount future
  expected benefit payments to determine the Plan liability. As interest rates increase, the discounted value of
  future benefit payments will decrease; similarly, as interest rates decrease, the discounted value of future
  benefit payments will increase. The duration of the Plan is approximately 9, which means that every 100-basis
  point change in interest rates will result in roughly a 9% change in Plan liability.
- Asset liability mismatch: Unless assets are explicitly structured to mimic the characteristics of plan liabilities, there is a risk that economic scenarios that affect interest rates will have a larger impact on liability than on assets. This is because plan liability is the discounted value of benefit payments that extend way out into future years, i.e. have a long duration. Plan investments, on the other hand, typically have a shorter duration with respect to interest rate changes, often holding fixed income securities with lower durations than plan liabilities, and typically maintaining some moneys in equity investments that are not as directly sensitive to interest rate changes.
- Longevity and other demographic risk: The plan is subject to longevity risk, the risk that participants will live longer (or shorter) than expected. Based on the results of the experience study completed earlier this year, actual experience has tracked closely to the current mortality assumption.

In addition, the plan is subject to risks associated with assumptions with respect to active and deferred vested participants (for example, salary increases, termination prior to retirement, retirement, and optional form election). The current assumptions are based on the experience study completed earlier this year. Changes in future liabilities will result to the extent actual experience differs from these assumptions. In particular, higher than expected salary increases (including base pay plus short-term incentives) would increase actuarial liabilities. Further, due to the subsidized early retirement reductions for certain groups, retirements earlier than expected could increase liabilities.



## Section X – ASOP 51 (continued)

#### **Historical Results**

The following table shows selected historical values of key valuation measures. These items illustrate how actual volatility has impacted the Plan in recent years and gives additional context to the risks described above. Further information can be found in the actuarial valuation reports for each year.

		,			
	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018
Actuarial Value of Assets	1.63B	1.63B	1.61B	1.60B	1.56B
Asset Return in Prior Year	4.80%	0.65%	5.88%	17.79%	(3.37)%
Investment gain/(loss)	(11M)	(40M)	(53M)	(29M)	(54M)
Actuarial Accrued Liability	2.45B	2.57B	2.69B	2.83B	2.91B
Liability duration	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
The ratio of retired life* actuarial accrued liability to total actuarial accrued liability	69%	69%	71%	73%	72%
The ratio of benefit payments to actuarial value of assets	11%	12%	12%	13%	14%
The ratio of actuarial value of assets to participant payroll	391%	368%	360%	373%	367%
Normal cost	37M	44M	46M	46M	48M
Discount rate	8.00%	7.75%	7.75%	7.50%	7.50%
Non-Investment gain/(loss)	(49M)	(21M)	(80M)	(31M)	(10M)
Funding Policy contribution	91M	108M	121M	131M	143M
* Defined we well and famous we such as					

\* Retired members, former members and beneficiaries

#### **Commentary on Plan Maturity Measures**

#### The ratio of retired life actuarial accrued liability to total actuarial accrued liability

A mature plan will often have a ratio above 60 - 65 percent. A higher percentage will generally indicate an increased need for asset / liability matching due to inability to absorb volatility in future returns.

#### The ratio of benefit payments to actuarial value of assets

Higher benefit payments as a percentage of assets means the fund may need to invest in more liquid assets to cover the benefit payments. More liquid assets may not garner the same returns as less liquid assets and therefore increase the investment risk. However, there may already be enough liquid assets to cover the benefit payments, less investment return is needed to cover the shortfall, or only a small portion of assets will need to be converted to cash. Therefore, the investment risk is likely not amplified at this time. This maturity measure should be monitored for continual upward trend with greater magnitude.

#### The ratio of actuarial value of assets to participant payroll

Plans that have higher asset-to-payroll ratios experience *more* volatile employer contributions (as a percentage of payroll) due to investment return. For example, if lower than expected asset return increases the unfunded liability of two plans by the same percent the plan with a higher assets-to-payroll ratio may experience higher contribution volatility than a plan with a lower asset-to-payroll ratio.

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## **Section XI – Alternative Scenarios**

#### What if Headcount Remained at 12/31/2016 Level

		12/31/2018 Valuation (A)	More Active Employees (B)
1.	Normal Cost Rate	11.33%	11.33%
2.	Expenses	1.00%	1.00%
3.	Amortization	\$ 91,461,656	\$ 91,461,656
4.	Active Employees 12/31/2018	NA	5,392
5.	Active Employees 12/31/2016	NA	5,786
6.	New Entrant Salary	NA	\$58,000
7.	Payroll (7.A+6.x(54.))	\$423,075,288	\$445,927,288
8.	Accrued Liability Amortization Rate (3./7.)	21.62%	20.51%
9.	Total Contribution (1.+ 2.+ 8.)	33.95%	32.84%
10.	Member Contribution	8.8239%	8.5464%

• In column B, we have assumed the employees who have terminated from 12/31/2016 to 12/31/2018 were replaced by new hires

• The normal cost rate would change with addition of new employees. For the purpose of this illustration, we have assumed the change in normal cost rate is not significant

• Member contribution is calculated as (32.84%-30.69%)\*0.25%+8.0089%=8.5464%

## Section XI – Alternative Scenarios (continued)

#### Contribution as a % of Pay Under Alternative Funding Policies

The current funding policy contribution rates were determined in accordance with Massachusetts Chapter 32 using a 4% per year escalator and amortizing the unfunded liability over 21 years. The MBTA Retirement Fund is not subject to Massachusetts Chapter 32 funding rules but has voluntarily followed them over the past decade. The table below presents what-if scenarios of what the contribution rates would be if the MBTA Retirement Fund were to change its current funding policy.

Amort.	Escalator % per year									
(years)	0%	)	1	%	2%	6	3	3%		%
	Authority	Member	Authority	Member	Authority	Member	Authority	Member	Authority	Member
14	36.25%	12.53%	34.82%	12.05%	33.43%	11.59%	32.09%	11.15%	30.81%	10.72%
15	35.21%	12.18%	33.74%	11.69%	32.33%	11.22%	30.97%	10.77%	29.66%	10.34%
16	34.30%	11.88%	32.81%	11.38%	31.37%	10.90%	29.99%	10.44%	28.67%	10.00%
17	33.51%	11.62%	31.99%	11.11%	30.53%	10.62%	29.12%	10.16%	27.79%	9.71%
18	32.82%	11.39%	31.28%	10.87%	29.78%	10.38%	28.37%	9.90%	27.01%	9.45%
19	32.21%	11.19%	30.64%	10.66%	29.13%	10.16%	27.68%	9.68%	26.31%	9.22%
20	31.67%	11.01%	30.08%	10.47%	28.55%	9.96%	27.08%	9.47%	25.69%	9.01%
21	31.19%	10.85%	29.57%	10.31%	28.01%	9.79%	26.54%	9.29% 🤇	25.13%	8.82%

• The "Years" on the left side denote the years over which the unfunded liability is amortized

• AAL is \$Millions

• Contribution represents total as a % of pay

• The red circle represents current funding policy



## Section XI – Alternative Scenarios (continued)

#### 2019 Amortization under Alternative Funding Policies

The table below presents what-if scenarios of what the unfunded liability amortization would be if the MBTA Retirement Fund were to change its current funding policy.

Amort.	Escalator % per year									
(years)	0%		1%		2%		3%		4%	
14	\$ 154.21	\$	146.11	\$	138.30	\$	130.78	\$	123.55	
15	\$ 148.31	\$	140.04	\$	132.08	\$	124.43	\$	117.08	
16	\$ 143.21	\$	134.78	\$	126.67	\$	118.89	\$	111.44	
17	\$ 138.77	\$	130.18	\$	121.94	\$	114.03	\$	106.48	
18	\$ 134.88	\$	126.14	\$	117.76	\$	109.73	\$	102.08	
19	\$ 131.45	\$	122.57	\$	114.05	\$	105.91	\$	98.15	
20	\$ 128.42	\$	119.39	\$	110.74	\$	102.49	\$	94.63	
21	\$ 125.72	\$	116.55	\$	107.77	\$	99.41	\$	91.46	

• The "Years" on the left side denote the years over which the unfunded liability is amortized

• AAL is \$Millions

• Contribution represents total as a % of pay

• The red circle represents current funding policy



## Schedule A – Results of the Valuation as of December 31, 2018

1.	Pres	sent Va	lue of F	uture E	Benefits	
	(.)	<b>D</b>				1

	(a)	Present value of prospective benefits to retired members, former members and beneficiaries	\$ 2,092,861,364
	(b)	Present value of prospective retirement allowances on account of present active members	1,210,416,344
	(c)	Present value of members' contributions to be returned to the members not accumulating creditable service	 6,249,552
	(d)	Total actuarial liabilities	\$ 3,309,527,260
2.	Asse	ets of the Fund for purposes of development of contributions	\$ 1,559,452,659
3.	Pres	ent value of future contributions to the fund (1(d)-2)	\$ 1,750,074,601
4.	Pres	ent value of future normal contributions to the Fund <sup>1</sup>	\$ 392,726,537
5.	Unfu	nded accrued liability (3) - (4)	\$ 1,357,348,064

<sup>1</sup> Includes future contributions of members at the rate developed in Section VII. COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 125



## Schedule B – Outline of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Experience study was conducted based on the experience from January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2017. Based on the experience study, Buck proposed assumptions for mortality tables, salary increases, termination rates, and retirement rates. All proposed assumptions were approved by the Retirement Board in April 2019.

#### Data

The rate of pay was used for the 2018 valuation (projected 2019 pensionable earnings).

#### Interest rate for funding purposes

7.50% per annum, compounded annually, in addition to fiduciary and investment management expenses.

#### Separations from active service

Representative values of the assumed rates of withdrawal and reduced early retirement and disability are as follows:

#### Prior year:

Age	Withdrawal <sup>1</sup> and Reduced Early Retirement	Disability Male <sup>2</sup>	Disability – Female²
20	.0878	.0007	.0011
25	.0665	.0008	.0012
30	.0498	.0010	.0015
35	.0373	.0013	.0020
40	.0362	.0017	.0026
45	.0337	.0015	.0038
50	.0338	.0025	.0044
55	.0403	.0046	.0080
60	.0557	.0090	.0158
64	.0691	.0168	.0294

#### Current year:

Age	Withdrawal <sup>1</sup>	Age	Disability Male <sup>2</sup>	Disability – Female <sup>2</sup>
20-24	.0478	20	.0007	.0011
25-29	.0712	25	.0008	.0012
30-34	.0040	30	.0010	.0015
35-39	.0348	35	.0013	.0020
40-44	.0313	40	.0017	.0026
45-49	.0287	45	.0015	.0038
50-54	.0251	50	.0025	.0044
55-59	.0282	55	.0046	.0080
60-64	.0424	60	.0090	.0158
		64	.0168	.0294

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 100% of future terminated members not eligible for a retirement allowance are assumed to receive a refund of their accumulated employee contributions.

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 $<sup>^2</sup>$  50% of disabled employees are assumed to qualify for occupational disability benefits.



# Schedule B – Outline of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (continued)

#### Unreduced retirement rates

Representative rates of unreduced early normal retirement allowances are as follows:

#### Prior year:

Hired Before December 6, 2012:

		Males	Females				
Age	In the year attaining 23 years	In years after attainment of 23 years	In the year attaining 23 years	In years after attainment of 23 years			
50	15%	4%	15%	4%			
55	20%	5%	20%	5%			
60	30%	10%	30%	10%			
62	35%	10%	35%	10%			
63	35%	10%	35%	10%			
64	35%	20%	35%	20%			
65	35%	30%	35%	30%			
66	25%	25%	25%	25%			
67	25%	25%	25%	25%			
68	25%	25%	25%	25%			
69	25%	25%	25%	25%			
70	100%	100%	100%	100%			

Hired After December 6, 2012:

		Males	Fe	emales
Age	In the year attaining 25 years	In years after attainment of 25 years	In the year attaining 25 years	In years after attainment of 25 years
50	0%	0%	0%	0%
55	20%	20%	20%	20%
60	30%	10%	30%	10%
62	35%	10%	35%	10%
63	35%	10%	35%	10%
64	35%	20%	35%	20%
65	35%	30%	35%	30%
66	25%	25%	25%	25%
67	25%	25%	25%	25%
68	25%	25%	25%	25%
69	25%	25%	25%	25%
70	100%	100%	100%	100%



# Schedule B – Outline of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (continued)

Current year:

	Unreduced R		
Age	In the year attaining eligibility	In years after first eligibility	Reduced Retirement
45	30%	20%	N/A
46	30%	15%	N/A
47	25%	15%	N/A
48	25%	10%	N/A
49	25%	10%	N/A
50	25%	15%	N/A
51	25%	15%	N/A
52	25%	15%	N/A
53	25%	20%	N/A
54	25%	20%	N/A
55	30%	15%	3.90%
56	30%	15%	3.66%
57	30%	18%	4.00%
58	30%	18%	4.27%
59	20%	25%	4.74%
60	20%	25%	5.83%
61	35%	25%	6.33%
62	45%	30%	8.27%
63	45%	25%	9.21%
64	45%	25%	11.42%
65	30%	40%	N/A
66	30%	25%	N/A
67	30%	28%	N/A
68	30%	28%	N/A
69	30%	28%	N/A
70+	30%	100%	N/A



# Schedule B – Outline of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (continued)

#### Inflation:

2.75% per year for the current year and 3.00% per year for the prior year.

#### Salary increases

Prior year:

4% per year.

#### Current year:

Service	Salary Increase %
0-4	8.00%
5-9	4.00%
10-14	3.00%
15-19	2.75%
20-24	2.75%
25-29	2.75%
30-34	2.75%
35-39	2.75%
40+	2.75%

#### Deaths before and after retirement

#### Prior year:

The RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with generational projection using Scale BB are used for all active participants. 97.2% of the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Tables for Healthy Males projected by Scale BB generationally are used for all retirees and deferred vested participants. 116.5% of the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Tables for Healthy Females projected by Scale BB generationally are used for all beneficiary participants. The RP-2000 Tables for Disabled Lives projected by Scale BB generationally are used for the period after disability retirement. Among pre-retirement deaths, 7.50% are assumed to qualify for accidental death benefits.

#### Current year:

The RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all active participants and deferred vested participants. 94.5% of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all retirees. 107.5% of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all beneficiary participants. The RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all beneficiary participants. The RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for all beneficiary participants. The RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with fully generational projection using Scale MP-2018 are used for the period after disability retirement. Among pre-retirement deaths, 7.50% are assumed to qualify for accidental death benefits.

#### **Normal retirement**

Age 65.

#### **Percent married**

90% of male members and 50% of female members under age 55 or who have less than 23 years of service are assumed to be married. 100% of employees age 55 and older or who have 23 or more years of service are assumed to be married. In each case, the female is assumed to be three years younger than the male.



# Schedule B – Outline of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (continued)

#### **Pension options**

50% of male members elect a 75% joint and survivor benefit and 10% of female members elect a 50% joint and survivor benefit. All others elect a life annuity.

#### Fiduciary and investment management expenses

Paid from investment earnings of the Fund.

#### Loading or contingency reserves

None.

#### Valuation method

Prior to December 31, 2009, projected benefit method with entry age normal cost and open-end accrued liability. On and after December 31, 2009, individual entry age normal method.

#### Asset valuation method

A five-year phase-in smoothing method is used, under which the value of assets for actuarial purposes equals market value less a five-year phase-in of the differences between actual and assumed investment return. The value of assets for actuarial purposes may not differ from the market value of assets by more than 20%.

Effective December 31, 2013, the actuarial asset method was changed from a five-year moving average of market values to a five-year phase-in smoothing method, with the smoothing restarted as of December 31, 2013.

Prior to December 31, 2013, a five-year moving average of market values method was used to compute the actuarial value of assets.

#### Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses are estimated to be 1.0% of covered payroll per year.

#### Summary of Changes from December 31, 2017 Valuation

As a result of the recent experience study performed and proposed assumptions adopted by the Board in April 2019, assumptions for inflation, salary increases, mortality tables, termination rates, and retirement rates were revised.

These changes in assumptions increased the plan's accrued liability by \$43.9 million



## Schedule C – Summary of Main Provisions of the Fund as

## **Interpreted for Valuation Purposes**

The Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Retirement Fund became effective as of January 1, 1948. The following summary describes the current main membership, benefit, and contribution provisions of the Fund as interpreted for the valuation.

#### 1 - Definitions

"Compensation" means the full regular remuneration paid to an employee, excluding any overtime pay. "Service" creditable under the Fund means all service rendered by a member prior to his normal retirement date since he last became a member for which contributions are made by the member and by the Authority. "Union" means Boston Carmen's Union, Local Division 589 of the Amalgamated Transit Union, AFL-CIO.

#### 2 - Membership

Each employee, including employees on a part-time basis, who is or who may become a member of the Union or any union recognized by the Authority for collective bargaining purposes is included in the membership of the Fund. Any employee who is not a member of the Union but who is in a group which was authorized to participate in the Fund is included in the membership.

### 3 - Benefits

#### **Normal Retirement Allowance**

Condition for Allowance

Any member may retire at age 65. A member may remain in service after the stated retirement date.

Amount of Allowance

The normal retirement allowance equals 2.46% of 3-year average annual compensation multiplied by the years of service, such allowance not to exceed 75% of such average annual compensation.

#### **Early Normal Retirement Allowance**

Condition for Allowance

Any member hired prior December 6, 2012 and has completed at least 23 years of service may retire on an early normal retirement allowance.

Any member hired on or after December 6, 2012, has attained age 55 and completed at least 25 years of service may retire on an early normal retirement allowance.

Amount of Allowance

The early normal retirement allowance is computed in the same manner as a normal retirement allowance on the basis of the compensation and service to the time of retirement.

#### Early Reduced Retirement Allowance

Condition for Allowance

A member who has attained age 55 and has completed at least 20 years of service may be retired on an early reduced retirement allowance.

Amount of Allowance

The early reduced retirement allowance is an immediate allowance, commencing at the date of retirement, and is computed in the same manner as a normal retirement allowance on the basis of compensation and service to the time of early retirement, but reduced by  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1% for each month of retirement prior to normal retirement date.



## Schedule C – Summary of Main Provisions of the Fund as Interpreted for Valuation Purposes (continued)

#### **Disability Retirement Allowance**

#### Condition for Allowance

Any member who has completed 4 years of service in case of disablement due to an occupational accident or sickness, or who has completed 6 years of service in case of disablement due to any other cause, and who has become totally and permanently incapacitated, mentally or physically, for the further performance of duty may be retired.

#### Amount of Allowance

Upon disability retirement, a member receives an allowance commencing immediately, which is computed as a normal retirement allowance on the basis of the compensation and service to the time of disability retirement and is not less than 15% of the member's 3-year average annual compensation.

#### **Vested Retirement Allowance**

#### Condition for Allowance

Any member who has completed 10 years of service and who is not eligible for a retirement allowance is eligible for a vested retirement allowance, in lieu of a refund of his contributions with interest, in the event his employment terminates for reasons other than voluntary quit or discharge for cause.

#### Amount of Allowance

The vested retirement allowance is a deferred allowance commencing on the member's normal retirement date and equal to a percentage, not exceeding 100 percent, of the amount computed as a normal retirement allowance on the basis of the compensation and service to the time of termination; the applicable percentage is 5 percent multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, not in excess of 20, at the time of termination.

#### **Survivor Benefit**

#### Condition for Benefit

Upon the death of a member who has completed 10 years of service and who is survived by a spouse and/or dependent children designated to receive the deceased member's contributions with interest, a benefit may be elected by such survivor in lieu of the payment of the contributions with interest.

#### Amount of Benefit

If the deceased member had completed at least 10 but fewer than 23 years of service, the survivor's benefit, payable for life, is equal to the amount which would have become payable if the member had retired as of the date of his death and elected a 50% joint and survivor option in effect as of the date of death with the survivor as the designated person under the option. There is no reduction for early commencement.

If the deceased member had completed at least 23 years of service, the survivor's benefit, payable for life, is equal to the amount which would have become payable if the member had retired as of the date of his death and elected a 100% joint and survivor option in effect as of the date of death with the survivor as the designated person under the option. There is no reduction for early commencement.

#### **Accidental Death Benefit**

#### Condition for Benefit

Upon the death of a member in service whose death results solely from an injury or injuries sustained in the performance of duty, and who is survived by a spouse designated to receive the deceased member's contribution with interest, an allowance shall be payable to said spouse.



## Schedule C – Summary of Main Provisions of the Fund as Interpreted for Valuation Purposes (continued)

Amount of Benefit

The accidental death benefit, payable for life, is equal to the amount which would have become payable to the member if the member had retired as of the date of his death on a disability retirement allowance. If there should be insufficient creditable service, the surviving spouse receives the minimum allowance available under the disability retirement provision.

#### **Return of Contributions**

On Account of Termination of Service

In the event of a member's termination of employment for any reason other than death or retirement, he is paid the amount of his contributions, with interest.

On Account of Death Prior to Retirement

Upon the death of a member or retired member before his retirement allowance has become effective, the amount of his contributions, with interest, is paid to his beneficiary or estate, unless a survivor benefit is payable.

On Account of Death after Retirement

Upon the death of a retired member, or the survivor of a retired member and his designated beneficiary under an optional benefit, any excess of his contributions at retirement, with interest, over the sum of all retirement allowance payments made is paid to the member's beneficiary or to the survivor's estate.

Our valuation does not include return of contributions on account of death after retirement for current retirees due to negligible impact on the Fund's liabilities.

#### **Optional Benefits in Lieu of Regular Benefits**

At retirement, or on his normal retirement date if prior thereto, any member may elect to convert his allowance into an optional benefit of equivalent actuarial value permitted by the Rules and Regulations.

#### **Reinstatement of Creditable Service**

If a member's service is interrupted by reason of resignation or dismissal, he has the opportunity upon the completion of 3 years of service after he has been rehired to repay to the Fund all amounts he has withdrawn together with an amount equal to their reasonable earnings. Upon such repayment, the member is to be credited with service for the periods before and after the interruption as though they had been a single period of service.

#### 4 - Contributions

Contributions required to provide benefits and meet administrative expenses are made jointly by the Authority and members. The member contribution rate was increased from 5.1489% to 5.4989% effective August 11, 2012, to 5.5589% effective July 1, 2013, to 5.7989% effective July 1, 2014, to 5.7914% effective July 1, 2015, to 6.4614% effective July 1, 2016, to 7.1189% effective July 1, 2017, to 8.0089% effective July 1, 2018, and to 8.8239% effective July 1, 2019. Member contributions are "picked up" by the Authority pursuant to Section 414(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### Summary of Changes from December 31, 2017 Valuation

None.



## Schedule D – Tables of Employee Data

## Table 1 – The Number and Annual Compensation of Active Members Distributed byFifth Age and Service as of December 31, 20181

Attained								Com	plete	d Years of S	Servi	ce								
Age		0 to 4		5 to 9	1	0 to 14	,	15 to 19	2	20 to 24		25 to 29	1	30 to 34	3	5 to 39	4	0 & up		Total
	No.	Salary	No.	Salary	No.	Salary	No.	Salary	No.	Salary	No.	Salary	No.	Salary	No.	Salary	No.	Salary	No.	Salary
Under 25	15	824,412	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	824,412
25 to 29	160	9,601,018	32	2,331,514	1	62,982	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	193	11,995,514
30 to 34	286	18,636,230	157	12,593,976	82	6,871,367	1	94,328	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	526	38,195,901
35 to 39	277	17,856,548	139	11,431,068	181	15,275,308	52	4,516,762	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	649	49,079,686
40 to 44	255	15,619,065	141	11,574,780	194	16,347,083	109	9,321,998	39	3,500,557	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	738	56,363,483
45 to 49	245	16,482,527	154	12,879,069	192	15,966,167	151	12,434,057	72	6,075,118	19	1,638,562	0	0	0	0	0	0	833	65,475,500
50 to 54	176	12,809,281	177	15,171,813	234	20,238,795	203	16,980,118	99	8,189,355	54	4,515,742	17	1,400,880	0	0	0	0	960	79,305,985
55 to 59	117	8,848,507	158	13,970,911	231	19,873,490	184	15,816,549	89	7,325,652	42	3,779,069	22	1,879,654	3	236,226	0	0	846	71,730,057
60 to 64	52	3,914,735	93	8,220,717	135	11,313,091	116	9,551,273	53	4,289,043	25	2,125,968	16	1,427,712	4	358,051	0	0	494	41,200,590
65 to 69	14	1,021,808	17	1,466,238	26	2,281,781	22	1,784,682	11	931,486	8	736,112	5	402,106	4	338,083	1	64,584	108	9,026,880
70 & up	2	160,830	8	759,179	4	343,408	7	630,053	3	228,155	3	268,154	0	0	0	0	3	274,414	30	2,664,193
Total	1,599	105,774,962	1,076	90,399,264	1,280	108,573,472	845	71,129,819	366	30,539,367	151	13,063,606	60	5,110,352	11	932,360	4	338,998	5,392	425,862,201



## Schedule D – Tables of Employee Data (continued)

	Service	Retirements	Disable	d Members	Beneficiaries		
Age	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
<50	65	3,165,773	36	642,496	37	439,866	
50	31	1,563,211	8	167,621	3	50,946	
51	39	1,811,561	16	272,909	8	126,462	
52	53	2,588,658	8	130,245	7	80,315	
53	79	3,930,405	9	171,060	6	108,875	
54	76	3,751,655	13	221,161	10	104,456	
55	101	5,102,490	16	304,956	13	186,830	
56	86	4,137,288	14	276,363	13	226,707	
57	86	4,242,877	12	220,102	12	186,270	
58	110	5,161,994	23	457,675	11	227,718	
59	115	5,506,005	29	436,001	10	146,242	
60	145	6,724,794	30	634,070	18	267,898	
61	117	5,498,301	30	643,942	13	329,861	
62	147	6,654,500	17	327,905	17	244,698	
63	145	6,558,537	35	717,435	27	405,745	
64	153	6,844,043	41	826,416	19	379,664	
65	175	7,302,460	30	583,555	16	219,947	
66	209	8,692,517	26	437,885	23	496,844	
67	189	7,210,715	18	361,848	27	432,866	
68	198	7,462,654	32	583,368	24	538,078	
69	206	7,947,634	31	565,748	24	511,986	
70	231	8,523,304	22	419,048	31	587,223	
71	229	7,949,090	26	527,441	34	695,929	
72	193	6,736,582	19	337,827	36	691,375	
73	185	6,256,521	18	392,297	39	760,094	
74	198	6,535,451	20	339,021	36	730,951	
75	185	6,049,462	25	306,505	48	907,932	
76	169	5,516,094	16	278,750	43	711,244	
77	143	4,351,565	13	216,132	35	511,867	
78	121	3,551,531	14	253,522	44	721,126	
79	120	3,742,939	7	83,332	31	565,214	
80	91	2,662,285	9	152,287	40	697,539	
81	99	2,713,233	5	82,867	36	638,786	
82	73	2,141,954	4	34,789	47	821,562	
83	69	1,901,395	3	45,348	32	537,581	
84	50	1,277,713	3	25,902	26	395,904	
85	50	1,313,161	4	43,154	27	445,630	
>85	247	5,931,475	9	93,512	249	3,497,563	
Total	4,978	189,011,827	691	12,614,498	1,172	19,629,791	
No Option	3,192	121,735,738	570	10,643,912	1,172	19,629,791	
Survivor Option	28	1,229,932	2	44,454	0	0	
Pop-Up Option	1,758	66,046,157	119	1,926,132	0	0	
Total	4,978	189,011,827	691	12,614,498	1,172	19,629,791	

## Table 2 – The Number and Annual Retirement AllowancesDistributed by Age as of December 31, 20181

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 $^{1}% \left( 1-1\right) ^{2}\left( 1-1\right) ^$ 

## **Solvency Test**

#### As of December 31, 2018

The MBTA Retirement Fund's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level from year-to-year as a percent of member payroll. If the contributions to the Fund are level in concept and soundly executed, the Fund will pay all promised benefits when due - - the ultimate test of financial soundness.

A solvency test is one means of checking a fund's progress under its funding program. In a solvency test, the fund's present assets (cash and investments) are compared with:

- i. Active member contributions on deposit;
- ii. The liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives;
- iii. The liabilities for service already rendered by active and inactive members.

In a Fund that has been following the discipline of level percent-of-payroll financing, the liabilities for active member contributions on deposit (liability 1) and the liabilities for future benefits to present retired lives (liability 2) will be fully covered by present assets (except in rare circumstances). In addition, the liabilities for service already rendered by active members (liability 3) will be partially covered by the remainder of present assets. The larger the funded portion of liability 3, the stronger the condition of the Fund.

	(1) Active Member	(2) Retirees and	(3	) Active/Inactive Members (Employer		Actuarial Value	Portion o	f AAL Covered	by Assets
Valuation Date	Contributions	Beneficiaries		Financed)	of Assets		(1)	(2)	(3)
12/31/2018	\$ 240,849,945	\$ 2,092,861,364	\$	583,089,414	\$	1,559,452,659	100%	67%	0%
12/31/2017	221,627,390	2,057,542,739		550,215,648		1,599,505,237	100%	67%	0%
12/31/2016	219,497,282	1,918,980,542		556,078,499		1,607,560,108	100%	79%	0%
12/31/2015	219,752,752	1,774,425,407		577,905,849		1,630,411,191	100%	79%	0%
12/31/2014	211,433,306	1,682,557,007		553,740,744		1,632,174,762	100%	84%	0%
12/31/2013	196,543,768	1,644,867,542		522,721,825		1,606,684,354	100%	86%	0%
12/31/2012	183,328,525	1,627,032,223		501,809,615		1,456,956,884	100%	78%	0%
12/31/2011	170,925,725	1,602,587,528		503,237,245		1,550,446,450	100%	86%	0%
12/31/2010	156,410,547	1,625,488,398		559,445,973		1,649,129,123	100%	92%	0%
12/31/2009	159,328,548	1,490,267,023		567,125,679		1,667,361,586	100%	100%	3%

## Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls

## As of December 31, 2018

	Ad	ded to Rolls	Remov	ved from Rolls	ls Rolls - End of Year			
Valuation Date	No.	Annual Allowances	No.	Annual Allowances	No.	Annual Allowances	% Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowances
12/31/2018	209	\$ 8,408,514	191	\$ 4,618,807	6,841	221,256,116	1.47%	\$ 32,343
12/31/2017	310	14,541,060	171	4,108,386	6,823	217,466,409	2.90%	31,873
12/31/2016	370	18,053,040	158	3,735,177	6,684	207,033,735	4.02%	30,975
12/31/2015	270	11,550,600	205	4,661,828	6,472	192,715,872	2.67%	29,777
12/31/2014	123	5,191,092	87	360,332	6,407	185,827,100	2.09%	29,004
12/31/2013	174	6,687,864	159	3,595,765	6,371	180,996,340	1.50%	28,409
12/31/2012	184	6,926,496	154	3,278,250	6,356	177,904,241	1.61%	27,990
12/31/2011	204	7,738,128	176	3,112,020	6,326	174,255,995	2.27%	27,546
12/31/2010	285	11,050,020	137	2,666,364	6,298	169,629,887	2.73%	26,934
12/31/2009	248	9,365,472	145	2,360,087	6,150	161,246,231	2.79%	26,219

### **Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data**

Valuation Date	Number	Annual Payroll	Average Annual Pay	% Increase In Average Pay
2018	5,392	\$ 425,862,201	\$ 78,980	-0.8%
2017	5,386	428,830,122	79,619	3.1%
2016	5,786	446,740,427	77,211	2.5%
2015	5,885	443,237,899	75,317	4.5%
2014	5,798	417,957,007	72,086	8.2%
2013	5,726	381,380,271	66,605	1.2%
2012	5,668	373,000,972	65,808	2.3%
2011	5,726	368,473,591	64,351	1.4%
2010	5,643	358,028,815	63,447	0.9%
2009	5,719	359,486,528	62,858	0.1%

# **STATISTICAL SECTION**

(Unaudited)

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 138

#### Objectives

The objectives of the Statistical Section are to provide additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist readers in using the information in the Financial Statements, Notes to the Financial Statements, and Required Supplementary Information in order to understand and assess the Plan's economic condition.

#### **Financial Trends**

The Schedule of Changes in Net Position presented on page 140 contains historical information related to the Fund's revenues, expenses, changes in net position and net position available for benefits. The Schedule of Additions by Source on page 140 provides employer and employee contribution rates and investment income historical information. The schedules of deductions and benefits by type on page 141 provide a history of annual benefit, withdrawal, and operating expense trends.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

The schedule of Distribution of Plan Members shown on page 142 provides relevant details about the composition of the Fund's active membership including concentration of members within various age groups.

#### **Operating Information**

The Schedule of Average Benefit Payments on page 143 presents average monthly benefits and average final salary information by years of credited service for new benefit recipients within specified plan years. The Schedule of Benefit Recipients by Type and Option on page 144 illustrates the number of participants and total benefit payments by type and option.

Statistical data is provided from both the Fund's internal resources and from the Fund's Actuary, Buck Global, LLC.

## Financial Trends (2009 – 2018 for all reports)

V F l l					1		
Year Ended Dec 31	Net Position Beginning of Year	Additions		Deductions		rease (Decrease) n net Position	Net Position End of Year
2018	\$ 1,603,176,196	\$ 72,546,582	\$	226,027,678	\$	(153,481,096)	\$ 1,449,695,100
2017	1,485,605,884	334,848,844		217,278,532		117,570,312	1,603,176,196
2016	1,497,848,035	191,813,165		204,055,316		(12,242,151)	1,485,605,884
2015	1,587,966,489	104,595,864		194,714,318		(90,118,454)	1,497,848,035
2014	1,606,684,354	169,464,986		188,182,851		(18,717,865)	1,587,966,489
2013	1,478,348,978	310,688,826		182,353,450		128,335,376	1,606,684,354
2012	1,394,395,336	262,766,724		178,813,082		83,953,642	1,478,348,978
2011	1,488,656,182	80,652,299		174,913,145		(94,260,846)	1,394,395,336
2010	1,417,576,340	240,947,436		169,867,594		71,079,842	1,488,656,182
2009	1,308,203,132	271,639,119		162,265,911		109,373,208	1,417,576,340

## **Schedule of Changes in Net Position**

## Schedule of Additions by Source

Year Ended Dec 31	Employee Contributions		Employer Contributions	Employer Contributions as % of Covered Payroll	Investment Income (a)	Total		
2018	\$ 32,606,337	\$	92,013,124	21.61%	\$ (52,072,879) \$		72,546,582	
2017	29,775,344		83,382,882	19.44	221,690,618	3	334,848,844	
2016	27,791,543		77,239,279	17.38	86,782,343	ź	191,813,165	
2015	26,510,946		73,373,672	16.66	4,711,246	-	104,595,864	
2014	25,318,224		70,603,285	17.00	73,543,477	-	169,464,986	
2013	21,027,548		58,039,160	15.31	231,622,118	3	310,688,826	
2012	20,023,337		54,968,325	14.82	187,775,062	2	262,766,724	
2011	19,089,304		52,278,311	14.26	9,284,684		80,652,299	
2010	17,999,009		49,006,722	13.74	173,941,705	2	240,947,436	
2009	15,254,120		38,566,024	11.00	217,818,975	2	271,639,119	

Contributions were made in accordance with actuarially determined contribution requirements (a) Net of investment expenses

Year Ended Dec 31	Benefits	Operating Expenses	Withdrawals	Total
2018	\$ 218,385,648	\$ 4,317,624	\$ 3,324,406	\$ 226,027,678
2017	208,999,450	4,463,775	3,815,307	217,278,532
2016	195,707,470	6,493,777	1,854,069	204,055,316
2015	187,148,675	5,808,086	1,757,557	194,714,318
2014	182,499,776	4,052,664	1,630,411	188,182,851
2013	177,311,634	3,948,978	1,092,838	182,353,450
2012	174,627,907	3,384,113	801,062	178,813,082
2011	170,034,251	3,793,418	1,085,476	174,913,145
2010	164,510,892	4,441,078	915,624	169,867,594
2009	156,774,660	4,584,068	907,183	162,265,911

## Schedule of Deductions by Type

## Schedule of Benefit Deduction by Type

Year Ended Dec 31	Service	Disability	Beneficiary	Total
2018	\$ 188,529,051	\$ 13,331,294	\$ 16,525,303	\$ 218,385,648
2017	179,572,258	12,873,203	16,553,989	208,999,450
2016	165,645,608	13,811,300	16,250,562	195,707,470
2015	158,790,759	12,294,604	16,063,312	187,148,675
2014	153,390,245	10,892,495	18,217,036	182,499,776
2013	149,450,754	10,689,534	17,171,346	177,311,634
2012	146,842,625	10,685,263	17,100,019	174,627,907
2011	142,715,543	10,508,424	16,810,284	170,034,251
2010	137,212,102	10,534,419	16,764,370	164,510,892
2009	129,815,106	10,165,316	16,794,238	156,774,660

## **Demographic and Economic Information** (As of 12/31/18)

	Years of	Service									Total	Average
Age	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40+	Total	Compensation	Compensation
under 25	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	824,412	54,961
25-29	160	32	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	193	11,995,514	62,153
30-34	286	157	82	1	-	-	-	-	-	526	38,195,901	72,616
35-39	277	139	181	52	-	-	-	-	-	649	49,079,686	75,624
40-44	255	141	. 194	109	39	-	-	-	-	738	56,363,483	76,373
45-49	245	154	192	151	72	19	-	-	-	833	65,475,500	78,602
50-54	176	177	234	203	99	54	17	-	-	960	79,305,985	82,610
55-59	117	158	231	184	89	42	22	3	-	846	71,730,057	84,787
60-64	52	93	135	116	53	25	16	4	ļ -	494	41,200,590	83,402
65-69	14	17	26	22	11	8	5	4	ļ 1	108	9,026,880	83,582
70+	2	8	4	7	3	3	-	-	3	30	2,664,193	88,806
Total	1,599	1,076	1,280	845	366	151	60	11		5,392	425,862,201	78,980

Distribution of Fund Members as of December 31, 2018 - Active Members

## **Operating Information**

Schedule of Average Benefit Payments - New Benefit Recipients (2009 – 2018)

Years of Service	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30+		Total
2009									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 510	\$ 764	\$1,413	\$2,074	\$3,206	\$3,968	\$4,162	\$	3,147
Average Final Average Salary	60,930	53,579	60,646	62,910	71,326	76,376	76,467		70,839
Number of Retired Members	1	4	12	25	147	45	14		248
2010									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$-	\$ 795	\$1,525	\$2,035	\$3,338	\$3,989	\$4,169	\$	3,231
Average Final Average Salary	-	66,069	68,550	66,235	74,107	76,433	75,093		73,415
Number of Retired Members	0	7	11	24	188	41	14		285
2011									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$-	\$ 876	\$1,390	\$2,721	\$3,266	\$3,919	\$4,351	\$	3,161
Average Final Average Salary	-	61,939	66,442	75,563	74,337	78,379	80,226		74,320
Number of Retired Members	0	7	12	16	133	29	7		204
2012									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 311	\$ 840	\$1,534	\$2,305	\$3,165	\$4,239	\$4,669	\$	3,137
	43,363	59,592	75,925	73,205	74,644	80,771	85,574	•	75,643
Average Final Average Salary	1	5	13	22	101	32	10		184
Number of Retired Members									
2013	\$ 844	\$ 976	\$1,460	\$2,195	\$3,298	\$3,969	\$4,868	\$	3,203
Average Monthly Benefit	φ 844 104,387	¢ 676 56,659	69,224	72,730	77,261	77,890	\$3,824	Ψ	76,361
Average Final Average Salary	2	4	19	12,700	78	52	7		174
Number of Retired Members	2	+	15	12	70	52	,		1/4
2014	\$-	\$ 944	\$1,565	\$2,371	\$3,455	\$4,103	\$4,429	\$	3,517
Average Monthly Benefit	φ -							φ	•
Average Final Average Salary	-	60,088	69,079	71,012	80,485	81,816	80,201		79,223
Number of Retired Members	0	1	10	7	55	37	13		123
2015	<b>A</b> 0.10	<b>A</b> 054	<b>A</b> 4 <b>Z</b> 00	<b>A A A A</b>	<b>A</b> 0 <b>7</b> 00	<b>A</b> 4 500	<b>A</b> 4 000		
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 813	\$ 951	\$1,760	\$2,346	\$3,720	\$4,582	\$4,988	\$	3,565
Average Final Average Salary	143,040	77,667	74,294	76,590	86,810	87,865	88,188		85,090
Number of Retired Members	2	18	27	24	98	70	31		270
2016									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 2,754	\$1,294	\$1,871	\$2,708	\$4,012	\$4,430	\$5,222	\$	4,066
Average Final Average Salary	91,458	82,418	81,622	80,316	85,125	78,969	81,558		81,761
Number of Retired Members	2	15	24	19	111	128	71		370
2017									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$-	\$1,145	\$1,703	\$2,572	\$3,805	\$4,776	\$5,145	\$	3,972
Average Final Average Salary	-	87,848	76,222	78,592	83,192	84,360	83,286		82,327
Number of Retired Members	0	7	41	38	52	107	65		310
2018									
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 535	\$1,183	\$1,718	\$2,392	\$3,766	\$4,767	\$4,939	\$	3,445
Average Final Average Salary	47,133	67,758	67,861	61,879	81,109	87,896	84,979		77,016
	2								

## Schedule of Benefit Recipients by Type and Option

#### December 31, 2018

			Type of Retirement* Option Selected**													
	Total	1	н	ш	IV	v	VI	VII	VIII	IX	А	В	С	D	E	Grand Total
\$0-\$500	214	20	3	0	75	6	1	84	0	25	162	24	3	0	25	214
\$500-\$1,000	480	62	1	2	133	4	22	216	0	40	374	56	10	0	40	480
\$1,000-\$1,500	637	104	26	21	164	5	18	262	6	31	492	83	31	0	31	637
\$1,500-\$2,000	783	133	209	40	151	2	3	189	35	21	521	187	53	1	21	783
\$2,000-\$2,500	1035	161	608	44	103	2	1	98	13	5	663	294	71	2	5	1035
\$2,500-\$3,000	1022	119	772	17	46	2	2	60	4	0	585	353	79	5	0	1022
\$3,000-\$3,500	886	62	764	11	16	0	5	26	1	1	514	308	59	4	1	886
\$3,500-\$4,000	664	45	600	4	3	0	1	11	0	0	342	240	74	8	0	664
Over \$4,000	1099	104	988	2	0	0	2	3	0	0	630	380	81	8	0	1099
Total	6820	810	3971	141	691	21	55	949	59	123	4283	1925	461	28	123	6820

*Type of Retirement
l Normal
II Early Normal
III Early Reduced
IV Disability
V Special Disability
VI Special Survivor
VII Optionee
VIII Special early Reduced
IX QDRO

#### \*\* Option Selected

A Lifetime Annuity B Joint Annuinty Pop-up C Joint Annuity D Term Certain E QDRO

# FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

(Unaudited)

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 145

2018

#### Frequently Asked Questions



## **Question & Answers**

### Q Who is eligible to become a member of the Retirement Fund?

A Any person regularly employed by the MBTA is eligible to become a member of the Retirement Fund.

### **Q** How does an employee contribute to the Retirement Fund?

A Retirement contributions are deducted from the regular earnings (excluding overtime).

## Q Are the matching contributions made by the Authority applied to the member's balance in the Fund?

A NO. The Authority's contributions are not applied to the member's balance in the Fund. These contributions become an irrevocable asset of the Fund used for the benefit of its members.

- **Q** What is the rate of interest earned by the member on his/her contributions? Does the member continue to earn interest after his/her employment with the Authority is terminated by reason of retirement, resignation or discharge?
- A Interest earned on contributions made on or after July 1, 1967, are compounded annually at a rate of three percent (3%). Note: This rate is set by the Pension Agreement and does not reflect the earnings of the Fund. NO. A member stops earning interest on his/her contributions as of the last day of the month prior to his/her separation from the Authority's service.

### **Q** How do part-time employees accrue creditable service?

A For the purpose of determining the amount of retirement benefit, creditable service shall accrue at the rate of one month of creditable service, or fraction thereof, for each 173 pay hours received.

- Q Under what circumstances is the spouse of a member required to sign a spousal consent form?
- A When a member is about to retire, a spousal consent is required when the member elects to receive his/her benefit in the following manner:
  - No optional benefit for spouse
  - 33<sup>1/3</sup>% with no pop-up
  - 25% with no pop-up
  - 50% with no pop-up
  - 33<sup>1/3</sup>% with pop-up
  - 25% with pop-up
  - 5, 10 or 15-year term certain benefits
- **Q** Are retirement contributions deducted from Workers' Compensation payments? Does the time out on Workers' Compensation count as creditable membership service?
- A No. There are no retirement contributions deducted from Workers' Compensation payments. As a result, it may exclude that year as a high year in calculating the high 3-year average. Yes. When a member is out of work and receiving Workers' Compensation payments, it does count as creditable membership service.

## Q Workers' Compensation Offset: Does my receipt of Workers' Compensation payments affect my disability retirement benefit?

A Possibly : If the payments that you receive under Workers' Compensation are based on the same injury that qualified you for disability retirement, your pension benefit will be offset against your Workers' Compensation for that same injury.

> This means that your pension benefit will be directly reduced by the amount of the Workers' Compensation benefit that you receive.

> Workers' Compensation payments that are based on an injury different from the injury that qualified you for a disability pension will not affect your disability retirement benefit.

- Q Is the employment date with the Authority the same as the membership date in the Fund?
- A NO. Membership in the Fund begins when contributions are made to the Fund and is usually a short time after the employment date, typically 90 days after being employed.

#### **Q** When can a member retire?

A member can retire at age 65 or older on a Normal Retirement.

For a member hired before December 6<sup>th</sup>, 2012, an Early Normal Retirement is available with 23 years of creditable service.

A member hired on or after December 6<sup>th</sup>, 2012, an Early Normal Retirement is available if the member is age 55 or older and has at least 25 years of creditable service.

An Early Reduced Retirement is available if the member is age 55 or older and has at least 20 years of creditable service; however, the retirement allowance will be reduced by 1/2 of 1% for each month between the age at retirement and age 65.

The plan provides for a Disability Retirement after 4 years of creditable service for an occupational dis ability or after 6 years for a non-occupational disability.

## **Q** How is a member's retirement allowance determined?

A The maximum retirement allowance is determined by using the following formula: The average of the best 3 years of earnings, multiplied by 2.46%, and multiplied by years and months of creditable membership service.

### **Q** What is the date shown on the monthly retirement checks and when are they mailed to the retirees?

- A The monthly retirement checks are dated for the last business day of the month. The checks are mailed 4 or 5 days before the end of the month in order for them to arrive at the retiree's home by the last day of the month.
- **Q** If a member leaves the employ of the MBTA, what happens to the contributions made on the employee's behalf (Authority's Contributions) to the Fund?
- A Those contributions, once made, become an irrevocable asset of the Pension Fund and can only be used for the exclusive benefit of the members of the Fund.
- Q If a retirement benefit is sent direct deposit (ACH – wire transfer) to a bank or credit union, when is the benefit deposited into the retiree's account and when are the funds available?
- A The benefit is wired to the retiree's bank or credit union on the last business day of the month. The availability date of these funds is determined by the members banking institution

### Q Does a member have a decision to make on how the pension will be paid?

A YES. A member can take the maximum retirement allowance payable and will get a check every month for life in that amount, subject to adjustments from time to time. If a member takes the maximum retirement allowance pavable, the member will recover the money contributed to the Fund in three years or less, and after the member dies, no further payments will be made from this Fund. A member can elect to take retirement payments under an option. Options give the retiree a lesser amount for life with the provision that upon their death the person designated as beneficiary will receive a retirement allowance. An example would be the 100% option. Instead of taking the maximum retirement allowance payable, the member elects to take a reduced amount for life and upon the members death, the designated beneficiary will receive 100% of the allowance the member was receiving for life. The amount of reduction from the maximum is determined by option factors which are based on the member's and designated beneficiary's age and life expectancy. There are several types of options available.

## Q Once a member has retired and elected either the maximum benefit or elected an option, can this election be changed?

A NO. An option elected by a member can only be changed prior to the effective date of retirement.

## **Q** How does unused sickleave affect the retirement allowance?

- A At retirement, a member's unused sickleave is converted to creditable membership service, which when multiplied by 2.46% of the average of the three (3) best years, increases the retirement allowance. For example, sickleave of 150 days converts to 7 months of creditable membership service. However, unused sickleave cannot be used to determine service eligibility for retirement.
- Q In the event a retiree is divorced or widowed, can he/she drop the option elected or change it in favor of a new spouse?
- A NO. In the event a retiree is divorced or widowed from his/her spouse, the option elected cannot be dropped or transferred in favor of a new spouse after the effective date of retirement.

- **Q** Can a member buy any service for which credit is not being received?
- A NO. A member can only get credited for the time in which both the member and the Authority make contributions.
- Q Who can an active or retired member contact with specific questions concerning health and life insurance benefits?
- A Active and retired members of the MBTA may contact the Benefits Department with specific questions about health and life insurance benefits. The telephone number is (617) 222-3244. Written inquires should be sent to the MBTA Benefits Department, 10 Park Plaza, 4th Floor, Boston, MA 02116.

## Q Can a member withdraw any money from the Fund and pay it back at a later date with interest?

A NO. A member cannot withdraw any contributions from the Fund. The only way a member can obtain money from the Fund is either by resigning or retiring.

- **Q** Can I receive creditable service in the MBTA Retirement Fund for service with any other Federal, State or local government agency?
- A NO. Since the MBTA Retirement Fund is a private system, no credit can be given for service other than with the MBTA.
- **Q** If the surviving spouse is eligible to receive a monthly benefit, how soon does he/she begin receiving the benefit? Does he/she have to wait until the member would have reached age 65?
- A The surviving spouse is eligible to receive the benefit the first month following the member's death. He/She does not have to wait until the member would have reached age 65.

**Example:** Member passes away June 15<sup>th</sup>. The surviving spouse is eligible for benefit starting July 1<sup>st</sup>.

## **Q** How are changes made in the Pension Plan?

A All changes and improvements to the Pension Plan are negotiated between Local #589 and the Authority.

## **Q** If I leave the employ of the Authority and return at a later date, am I eligible to "Buy Back" my prior service?

Α YES. A former member of the Fund who is re-employed by the Authority is eligible, after a 3-year waiting period, to request the Retirement Board to restore his/her previous service by the repayment of the withdrawn funds, plus interest. "Bridging the Gap" restores to the member the creditable service he/she built up during the previous period of employment. There is no credit given for the period between the date the member left the employ of the Authority and the date he/she was reemployed. That gap will always remain. Therefore, any member of the Fund who terminated his/her employment with the Authority and was re-employed should contact the Retirement Board to determine the amount necessary to "Buy Back" the previous service.

## Q How does a member qualify for a benefit under the Vesting Provision of the Fund?

A Under the Vesting Provision of the Fund, a member who has at least 10 years of creditable membership service may qualify for a benefit provided that his/her employment with the MBTA ended through no fault of their own. If a member resigns or is discharged for cause, he/she is not eligible for a retirement benefit under this provision.

## Q When is a member eligible to receive a benefit under the Vesting Provision of the Fund?

A Under the Vesting Provision of the Fund, a member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit the first of the month following the member's 65th birthday provided that the member has 10 years of creditable membership service in the Fund and his/her employment did not end voluntarily or by termination.

## **Q** Can taxes be withheld from my pension benefit?

A Federal tax can be withheld and deducted from your pension check each month. The amount of federal tax withheld from your monthly benefit can be changed at anytime by filing a new W-4P form with the Retirement Fund.

> The MBTARF Pension is not taxable in the state of Massachusetts. Retirees residing in Massachusetts should not include their pensionable earnings from the MBTA Retirement Fund as income on their Massachusetts return.

- **Q** If a member has a question concerning the Fund or would like to obtain an estimate of his/her retirement benefit, whom should he/she contact for the correct answer?
- A All questions should be directed to the MBTA Retirement Fund at One Washington Mall, Boston, MA 02108 (617) 316-3800 or (800) 810-6228